

Technical Data Sheet

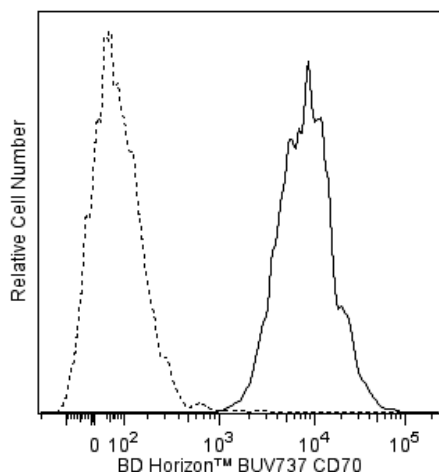
BUV737 Mouse Anti-Human CD70**Product Information**

Material Number:	565339
Alternate Name:	CDw70; CD27 ligand; CD27-L; CD27L; CD27LG; Ki-24 antigen; TNFSF7
Size:	50 Tests
Vol. per Test:	5 µl
Clone:	Ki-24
Immunogen:	Human L428 Cell Line
Isotype:	Mouse IgG3, κ
Reactivity:	QC Testing: Human
Workshop:	III 166; IV A109
Storage Buffer:	Aqueous buffered solution containing ≤0.09% sodium azide.

Description

The Ki-24 monoclonal antibody specifically binds to human CD70. CD70 is a type II transmembrane glycoprotein and member of the TNF Superfamily. CD70 is also known as Tumor necrosis factor ligand superfamily member 7 (TNFSF7), CD27 ligand (CD27-L, CD27L, CD27LG), and KI-24 antigen. The CD70 antigen immunoprecipitates as five bands (50, 70, 90, 100 and 160 kDa) under non-reducing conditions. CD70 is strongly expressed on Reed-Sternberg cells, some activated T or B cells and Epstein Barr Virus (EBV)-positive lymphoblastoid cell lines. CD70 plays roles in the activation, proliferation and differentiation of B cells and T cells including the enhanced production of cytotoxic T cells.

The antibody was conjugated to BD Horizon BUV737 which is part of the BD Horizon Brilliant™ Ultraviolet family of dyes. This dye is a tandem fluorochrome with an Ex Max near 350 nm and an Em Max near 737 nm. BD Horizon Brilliant BUV737 can be excited by the ultraviolet laser (355 nm) and detected with a 740/35 nm filter. Due to the excitation of the acceptor dye by the red laser line, there may be significant spillover into red laser detectors with filters in the 700-720 nm range.



Flow cytometric analysis of CD70 expression on human U266 cells. Cells from the human U266 (Myeloma, ATCC TIB-196) cell line were stained with either BD Horizon™ BUV737 mIgG3, κ Isotype Control (Cat. No. 565360; dashed line histogram) or BD Horizon BUV737 Mouse Anti-Human CD70 antibody (Cat. No. 565339, solid line histogram). The fluorescence histogram showing CD70 expression (or Ig Isotype control staining) was derived from gated events with the forward and side light-scatter characteristics of viable U266 cells. Flow cytometric analysis was performed using a BD™ LSR II Flow Cytometer System.

Preparation and Storage

Store undiluted at 4°C and protected from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze.

The monoclonal antibody was purified from tissue culture supernatant or ascites by affinity chromatography.

The antibody was conjugated with BD Horizon BUV737 under optimum conditions, and unconjugated antibody and free BD Horizon BUV737 were removed.

Application Notes**Application**

Flow cytometry

Routinely Tested

BD Biosciences

bdbiosciences.com

United States 877.232.8995 Canada 866.979.9408 Europe 32.2.400.98.95 Japan 0120.8555.90 Asia Pacific 65.6861.0633 Latin America/Caribbean 55.11.5185.9995

For country contact information, visit bdbiosciences.com/contact

Conditions: The information disclosed herein is not to be construed as a recommendation to use the above product in violation of any patents. BD Biosciences will not be held responsible for patent infringement or other violations that may occur with the use of our products. Purchase does not include or carry any right to resell or transfer this product either as a stand-alone product or as a component of another product. Any use of this product other than the permitted use without the express written authorization of Becton, Dickinson and Company is strictly prohibited.

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. Not for resale.
© 2017 BD. BD, the BD Logo and all other trademarks are property of Becton, Dickinson and Company.

565339 Rev. 3



Recommended Assay Procedure:

BD™ CompBeads can be used as surrogates to assess fluorescence spillover (Compensation). When fluorochrome conjugated antibodies are bound to BD CompBeads, they have spectral properties very similar to cells. However, for some fluorochromes there can be small differences in spectral emissions compared to cells, resulting in spillover values that differ when compared to biological controls. It is strongly recommended that when using a reagent for the first time, users compare the spillover on cells and BD CompBead to ensure that BD CompBeads are appropriate for your specific cellular application.

