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Regulatory information

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

History

Revision	Date	Change made
23-24514(01)	2024-01	Initial release.

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Introduction

This protocol enables high throughput single-cell transcriptome and protein analysis alongside TCR and BCR profiling of individual cells captured on the BD Rhapsody[™] system, providing instructions for amplifying Illumina-compatible single-cell barcoded mRNA, TCR, BCR, and BD[®] AbSeq libraries.

After staining cells with BD[®] AbSeq antibodies and partitioning and lysis of cells, cDNA is encoded on BD Rhapsody[™] Enhanced Cell Capture Beads using both the 3' and 5' ends of transcripts as templates. mRNA, TCR, and BCR libraries are then amplified from these on-bead cDNA libraries using a two-step nested amplification, with TCR and BCR libraries undergoing additional random priming to capture complementarity determining regions (CDR) 1, 2, and 3, as well as framework regions (FR) 1-4. BD[®] AbSeq libraries are amplified from the supernatant that was denatured from the beads.

Protocol kits

Before you begin, ensure that you have the correct kits for this protocol. Matching cap colors indicate you have the correct kit, along with the catalog numbers found in the Required and recommended materials section.

p Color	Name	Quantity
	RT Buffer	1
	RT 0.1M DTT	1
	Reverse Transcriptase	1
Ó	dNTP	1
\bigcirc	RNAse Inhibitor	1
Ó	Bead RT/PCR Enhancer	1
\bigcirc	10X Exonuclease I Buffer	1
\bigcirc	Exonuclease I	1
\bigcirc	Nuclease-free water	2
ŏ	Bead Resuspension Buffer	1

Cap Color	Name	Quantity
	BD Rhapsody™ HT Enhanced Cell Capture Beads V3	4
\bigcirc	Sample Buffer	1
Õ	Cartridge Wash Buffer 1	1
ŏ	Cartridge Wash Buffer 2	1
Õ	Lysis Buffer	4
Õ	Bead Wash Buffer	1
Õ	Waste Collection Container	4
Ō	1M DTT	1

BD Rhapsody™ Targeted mRNA and AbSeq Amplification Kit

Cap Color	Name	Quantity
\bigcirc	PCR Mastermix	1
\bigcirc	Universal Oligo	1
\bigcirc	Elution Buffer	1
	Bead RT/PCR Enhancer	1
	Library Forward Primer	1
	Library Reverse Primer 1-4	1 each
\bigcirc	Nuclease-free water	1
	Bead Resuspension Buffer	1
Ŏ	Sample Tag PCR1 Primer	2
	Sample Tag PCR2 Primer	1
	BD [®] AbSeq PCR1 Primer	1

BD Rhapsody™ TCR/BCR Next Amplification Kit

ap Color	Name	Quantity
\bigcirc	TCR/BCR Extension Primers	1
\bigcirc	TCR/BCR Extension Buffer	1
\bigcirc	TCR/BCR Extension Enzyme	1
\bigcirc	10 mM dNTP	2
\bigcirc	Nuclease-free water	2
	Bead RT/PCR Enhancer	1
	TSO Next	1
	TCR N1 Primer - mouse	1
	TCR N2 Primer - mouse	1
	BCR N1 Primer - mouse	1
	BCR N2 Primer - mouse	1
	PCR Master Mix	1
\bigcirc	TCR/BCR Universal Oligo N1	1
\bigcirc	TCR/BCR Universal Oligo N2	1
	Elution Buffer	2
	1M MgCl₂	1
	Hybridization Buffer	4

BD	Rhapsody™ Immune Response P	anei Mm
Cap Color	Name	Quantity
	PCR2 Primers Immune Response Mm	1
	PCR1 Primers Immune Response Mm	1

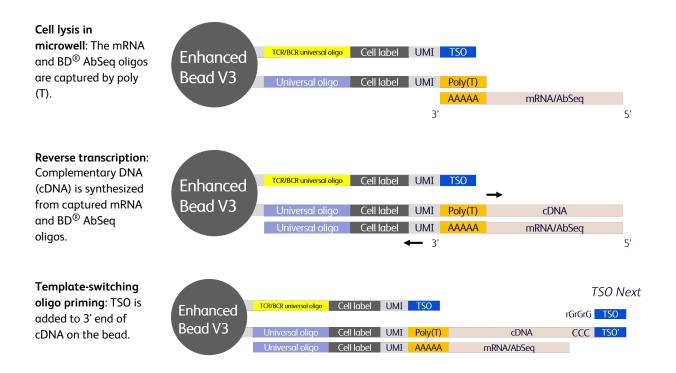
Symbols

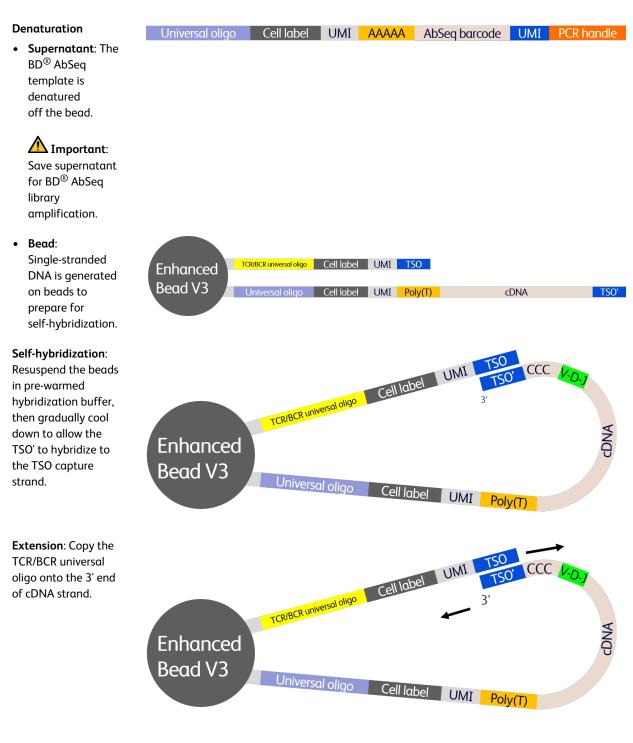
The following symbols are used in this guide.

