

Technical Data Sheet

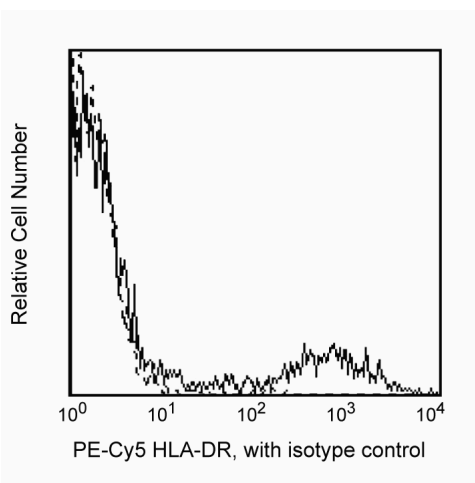
PE-Cy™5 Mouse Anti-Human HLA-DR

Product Information

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|------------------|---|
| Material Number: | 555813 |
| Alternate Name: | MHC class II antigen; HLA class II histocompatibility antigen |
| Size: | 100 Tests |
| Vol. per Test: | 20 µl |
| Clone: | G46-6 |
| Isotype: | Mouse IgG2a, κ |
| Reactivity: | QC Testing: Human Tested in Development: Rhesus, Cynomolgus, Baboon Confirmed in Development: Dog |
| Storage Buffer: | Aqueous buffered solution containing BSA and ≤0.09% sodium azide. |

Description

The G46-6 monoclonal antibody specifically binds to HLA-DR, a major histocompatibility complex (MHC) class II antigen. HLA-DR antigens are encoded by genes within the Human Leukocyte Antigen (HLA) Complex located on chromosome 6. HLA-DR is a transmembrane heterodimeric glycoprotein composed of an α chain (36 kDa) and a β subunit (27 kDa) expressed primarily on antigen presenting cells: B cells, dendritic cells, monocytes, macrophages, and thymic epithelial cells. HLA-DR is also expressed on activated T cells. This molecule plays a major role in mediating cellular interactions during antigen presentation to CD4-positive T cells.



Flow cytometric analysis of HLA-DR on human peripheral blood lymphocytes. Human whole blood was lysed with BD FACS™ Lysing Solution (Cat. No. 349202) and stained with PE-Cy™5 Mouse IgG2a, κ Isotype Control (Cat. No. 555575; dashed line histogram) or with PE-Cy™5 Mouse Anti-Human HLA-DR (Cat. No. 555813/562007; solid line histogram). Fluorescent histograms showing expression of HLA-DR (or Ig isotype staining) were derived from gated events based on forward and side light scattering characteristics for intact lymphocytes. Flow cytometric analysis was performed on a BD FACScan™ system.

Preparation and Storage

Store undiluted at 4°C and protected from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze.

The monoclonal antibody was purified from tissue culture supernatant or ascites by affinity chromatography.

The antibody was conjugated with PE-Cy5 (formerly known as BD Cy-Chrome™) under optimum conditions, and unconjugated antibody and free PE-Cy5 were removed.

Application Notes

Application

| | |
|----------------|------------------|
| Flow cytometry | Routinely Tested |
|----------------|------------------|

Suggested Companion Products

| Catalog Number | Name | Size | Clone |
|----------------|--|-----------|----------|
| 555575 | PE-Cy™5 Mouse IgG2a, κ Isotype Control | 100 Tests | G155-178 |
| 562007 | PE-Cy™5 Mouse Anti-Human HLA-DR | 25 Tests | G46-6 |
| 554656 | Stain Buffer (FBS) | 500 mL | (none) |
| 554657 | Stain Buffer (BSA) | 500 mL | (none) |
| 349202 | BD FACS™ Lysing Solution | 100 mL | (none) |
| 555899 | Lysing Buffer | 100 mL | (none) |

BD Biosciences

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555813 Rev. 10



Product Notices

1. This reagent has been pre-diluted for use at the recommended Volume per Test. We typically use 1×10^6 cells in a 100- μ l experimental sample (a test).
2. An isotype control should be used at the same concentration as the antibody of interest.
3. Source of all serum proteins is from USDA inspected abattoirs located in the United States.
4. Caution: Sodium azide yields highly toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in plumbing.
5. For fluorochrome spectra and suitable instrument settings, please refer to our Multicolor Flow Cytometry web page at www.bdbiosciences.com/colors.
6. PE-Cy5 is optimized for use with a single argon ion laser emitting 488-nm light. Because of the broad absorption spectrum of the PE-Cy5 tandem fluorochrome, extra care must be taken when using dual-laser cytometers which may directly excite both PE and Cy5TM.
7. PE-Cy5 is a tandem fluorochrome composed of R-phycoerythrin (PE), which is excited by the 488 nm light of an Argon ion laser and serves as an energy donor, coupled to the cyanine dye Cy5, which acts as an energy acceptor and fluoresces at 670 nm. BD Biosciences Pharmingen has maximized the fluorochrome energy transfer in PE-Cy5, thus maximizing its fluorescence emission intensity, minimizing residual emission from PE, and minimizing lot-to-lot variation.
8. Species testing during development may have been performed with a different format of the same clone. Selected applications have been tested for cross-reactivity.
9. Please observe the following precautions: Absorption of visible light can significantly alter the energy transfer occurring in any tandem fluorochrome conjugate; therefore, we recommend that special precautions be taken (such as wrapping vials, tubes, or racks in aluminum foil) to prevent exposure of conjugated reagents, including cells stained with those reagents, to room illumination.
10. PE-Cy5 tandem fluorochromes have been reported to bind some classes of human macrophages and granulocytes via Fc receptors, and PE has been reported to bind to mouse B lymphocytes via Fc receptors. Preincubation of mouse leukocytes with Mouse BD Fc BlockTM purified anti-mouse CD16/CD32 mAb 2.4G2 can reduce the non-specific binding of PE-Cy5-conjugated reagents to mouse B cells. However, PE-Cy5 conjugated reagents should not be used to stain splenocytes of SJL, NOD, and MRL mice as B lymphocytes and/or other leukocytes have been reported to non-specifically stain regardless of the use of Mouse BD Fc BlockTM (the CD72c complex has been implicated for PE-Cy5 binding in these strains). Reagents conjugated to PE, PerCP, PerCP-Cy5.5, APC, and APC-Cy7 tandem fluorochrome can be used on leukocytes from these mouse strains.
11. Cy is a trademark of GE Healthcare.
12. Please refer to www.bdbiosciences.com/pharmingen/protocols for technical protocols.

References

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