For optimal and reproducible results, BD Horizon Brilliant Stain Buffer should be used anytime two or more BD Horizon Brilliant dyes are used in the same experiment. Fluorescent dye interactions may cause staining artifacts which may affect data interpretation. The BD Horizon Brilliant Stain Buffer was designed to minimize these interactions. More information can be found in the Technical Data Sheet of the BD Horizon Brilliant Stain Buffer (Cat. No. 563794/566349) or the BD Horizon Brilliant Stain Buffer Plus (Cat. No. 566385).

Note: When using high concentrations of antibody, background binding of this dye to erythroid cell subsets (mature erythrocytes and precursors) has been observed. For researchers studying these cell populations, or in cases where light scatter gating does not adequately exclude these cells from the analysis, this background may be an important factor to consider when selecting reagents for panel(s).

Suggested Companion Products

Catalog Number	Name	Size	Clone
565360	BUV737 Mouse IgG3, κ Isotype Control	50 µg	J606
563794	Brilliant Stain Buffer	100 Tests	(none)
554656	Stain Buffer (FBS)	500 mL	(none)
554657	Stain Buffer (BSA)	500 mL	(none)
566349	Brilliant Stain Buffer	1000 Tests	(none)
566385	Brilliant Stain Buffer Plus	1000 Tests	(none)

Product Notices

1. This reagent has been pre-diluted for use at the recommended Volume per Test. We typically use 1×10^6 cells in a 100-µl experimental sample (a test).
2. An isotype control should be used at the same concentration as the antibody of interest.
3. Caution: Sodium azide yields highly toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in plumbing.
4. For fluorochrome spectra and suitable instrument settings, please refer to our Multicolor Flow Cytometry web page at www.bdbiosciences.com/colors.
5. BD Horizon Brilliant Ultraviolet 737 is covered by one or more of the following US patents: 8,110,673; 8,158,444; 8,227,187; 8,575,303; 8,354,239.
6. BD Horizon Brilliant Stain Buffer is covered by one or more of the following US patents: 8,110,673; 8,158,444; 8,575,303; 8,354,239.
7. Please refer to <http://regdocs.bd.com> to access safety data sheets (SDS).
8. Please refer to www.bdbiosciences.com/pharmingen/protocols for technical protocols.

References

- Stein H, Schwarting R, Niedobitek G, Dallenbach F. Activation Section Report. In: Knapp W. W. Knapp .. et al., ed. *Leucocyte typing IV : white cell differentiation antigens*. Oxford New York: Oxford University Press; 1989:387-398. (Clone-specific: Flow cytometry)
- Bowman MR, Crimmins MA, Yetz-Aldape J, Kriz R, Kelleher K, Herrmann S. The cloning of CD70 and its identification as the ligand for CD27. *J Immunol*. 1994; 152(4):1756-1761. (Biology)
- Stein H, Ferszt A, Dallenbach F, et al. CDw70 mAb A109 (Ki-24): expression by reactive and neoplastic lymphoid cells. In: Knapp W. W. Knapp .. et al., ed. *Leucocyte typing IV : white cell differentiation antigens*. Oxford New York: Oxford University Press; 1989:449-451. (Clone-specific)
- Stein H, Schwarting R, Niedobitek G, Dallenbach F. Cluster report: CDw70. In: Knapp W. W. Knapp .. et al., ed. *Leucocyte typing IV : white cell differentiation antigens*. Oxford New York: Oxford University Press; 1989:446-449. (Clone-specific)
- Knapp W. W. Knapp .. et al., ed. *Leucocyte typing IV : white cell differentiation antigens*. Oxford New York: Oxford University Press; 1989:1-1182. (Biology)
- Schlossman SF, Stuart F, Schlossman .. et al., ed. *Leucocyte typing V : white cell differentiation antigens : proceedings of the fifth international workshop and conference held in Boston, USA, 3-7 November, 1993*. Oxford: Oxford University Press; 1995(Biology)
- Stein H, Gerdes J, Lemke H, Mason DY. Evidence of Sternberg-Reed cells being derived from activated lymphocytes. *Haematol Blood Transfus*. 1985; 29:441-444. (Clone-specific: Immunocytochemistry (cytospins))
- Stein H, Gerdes J, Schwab U, et al. Evidence for the detection of the normal counterpart of Hodgkin and Sternberg-Reed cells. *Hematol Oncol*. 1(1):21-9. (Clone-specific)
- Stein H, Gerdes J, Schwarting R, Froese P, Lemke H. Three new lymphoid activation antigens. In: McMichael AJ. A.J. McMichael .. et al., ed. *Leucocyte typing III : white cell differentiation antigens*. Oxford New York: Oxford University Press; 1987:574. (Clone-specific)