Symbol	Description
	Indicates a crucial step or stopping point.

Workflows

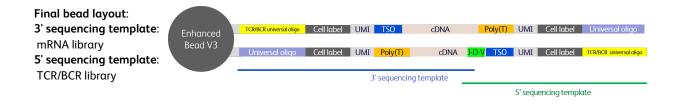
Reverse transcription, template switching, and Exonuclease I treatment workflow



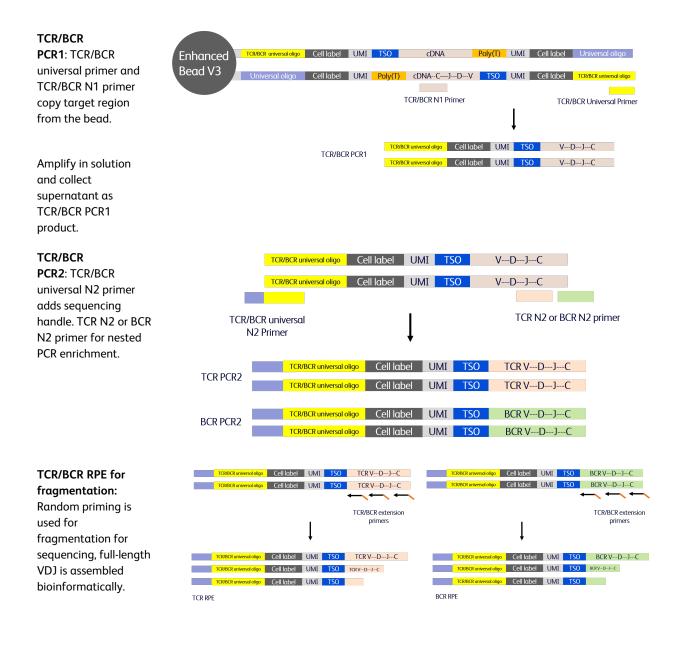


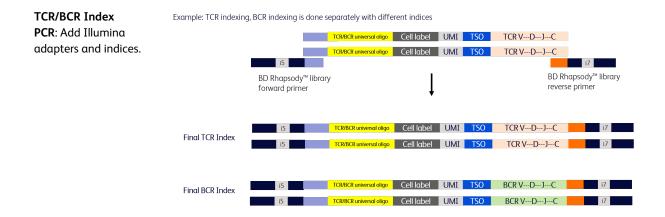
Exonuclease I:

Cleave unused oligo capture sequences off the bead.

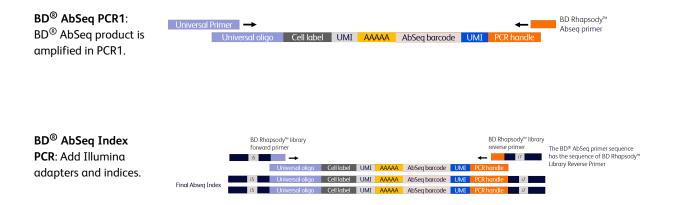


TCR/BCR library amplification workflow

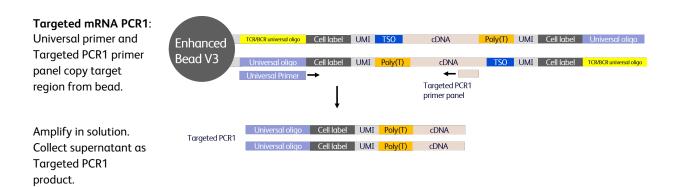


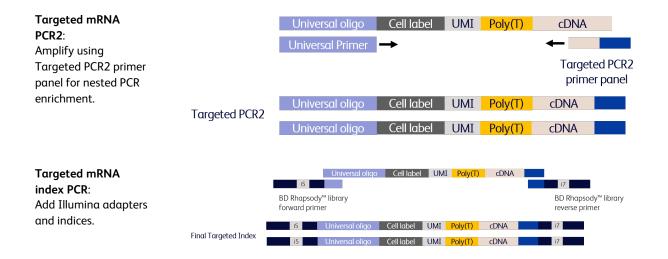


BD[®] AbSeq library amplification workflow



Targeted mRNA library amplification workflow





Required and recommended materials

Required reagents

Store the reagents at the storage temperature specified on the label.

Material	Supplier	Catalog no.
BD Rhapsody™ cDNA Kit ^a	BD Biosciences	633773
BD Rhapsody™ Enhanced Cartridge Reagent Kit V3 ^b	BD Biosciences	667052
BD Rhapsody™ Targeted mRNA and AbSeq Amplification Kit ^a	BD Biosciences	633774
BD Rhapsody™ Mouse TCR/BCR Next Amplification Kit ^a	BD Biosciences	667059
BD Rhapsody™ Mouse Immune Response Panel ^a	BD Biosciences	633753
Agencourt [®] AMPure [®] XP magnetic beads	Beckman Coulter	A63880
100% ethyl alcohol, molecular biology grade	Major supplier	-
Nuclease-free water	Major supplier	-

a. For processing more than four libraries, two orders of this catalog number are required.

b. The Enhanced Cartridge Reagent Kit V3 must be used before beginning this protocol.

