

Technical Data Sheet

V450 Rat anti-Mouse CD86

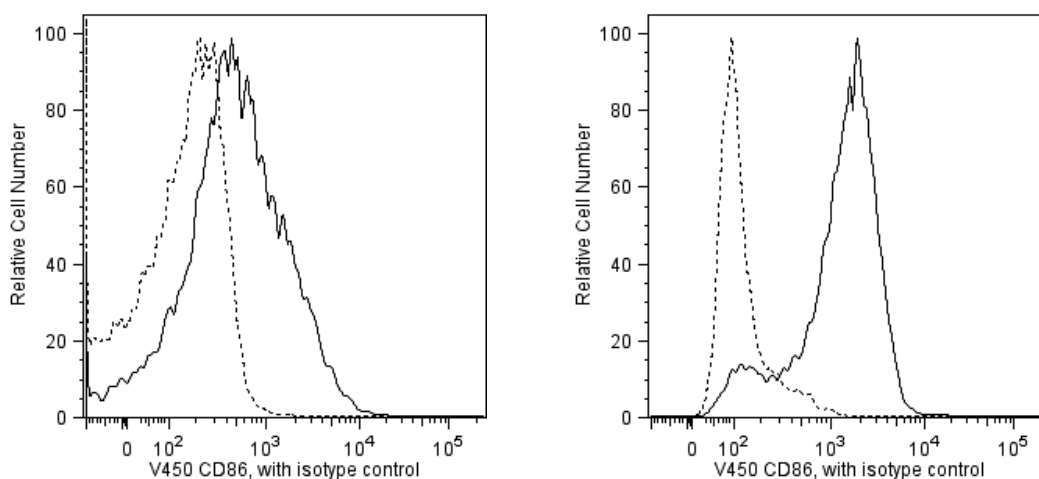
Product Information

Material Number:	560450
Alternate Name:	B7-2
Size:	25 µg
Concentration:	0.2 mg/ml
Clone:	GL1
Immunogen:	Mouse (CBA/Ca) LPS-activated splenic B Cells
Isotype:	Rat (LOU) IgG2a, κ
Reactivity:	QC Tested: Mouse
Storage Buffer:	Aqueous buffered solution containing protein stabilizer and ≤0.09% sodium azide.

Description

The GL1 antibody has been reported to react with the B7-2 (CD86) costimulatory molecule expressed on a broad spectrum of leukocytes, including B lymphocytes, T lymphocytes, thioglycollate-induced peritoneal macrophages, dendritic cells and astrocytes. CD86 is expressed at low levels by freshly explanted peripheral B and T cells, and its expression is substantially increased by a variety of T cell- and B cell-specific stimuli with a peak expression after 18-42 hours of culture. In contrast to most naive CD4+ T cells, memory CD4+ T cells express B7-2, both at the mRNA and protein level. CD86, a ligand for CD28 and CD152 (CTLA-4), is one of the accessory molecules that plays an important role in T cell-B cell costimulatory interactions. It has been shown to be involved in immunoglobulin class-switching and triggering of mouse NK cell-mediated cytotoxicity. CD80 (B7-1) is an alternate ligand for CD28 and CD152 (CTLA-4). GL1 antibody reportedly blocks MLR and stimulation of T cells by natural antigen-presenting cells. In addition, a mixture of anti-B7-1 and anti B7-2 (GL1) mAbs reportedly inhibits the in vitro interaction of CTLA-4 with its ligand and the in vivo priming of cytotoxic T lymphocytes.

The antibody is conjugated to BD Horizon™ V450, which has been developed for use in multicolor flow cytometry experiments and is available exclusively from BD Biosciences. It is excited by the Violet laser Ex max of 406 nm and has an Em Max at 450 nm. Conjugates with BD Horizon™ V450 can be used in place of Pacific Blue™ conjugates.



Flow cytometric analysis of V450-conjugated anti-mouse CD86 on activated and resting mouse splenocytes. Freshly isolated (left panel, solid line) or 48-72-hour LPS-stimulated mouse splenocytes (right panel, solid line) were pretreated with Mouse BD Fc Block™ purified anti-mouse CD16/CD32 mAb clone 2.4G2 (Cat. No. 553141) and stained with V450-conjugated GL1 mAb (Cat No. 560449/560450) and compared to isotype control (both panels, dashed line). Flow cytometry was performed on a BD™ LSR II flow cytometer and the histograms were derived from the gated events based on light scattering characteristics of viable splenocytes.

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Preparation and Storage

Store undiluted at 4°C and protected from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze.

The monoclonal antibody was purified from tissue culture supernatant or ascites by affinity chromatography.

The antibody was conjugated with BD Horizon™ V450 under optimum conditions, and unreacted BD Horizon™ V450 was removed.

Application Notes

Application

Flow cytometry

Routinely Tested

Suggested Companion Products

Catalog Number	Name	Size	Clone
553141	Purified Rat Anti-Mouse CD16/CD32 (Mouse BD Fc Block™)	0.1 mg	2.4G2
560377	V450 Rat IgG2a, κ Isotype Control	0.1 mg	R35-95
554656	Stain Buffer (FBS)	500 ml	(none)

Product Notices

1. Please refer to www.bdbiosciences.com/pharmingen/protocols for technical protocols.
2. Since applications vary, each investigator should titrate the reagent to obtain optimal results.
3. For fluorochrome spectra and suitable instrument settings, please refer to our Fluorochrome Web Page at www.bdbiosciences.com/colors.
4. BD Horizon™ V450 has a maximum absorption of 406 nm and maximum emission of 450 nm. Before staining with this reagent, please confirm that your flow cytometer is capable of exciting the fluorochrome and discriminating the resulting fluorescence.
5. Pacific Blue™ is a trademark of Molecular Probes, Inc., Eugene, OR.
6. Caution: Sodium azide yields highly toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in plumbing.
7. An isotype control should be used at the same concentration as the antibody of interest.

References

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