

Technical Data Sheet

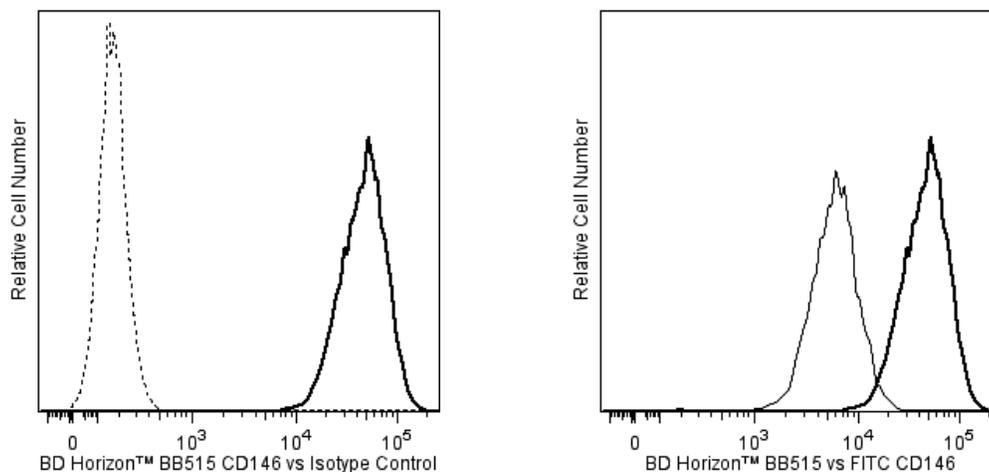
BB515 Mouse Anti-Human CD146**Product Information**

Material Number:	564644
Alternate Name:	MCAM; MELCAM; MUC18; Gicerin; Melanoma cell adhesion molecule
Size:	100 Tests
Vol. per Test:	5 µl
Clone:	PIH12
Immunogen:	Human Umbilical Vein Cells
Isotype:	Mouse IgG1, κ
Reactivity:	QC Testing: Human
Workshop:	VIII
Storage Buffer:	Aqueous buffered solution containing ≤0.09% sodium azide.

Description

The PIH12 monoclonal antibody specifically binds to CD146. CD146 is a 118 kDa transmembrane glycoprotein also known as MCAM, MUC18, or Mel-CAM. CD146 is a member of the immunoglobulin superfamily strongly expressed by blood vessel endothelium and smooth muscle. CD146 is also expressed by angioblasts, mesenchymal stem cells, melanoma cells, intermediate trophoblasts and a subpopulation of activated T cells. The PIH12 monoclonal antibody has been reported to block endothelial cell adhesion that is observed very early in embryogenesis. It can be useful in the study of embryologic vasculogenesis. This antibody is suitable for immunohistochemical staining of acetone-fixed frozen tissue sections, immunoprecipitation and ELISA.

The antibody was conjugated to BD Horizon BB515 which is part of the BD Horizon Brilliant™ Blue family of dyes. With an Ex Max near 490 nm and an Em Max near 515 nm, BD Horizon BB515 can be excited by the blue laser (488 nm) laser and detected with a 530/30 nm filter. This dye has been exclusively developed by BD Biosciences and is up to seven times brighter than FITC with less spillover into the PE channel. Due to similar excitation and emission properties, BB515, FITC, and Alexa Fluor® 488 cannot be used simultaneously. It is not recommended to use BB515 in cocktails that include Streptavidin conjugates as it may cause high background.



Flow cytometric analysis of CD146 expression on HeLa cells - Staining comparisons between BD Horizon™ BB515- and FITC-conjugated antibodies. Cells from the human HeLa S3 (Cervical adenocarcinoma, ATCC CCL 2.2) cell line were stained with either BD Horizon BB515 mIgG1, κ Isotype Control (Cat. No. 564416; dashed line histogram) or BD Horizon BB515 Mouse Anti-Human CD146 antibody (Cat. No. 564644; bold solid line histogram). Alternatively, cells were stained with FITC Anti-Human CD146 antibody (Cat. No. 560846; thin solid line histogram).

Overlaid histograms are shown to facilitate staining comparisons between: BB515 Anti-CD146 antibody versus its Ig Isotype Control (Left Panel), and BB515 Anti-CD146 antibody versus FITC Anti-CD146 antibody (Right Panel). The fluorescence histograms showing CD27 expression (or Ig isotype control staining) were derived from gated events with the forward and side light-scatter characteristics of viable cells. Flow cytometric analysis was performed using a BD™ LSR II Flow Cytometer System.

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564644 Rev. 2



Preparation and Storage

Store undiluted at 4°C and protected from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze.

The monoclonal antibody was purified from tissue culture supernatant or ascites by affinity chromatography.

The antibody was conjugated with BD Horizon™ BB515 under optimum conditions and unconjugated antibody was removed.

Application Notes

Application

Flow cytometry	Routinely Tested
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Recommended Assay Procedure:

BD™ CompBeads can be used as surrogates to assess fluorescence spillover (Compensation). When fluorochrome conjugated antibodies are bound to CompBeads, they have spectral properties very similar to cells. However, for some fluorochromes there can be small differences in spectral emissions compared to cells, resulting in spillover values that differ when compared to biological controls. It is strongly recommended that when using a reagent for the first time, users compare the spillover on cells and CompBead to ensure that BD Comp beads are appropriate for your specific cellular application.

For optimal and reproducible results, BD Horizon Brilliant Stain Buffer should be used anytime two or more BD Horizon Brilliant dyes are used in the same experiment. Fluorescent dye interactions may cause staining artifacts which may affect data interpretation. The BD Horizon Brilliant Stain Buffer was designed to minimize these interactions. More information can be found in the Technical Data Sheet of the BD Horizon Brilliant Stain Buffer (Cat. No. 563794/566349) or the BD Horizon Brilliant Stain Buffer Plus (Cat. No. 566385).

For optimal results, it is recommended to perform 2 washes after staining with antibodies. Cells may be prepared, stained with antibodies and washed twice with wash buffer per established protocols for immunofluorescence staining, prior to acquisition on a flow cytometer. Performing fewer than the recommended wash steps may lead to increased spread of the negative population.

Suggested Companion Products

Catalog Number	Name	Size	Clone
560846	FITC Mouse anti-Human CD146	100 Tests	PIH12
563794	Brilliant Stain Buffer	100 Tests	(none)
554656	Stain Buffer (FBS)	500 mL	(none)
554657	Stain Buffer (BSA)	500 mL	(none)
564416	BB515 Mouse IgG1, κ Isotype Control	100 µg	X40
566349	Brilliant Stain Buffer	1000 Tests	(none)
566385	Brilliant Stain Buffer Plus	1000 Tests	(none)

Product Notices

1. This reagent has been pre-diluted for use at the recommended Volume per Test. We typically use 1×10^6 cells in a 100-µl experimental sample (a test).
2. An isotype control should be used at the same concentration as the antibody of interest.
3. Caution: Sodium azide yields highly toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in plumbing.
4. For fluorochrome spectra and suitable instrument settings, please refer to our Multicolor Flow Cytometry web page at www.bdbiosciences.com/colors.
5. Please refer to www.regdocs.bd.com to access safety data sheets (SDS).
6. BD Horizon Brilliant Stain Buffer is covered by one or more of the following US patents: 8,110,673; 8,158,444; 8,575,303; 8,354,239.
7. Please refer to www.bdbiosciences.com/pharming/en/protocols for technical protocols.

References

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