Note: For additional indexing primers for high throughput library preparation workflows, the BD Rhapsody[™] Dual Index Kit (Catalog no. 667237) is required.

Recommended consumables

Material	Supplier	Part number/Catalog no.
Pipettes (P10, P20, P200, P1000)	Major supplier	-
Low-retention, filtered pipette tips	Major supplier	-
0.2-mL PCR 8-strip tubes	Major supplier	-
Axygen [®] 96–Well PCR Microplates ^a	Corning	PCR96HSC
Or, MicroAmp Optical 96–Reaction Plate ^a	Thermo Fisher Scientific	N8010560
MicroAmp Clear Adhesive Filma	Thermo Fisher Scientific	4306311
15-mL conical tube	Major supplier	-
DNA LoBind [®] Tubes, 1.5 mL	Eppendorf	0030108051
DNA LoBind [®] Tubes, 5.0 mL	Eppendorf	0030108310
Qubit™ Assay Tubes	Thermo Fisher Scientific	Q32856
Qubit™ dsDNA HS Assay Kit	Thermo Fisher Scientific	Q32851
Agilent High Sensitivity DNA Kit Or.	Agilent	5067-4626
Agilent High Sensitivity D1000 ScreenTape	Agilent	5067-5584
Agilent High Sensitivity D1000 Reagents	Agilent	5067-5585
Or,	Antilanat	
Agilent High Sensitivity D5000 ScreenTape Agilent High Sensitivity D5000 Reagents	Agilent Agilent	5067-5592 5067-5593

a. Recommended for processing high throughput library preparation workflows.

Equipment

Material	Supplier	Catalog no.
Microcentrifuge for 1.5–2.0-mL tubes	Major supplier	-
Microcentrifuge for 0.2-mL tubes	Major supplier	-
Vortexer	Major supplier	-
Digital timer	Major supplier	-
Eppendorf ThermoMixer [®] C	Eppendorf	5382000023
6-tube magnetic separation rack for 1.5-mL tubes	New England Biolabs	S1506S
Or, 12-tube magnetic separation rack ^a Or,	New England Biolabs	S1509S
Invitrogen™ DynaMag™-2 magnet ^a	Thermo Fisher Scientific	12321D
Low-profile magnetic separation stand for 0.2 mL, 8-strip tubes	V&P Scientific, Inc.	VP772F4-1
Magnetic Stand–96 ^b	Thermo Fisher Scientific	AM10027
Qubit™ 3.0 Fluorometer	Thermo Fisher Scientific	Q33216
Agilent [®] 2100 Bioanalyzer	Agilent Technologies	G2940CAG
Or, Agilent [®] 4200 TapeStation System	Agilent Technologies	G2991AA
Heat block	Major supplier	-

a. Recommended for processing greater than six samples.

b. Recommended for processing high throughput library preparation workflows.

Best practices

Important: The BD Rhapsody[™] Enhanced Cartridge Reagent Kit V3 (Catalog no. 667052) must be used for this protocol. The BD Rhapsody[™] TCR/BCR Next Amplification Kit (Catalog no. 667058) is not compatible with the BD Rhapsody[™] Enhanced Cartridge Reagent Kit (Catalog no. 664887).

Cell capture

- Ensure that the intended total cell load is 7,500–20,000. Cell loads outside this recommended range may require protocol optimization and might yield suboptimal results.
- For best results, ensure that cells have high viability before proceeding with cell capture.

Bead handling

 When working with BD Rhapsody[™] Enhanced Cell Capture Beads, use low-retention filtered tips and LoBind[®] Tubes.

Never vortex the beads. Pipet-mix only.

- Store BD Rhapsody™ Enhanced Cell Capture Beads at 4 °C. Do not freeze.
- Bring Agencourt AMPure[®] XP magnetic beads to room temperature (15–25 °C) before use. See the *AMPure[®]* XP User's Guide for information.

Master mix preparation

- Thaw reagents (except for enzymes) at room temperature.
- Keep enzymes at -25 °C to -15 °C until ready for use.
- Return reagents to correct storage temperature as soon as possible after preparing the master mix.

Denaturation and self-hybridization

- Remove supernatant promptly after 95 °C denaturation step (≤30 seconds after placing on magnet).
- Ensure that Hybridization Buffer is pre-heated at 80 °C for at least 20 minutes before resuspending beads in step 7 of 1.2 Denaturation and self-hybridization. Using cold or room temperature Hybridization Buffer may negatively impact self-hybridization efficiency.

Supernatant handling

- Read the protocol carefully before beginning each section. Note which steps require you to keep supernatant to avoid accidentally discarding required products.
- Remove supernatants without disturbing AMPure[®] XP magnetic beads.
- Make and use fresh 80% ethyl alcohol within 24 hours. Adjust the volume of 80% ethyl alcohol depending on the number of libraries.

Bead amplification

- Do not proceed to thermal cycling until each tube is gently mixed by pipette to ensure uniform bead suspension. Start the thermocycler program immediately after mixing.
- Save beads after the first amplification step (2.1 TCR/BCR PCR1). They must be used again for the second bead amplification step (4.1 Targeted mRNA PCR1).

Additional documentation

- BD Rhapsody™ Single-Cell Analysis System Instrument User Guide
- BD Rhapsody™ Express Single-Cell Analysis System Instrument User Guide
- BD Rhapsody[™] System Single-Cell Labeling with BD[®] AbSeq Ab-Oligos for Intracellular CITE-seq Protocol

Safety information

For safety information, see the BD Rhapsody[™] Single-Cell Analysis Instrument User Guide or the BD Rhapsody[™] Express Single-Cell Analysis System Instrument User Guide.

Station	Workflow		Timing	Stopping Point
	Section 1: Revers	e Transcription, Template Switching, and Exonuclease Treatment		
	Step 1.1	cDNA Synthesis and Template Switching	100 min (570)	4 °C up to 1 week
		Denature Ab-Oligos		
	Step 1.2	Self-hybridization	35 min	
	Step 1.3	TCR/BCR Extension*	30 min	
	Step 1.4	Exonuclease I Treatment	50 min 🕠	4 °C up to 3 months
	S			
	Step 2.1	TCR/BCR PCR1**		PCR overnight
	Step 2.2	TCR/BCR PCR1 Cleanup	80 min	<24 hours at 4 °C or <6 months at –20 °C
	Step 2.3	TCR/BCR PCR2		PCR overnight
	Step 2.4	TCR/BCR PCR2 Cleanup	110 min (נוסף	<24 hours at 4 °C or <6 months at –20 °C
	Step 2.5	TCR/BCR RPE		
	Step 2.6	TCR/BCR RPE Cleanup 170 min		
	Step 2.7	TCR/BCR Index PCR	170 min	PCR overnight
	Step 2.8	TCR/BCR Index PCR Cleanup and Quality Check	STOP	<6 months at –20 °C
	* While the TCR/BCR ** After TCR/BCR PCF	Extension program is running, proceed to BD® AbSeq PCR1 (1, proceed to Targeted PCR1 (Step 4.1)	I (Step 3.1)	
	Sec	tion 3: BD® AbSeq Library Amplification		
	Step 3.1	BD [®] AbSeq PCR1	60 min	PCR overnight
	Step 3.2	BD [®] AbSeq PCR1 Cleanup	STOP	<24 hours at 4 °C or <6 months at –20 °C
	Step 3.3	BD [®] AbSeq PCR1 Quality Check		
	Step 3.4	BD [®] AbSeq Index PCR	100 min	PCR overnight
	Step 3.5	BD® AbSeq Index PCR Cleanup and Quality Check	STOP	<24 hours at 4 °C or <6 months at –20 °C
	S	ection 4: Targeted Library Amplification		
	Step 4.1	Targeted PCR1	100	PCR overnight
	Step 4.2	Targeted PCR1 Cleanup	100 min	<24 hours at 4 °C or <6 months at –20 °C
	Step 4.3	Targeted PCR2	80 min	PCR overnight
	Step 4.4	Targeted PCR2 Cleanup	80 min	<24 hours at 4 °C or <6 months at –20 °C
	Step 4.5	Targeted Index PCR	70	PCR overnight
	Step 4.6	Targeted Index PCR Cleanup and Quality Check	70 min	<6 months at –20 °C

Time considerations

Procedure

After staining the antibodies (as described in the *BD Rhapsody*^m System Single-Cell Labeling with *BD*[®] AbSeq Ab-Oligos for Intracellular CITE-seq Protocol), continue with this procedure.

Perform the experiment on the BD Rhapsody[™] Single-Cell Analysis system following either the:

• BD Rhapsody™ Single-Cell Analysis System Instrument User Guide

STOP after the "Washing BD Rhapsody[™] Enhanced Cell Capture Beads" section and follow this protocol from Reverse transcription, template switching, and Exonuclease I treatment and subsequent steps.

or

BD Rhapsody[™] Express Single-Cell Analysis System Instrument User Guide

STOP after the "Washing BD Rhapsody[™] Enhanced Cell Capture Beads" section and follow this protocol from Reverse transcription, template switching, and Exonuclease I treatment and subsequent steps.

Important: The BD Rhapsody™ Enhanced Cartridge Reagent Kit V3 (Catalog no. 667052) must be used for this protocol.

Ensure that the intended total cell load is between 7,500–20,000 single cells for this protocol. Cell load below or above this recommended range may not be suitable for current protocol configuration. Then proceed as described in the following procedure.

1. Reverse transcription, template switching, and Exonuclease I treatment

1.1 cDNA synthesis and template switching

Thaw reagents (except for the enzymes) in the BD Rhapsody[™] cDNA Kit and necessary reagents from the BD Rhapsody[™] TCR/BCR Next Amplification Kit at room temperature. Keep enzymes at -25 °C to -15 °C.

Note: This section should be performed in the pre-amplification workspace.

- 1. Set a thermomixer to 42 °C.
- 2. If performing self-hybridization on the same day, set a second thermomixer to:
 - 1,200 rpm and at 80 °C for 3 minutes.
 - 1,200 rpm and at 25 °C for 1 minute.

Note: The thermomixer set to 80 °C will be used as a heat block to warm the Hybridization Buffer, and then used with programmed cooling during 1.2 Denaturation and self-hybridization.

3. In a new 1.5-mL LoBind[®] tube, pipet the following reagents.

Сар	Component	For 1 library (µL)	For 1 library with 20% overage (µL)	For 4 libraries with 20% overage (µL)	For 8 libraries with 20% overage (µL)
	RT Buffer	40.0	48.0	192.0	384.0
	dNTP	20.0	24.0	96.0	192.0
	RT 0.1 M DTT	10.0	12.0	48.0	96.0
	Bead RT/PCR Enhancer	12.0	14.4	57.6	115.2
	RNase Inhibitor	10.0	12.0	48.0	96.0
	Reverse Transcriptase	10.0	12.0	48.0	96.0
0	Nuclease-free water	98.0	117.6	470.4	940.8
	Total	200.0	240.0	960.0	1920.0

cDNA/template switching mix

- 4. Gently vortex mix, briefly centrifuge, and place back on ice.
- 5. Place the tube of washed BD Rhapsody[™] Enhanced Cell Capture Beads on a 1.5-mL tube magnet for ≥2 minutes. Discard the supernatant.
- 6. Remove the tube from the magnet and pipet 200 µL of cDNA Mix into the beads. Pipet-mix.

Note: Keep the prepared cDNA Mix with beads on ice until the suspension is transferred in the next step.

- 7. Transfer the bead suspension to a new 1.5-mL LoBind[®] tube.
- 8. Incubate the bead suspension on the thermomixer at 1,200 rpm and 42 °C for 30 minutes.

Important: Shaking is critical for this incubation.

9. While the bead suspension is still incubating at 1,200 rpm and 42 °C, pipet the following reagents in a new 1.5-mL LoBind[®] tube.

Note: Prepare the TSO Mix approximately within 2 minutes before the 30 minutes incubation at 42 $^\circ$ C is finished.

Important: Use immediately.

TSO Mix

Cαρ	Component	For 1 library (µL)	For 1 library with 20% overage (µL)	For 4 libraries with 20% overage (µL)	For 8 libraries with 20% overage (µL)
\bigcirc	TSO Next	6.0	7.2	28.8	57.6
	1M MgCl ₂	2.0	2.4	9.6	19.2

Сар	Component	For 1 library (µL)	For 1 library with 20% overage (µL)	For 4 libraries with 20% overage (µL)	For 8 libraries with 20% overage (µL)
	Total	8.0	9.6	38.4	76.8

- 10. Gently vortex mix, briefly centrifuge, and keep on ice.
- 11. Add 8 μL of TSO Mix to the reaction, gently pipet-mix, and incubate on the thermomixer for another 30 minutes at 1,200 rpm and 42 °C.

Important: If you are performing self-hybridization on the same day, complete steps 3 and 4 from 1.2 Denaturation and self-hybridization now.

- 12. Place the bead suspension on the 1.5-mL tube magnet until the solution is clear (≤1 minute). Discard the supernatant.
- 13. Remove the tube from the magnet and pipet 75 µL of Elution Buffer into the tube. Pipet-mix. Place on ice.

OPTIONAL STOPPING POINT: BD Rhapsody[™] Enhanced Cell Capture Beads can be stored up to 7 days at 2–8 °C after template switching.

14. If using the *BD Rhapsody™ Single-Cell Analysis System Instrument User Guide*, view the BD Rhapsody™ Scanner image analysis to see if the analysis metrics passed.

1.2 Denaturation and self-hybridization

Thaw the Hybridization Buffer at room temperature.

- 1. Set a heat block to 95 °C.
- 2. Program the thermomixer.
 - a. 1,200 rpm and at 80 °C for 3 minutes.
 - b. 1,200 rpm and at 25 °C for 1 minute.

Note: If you performed cDNA synthesis on the same day, this is the same thermomixer from step 2 of 1.1 cDNA synthesis and template switching, and the thermomixer is already programmed.

Important: Confirm "Time Mode" on the thermomixer is set to "Temperature Control" to ensure that the 25 °C temperature is reached before the 1 minute at 25 °C (step b) begins.

- 3. Prepare Hybridization Buffer for self-hybridization. Aliquot 1.2 mL Hybridization Buffer into a new 1.5-mL LoBind[®] tube and place the tube in the pre-heated 80 °C thermomixer (from step 2) without shaking.
- 4. Keep the tube of Hybridization Buffer in the 80 °C thermomixer until ready to use, at least 20 minutes before resuspending beads in step 7 of this section.
- 5. To denature, incubate the tube in the following order:
 - a. Ensure that the beads are resuspended. Pipet-mix to resuspend, if needed.
 - b. Incubate the tube at 95 °C in a heat block for 5 minutes.
 - c. Immediately after the completion of the 95 °C incubation, slightly open the lid of the tube to release air pressure within the tube.

6. Immediately place the tube on the magnet for ≤30 seconds until clear. **Keep the supernatant**. Remove the supernatant and transfer to a new 1.5-mL LoBind[®] tube. This contains the BD[®] AbSeq supernatant products.

Note: To minimize BD[®] AbSeq contamination in the TCR/BCR and Targeted mRNA libraries, ensure that all liquid is removed from the tube. Keep the supernatant tube at 4 °C until ready to proceed to 3.1 BD® AbSeq PCR1.

7. Resuspend the beads in 1.0 mL of pre-heated 80 °C Hybridization Buffer, and immediately place in the pre-programed thermomixer from step 2. Start the program.

Note: Incubation will take approximately 25 minutes.

8. After the hybridization step, place tube on ice for at least 1 minute while TCR/BCR Extension Mix is being prepared.

1.3 TCR/BCR extension

Thaw the reagents for TCR/BCR Extension at room temperature. Keep TCR/BCR Extension enzyme at -25 °C to -15 °C.

- 1. Set a thermomixer to 37 °C.
- 2. Ensure all reagents other than the TCR/BCR Extension enzyme are at room temperature.
- 3. In a new 1.5-mL LoBind[®] tube, pipet the following reagents.

Сар	Component	For 1 library (µL)	For 1 library with 20% overage (µL)	For 4 libraries with 20% overage (µL)	For 8 libraries with 20% overage (µL)
0	TCR/BCR Extension Buffer	20	24	96	192
	dNTP	20	24	96	192
0	TCR/BCR Extension Enzyme	10	12	48	96
0	Nuclease-free water	150	180	720	1440
	Total	200	240	960	1920

TCR/BCR Extension Mix

- 4. Gently vortex mix, briefly centrifuge, and keep at room temperature.
- 5. Briefly spin the tube with the bead suspension.
- 6. Place the tube of BD Rhapsody[™] Enhanced Cell Capture Beads on a 1.5-mL tube magnet for ≤2 minutes. Discard the supernatant.
- 7. Remove the tubes from magnet and resuspend using 200 µL of TCR/BCR Extension Mix. Pipet-mix.
- 8. Incubate the bead suspension on a thermomixer at 1,200 rpm and 37 °C for 30 minutes.

Note: During TCR/BCR Extension incubation, begin BD[®] AbSeq PCR1. See 3.1 BD® AbSeq PCR1. You can leave the BD[®] AbSeq PCR1 reaction in the thermocycler when complete. TCR/BCR PCR1 can be performed

after RPE PCR cleanup and quality check. All PCR1 product purification (TCR/BCR, Targeted mRNA, and BD[®] AbSeq) can be done at the same time.

9. Briefly spin the tube with the beads suspension and place the tube on ice.

1.4 Exonuclease I treatment

Thaw reagents for Exonuclease I treatment at room temperature. Keep Exonuclease I enzyme at -25 °C to -15 °C.

- 1. Set one thermomixer to 37 °C and a heat block to 80 °C.
- 2. In a new 1.5-mL LoBind[®] tube, pipet the following reagents.

Exonuclease I Mix

Сар	Component	For 1 library (µL)	For 1 library with 20% overage (µL)	For 4 libraries with 20% overage (µL)	For 8 libraries with 20% overage (µL)
\bigcirc	10X Exonuclease I Buffer	20	24	96	192
\bigcirc	Exonuclease I	10	12	48	96
0	Nuclease-free water	170	204	816	1632
	Total	200	240	960	1920

- 3. Gently vortex mix, briefly centrifuge, and keep at room temperature.
- Place the tube of BD Rhapsody[™] Enhanced Cell Capture Beads with TCR/BCR Extension Mix on a 1.5-mL tube magnet for ≤1 minute. Discard the supernatant.
- 5. Remove the tube from the magnet and pipet 200 µL Exonuclease I Mix into the tube. Pipet-mix.
- 6. Incubate the bead suspension on thermomixer at 1,200 rpm and 37 °C for 30 minutes.
- 7. Incubate the bead suspension in the heat block at 80 °C for 20 minutes.
- 8. Place the tube on ice for ~1 minute.
- 9. Briefly spin the tube with the bead suspension.
- 10. Place the tube on the magnet for ≤ 1 minute until clear. Discard the supernatant.
- 11. Remove the tube from the magnet and pipet 200 μL of cold Bead Resuspension Buffer into the tube. Pipet-mix.

STOPPING POINT: Exonuclease I-treated beads can be stored at 2–8 °C for up to 3 months.

12. Proceed to library preparation.

2. TCR/BCR library amplification

Before you begin

- Obtain Exonuclease I-treated BD Rhapsody[™] Enhanced Cell Capture Beads.
- Thaw reagents in the BD Rhapsody™ Targeted mRNA and AbSeq Amplification Kit and the BD Rhapsody™ Mouse TCR/BCR Next Amplification Kit at room temperature, and then place on ice.

2.1 TCR/BCR PCR1

TCD/DCD DCD1 Miss

1. In the pre-amplification workspace, pipet the following reagents into a new 1.5-mL LoBind $^{\textcircled{R}}$ tube.

ICK/BC	R PCR I MIX	
Сар	Component	

Сар	Component	For 1 library (µL)	For 1 library with 20% overage (µL)	For 4 libraries with 20% overage (µL)	For 8 libraries with 20% overage (µL)
0	PCR MasterMix	100.00	120.00	480.00	960.00
	TCR/BCR Universal Oligo N1	10.00	12.00	48.00	96.00
	Bead RT/PCR Enhancer	12.00	14.40	57.6	115.20
	Mouse TCR N1 Primer ^a	2.40	2.88	11.52	23.04
	Mouse BCR N1 Primer ^a	2.40	2.88	11.52	23.04
Ο	Nuclease-free water	73.20	87.84	351.36	702.72
	Total	200.00	240.00	960.00	1920.00

a. If only doing TCR or BCR amplification, replace N1 primer volume with nuclease-free water. For example, if only doing TCR amplification, replace BCR N1 primer with nuclease-free water.

- 2. Gently vortex mix, briefly centrifuge, and place back on ice.
- 3. Briefly spin the tube with the bead suspension. Place the tube of beads in Bead Resuspension Buffer on a 1.5-mL magnet for ≤1 minute. Discard the supernatant.
- 4. Remove the tube from the magnet and resuspend the beads in 200 µL of TCR/BCR PCR1 Mix to create the TCR/BCR PCR1 Reaction Mix. Do not vortex.
- 5. Ensuring that the beads are fully resuspended, pipet 50 µL of TCR/BCR PCR1 Reaction Mix with beads into each of four 0.2-mL PCR tubes. Transfer any residual mix to one of the tubes.
- 6. Bring the TCR/BCR PCR1 Reaction Mix to the post-amplification workspace.
- 7. Run the following PCR program on the thermal cycler.

Step	Cycles	Temperature	Time
Hot start	1	95 °Cα	3 min
Denaturation	10-11 ^b	95 °C	30 seconds
Annealing		60 °C	1 min
Extension		72 °C	1 min
Final extension	1	72 °C	5 min
Hold	1	4 °C	×

PCR1 conditions for TCR/BCR panel

a. To avoid beads settling due to prolonged incubation time on the thermal cycler before the denaturation step, it is critical to pause the instrument at 95 °C before loading the samples. Different thermal cyclers might have different pause time settings. In certain brands of thermal cyclers, however, we have observed a step-skipping error with the pause/unpause functions. To ensure that the full 3-minute denaturation is not skipped, verify that the pause/unpause functions are working correctly on your thermal cycler. To avoid the step-skipping problem, a 1-minute 95 °C pause step can be added immediately before the 3-minute 95 °C denaturation step.

b. Recommended PCR cycles might need to be optimized for different cell types and cell number.

Recommended number of PCR cycles

Number of cells in PCR1	Recommended PCR cycles
7,500 - 10,000	11
20,000	10

8. Ramp the heated lid and heat block of the post-amplification thermal cycler to ≥95 °C by starting the thermal cycler program and then pausing it.

Note: Do not proceed to thermal cycling until each tube is gently mixed by pipette to ensure uniform bead suspension.

9. For each 0.2-mL PCR tube, gently pipet-mix, immediately place the tube in thermal cycler, and unpause the thermal cycler program.

STOPPING POINT: The PCR can run overnight, but proceed with purification within 24 hours after PCR.

- 10. After PCR, briefly centrifuge the tubes.
- 11. Put the tubes on a strip tube magnet for >30 seconds. Remove and carefully combine the supernatant in a new 1.5-mL LoBind[®] tube without disturbing the beads.

Important: Save the supernatant for purification of TCR/BCR PCR1 products. Keep on ice until proceeding to TCR/BCR PCR2.

12. Add 50 μL of Elution Buffer to each tube of beads and pipet-mix. Store at 4 °C until ready to proceed to Targeted PCR1 in 4. Targeted mRNA library amplification.

M Important: You must start Targeted PCR1 the same day you perform TCR/BCR PCR1.

2.2 TCR/BCR PCR1 cleanup

This section describes how to perform a single-sided AMPure[®] cleanup to remove primer dimers from the TCR/BCR PCR1 products. The final product is purified double-stranded DNA.

Note: Perform the purification in the post-amplification workspace.

1. In a new 5.0-mL LoBind[®] tube, prepare 5 mL of fresh 80% (v/v) ethyl alcohol by combining 4 mL absolute ethyl alcohol, molecular biology grade, with 1 mL nuclease-free water. Vortex the tube for 10 seconds to mix.

Note: Make fresh 80% ethyl alcohol and use it within 24 hours. The 80% ethyl alcohol volume should be adjusted depending on the number of libraries.

- 2. Bring the AMPure[®] XP magnetic beads to room temperature. Vortex on high speed for 1 minute until the beads are fully resuspended.
- 3. To 200 μL of TCR/BCR PCR1 products, pipet 140 μL AMPure[®] beads (from step 13 in 2.1 TCR/BCR PCR1).
- 4. Pipet-mix 10 times. Incubate at room temperature for 5 minutes.
- 5. Place the 1.5-mL LoBind $^{\textcircled{8}}$ tube on the magnet for 5 minutes. Discard the supernatant.
- 6. Keeping the tube on the magnet, gently add 500 μ L of fresh 80% ethyl alcohol into the tube and incubate for 30 seconds. Discard the supernatant.
- 7. Repeat step 6 once for a total of two washes.
- 8. Keeping the tube on the magnet, use a small-volume pipette to remove and discard any residual supernatant from the tube.
- 9. Air-dry the beads at room temperature for 5 minutes.
- 10. Remove the tube from the magnet and resuspend the bead pellet in 50 µL of Elution Buffer. Vigorously pipet-mix until the beads are uniformly dispersed. Small clumps do not affect performance.
- 11. Incubate at room temperature for 2 minutes and briefly centrifuge.
- 12. Place the tube on the magnet until the solution is clear, usually ~30 seconds.
- 13. Pipet the eluate (~50 μL) into a new 1.5-mL LoBind[®] tube (purified TCR/BCR PCR1 products).

STOPPING POINT: Store at 2–8 °C before proceeding within 24 hours or at –25 °C to –15 °C for up to 6 months.

2.3 TCR/BCR PCR2

This section describes how to amplify TCR/BCR products through PCR.

1. In the pre-amplification workspace, pipet reagents into a new 1.5-mL LoBind[®] tube on ice.

TCR and BCR PCR2 Mixes

Сар	Component	For 1 library (µL)	For 1 library with 20% overage (µL)	For 4 libraries with 20% overage (µL)	For 8 libraries with 20% overage (µL)
0	PCR MasterMix	25.0	30.0	120.0	240.0
	TCR/BCR Universal Oligo N2	2.0	2.4	9.6	19.2
	Mouse TCR N2 Primer or Mouse BCR N2 Primer ^a	6.0	7.2	28.8	57.6
0	Nuclease-free water	12.0	14.4	57.6	115.2
	Total	45.0	54.0	216.0	432.0

a. PCR2 mixes for TCR and BCR are made separately.

- 2. Gently vortex mix, briefly centrifuge, and place back on ice. Pipet 45 μ L of PCR2 Mix into one 0.2-mL PCR tube for each library.
- 3. Bring the TCR PCR2 Mix and the BCR PCR2 Mix to the post-amplification workspace.
- 4. Pipet 5.0 μL of PCR1 products into 45 μL of PCR2 Mix for each library to create the TCR PCR2 Reaction Mix and BCR PCR2 Reaction Mix, respectively.
- 5. Gently vortex and briefly centrifuge.
- 6. Run the following PCR program on the thermal cycler.

Step	Cycles	Temperature	Time	
Phase I:	1	95 ℃	3 min	
	15	95 °C	30 seconds	
		70–56 ℃	1 min	Press Option > Auto
		72 °C	1 min	Delta Starting cycle > "2" Delta > "1 degree" >
Phase II:	8	95 °C	30 seconds	Done The temperature
		60 °C	1 min	decreases by 1 °C each cycle, from 75 °C
		72 °C	1 min	to 56 °C.
	1	72 °C	5 min	
	1	4 °C	∞	

PCR2 conditions for TCR and BCR

STOPPING POINT: The PCR can run overnight.

2.4 TCR/BCR PCR2 cleanup

This section describes how to perform a single-sided AMPure[®] cleanup to remove primer dimers from the TCR and BCR PCR2 products. The final product is purified double-stranded DNA.

Note: Perform PCR2 purification in the post-amplification workspace.

1. In a new 5.0-mL LoBind[®] tube, prepare 5 mL fresh 80% (v/v) ethyl alcohol by combining 4 mL absolute ethyl alcohol, molecular biology grade, with 1 mL of nuclease-free water. Vortex the tube for 10 seconds to mix.

Note: Make fresh 80% ethyl alcohol and use it within 24 hours. The 80% ethyl alcohol volume should be adjusted depending on the number of libraries.

- 2. Bring AMPure[®] XP beads to room temperature and vortex at high speed for 1 minute until beads are fully resuspended.
- 3. To 50.0 μL PCR2 products, pipet 35 μL of AMPure[®] beads.
- 4. Pipet-mix 10 times and incubate at room temperature for 5 minutes.
- 5. Place the tube on the strip tube magnet for 3 minutes. Discard the supernatant.
- 6. Keeping the tube on the magnet, gently add 200 μ L of fresh 80% ethyl alcohol into the tube and incubate for 30 seconds. Discard the supernatant.
- 7. Repeat step 6 once for a total of two washes.
- 8. Keeping the tube on the magnet, use a small-volume pipette to remove and discard any residual supernatant from the tube.

- 9. Air-dry the beads at room temperature for 3 minutes.
- 10. Remove the tube from the magnet and resuspend the bead pellet in 50 µL of Elution Buffer. Pipet-mix until the beads are fully resuspended.
- 11. Incubate at room temperature for 2 minutes and briefly centrifuge.
- 12. Place the tube on the magnet until the solution is clear, usually ~30 seconds.
- 13. Pipet the eluate (~50 μ L) into a new 1.5-mL LoBind[®] tube.

STOPPING POINT: Store at 2–8 °C before proceeding on the same day, or at –25 °C to –15 °C for up to 6 months.

14. Estimate the concentration by quantifying 2 μL of the final sequencing library with a Qubit[™] Fluorometer using the Qubit[™] dsDNA HS Assay Kit. Follow the manufacturer's instructions.

2.5 TCR/BCR RPE

1. Dilute an aliquot of the TCR and BCR PCR2 products with nuclease-free water to 1.0 ng/µL.

Note: If PCR2 concentration is <1 ng/ μ L, increase the volume of PCR2 product needed to ensure 5 ng total concentration and decrease the volume of water in the Random Primer Mix accordingly.

2. In pre-amplification workspace, pipet the following reagents into a new 1.5 mL LoBind[®] tube:

Cαp	Component	For 1 library (µL)	For 1 library with 20% overage (µL)	For 4 libraries with 20% overage (µL)	For 8 libraries with 20% overage (µL)
0	TCR/BCR Extension Buffer	5.0	6.0	24.0	48.0
0	TCR/BCR Extension Primers	2.5	3.0	12.0	24.0
0	Nuclease-free water	Up to 34.0	Up to 40.8	Up to 163.2	Up to 326.4
	Total	41.5	49.8	199.2	398.4

Random Primer Mix

- 3. Pipet-mix the Random Primer Mix and keep at room temperature. Pipet 41.5 μL of Random Primer Mix into one 0.2-mL PCR tube for each library.
- Add 5 μL of 1.0 ng/μL purified TCR or BCR PCR2 products into each 0.2-mL PCR tube containing Random Primer Mix.
- 5. Perform denaturation and random priming on thermocycler using the following program:

Program

Temperature	Time	Cycles
95 ℃	5 min	
37 °C	5 min	1
25 ℃	15 min	

- 6. Briefly centrifuge the tube and keep at room temperature.
- 7. In pre-amplification workspace, pipet the following reagents into a new 1.5 mL LoBind[®] tube:

Cαp	Component	For 1 library (µL)	For 1 library with 20% overage (µL)	For 4 libraries with 20% overage (µL)	For 8 libraries with 20% overage (µL)
	dNTP	2.0	2.4	9.6	19.2
0	TCR/BCR Extension Enzyme	1.5	1.8	7.2	14.4
	Total	3.5	4.2	16.8	33.6

Primer Extension Enzyme Mix

- 8. Gently vortex mix, centrifuge, and place on ice.
- 9. Add 3.5 μL Primer Extension Enzyme Mix to the Random Priming Reaction tube to bring total volume up to 50 μL. Run the following protocol on a thermocycler for Extension:

Program

Temperature	Time	Cycles
25 ℃	10 min	
37 °C	15 min	1
45 ℃	10 min	
55 °C	10 min	

10. Remove the tubes from the thermocycler and prepare to purify RPE product.

2.6 TCR/BCR RPE cleanup

Note: Perform purification in the post-amplification workspace.

1. In a new 5.0-mL LoBind[®] tube, prepare 5 mL fresh 80% (v/v) ethyl alcohol by combining 4 mL absolute ethyl alcohol, molecular biology grade, with 1 mL of nuclease-free water. Vortex the tube for 10 seconds to mix.

Note: Make fresh 80% ethyl alcohol and use it within 24 hours. The 80% ethyl alcohol volume should be adjusted depending on the number of libraries.

- 2. Bring AMPure[®] XP beads to room temperature and vortex at high speed for 1 minute until beads are fully resuspended.
- 3. To the TCR and BCR RPE products, add 90 µL AMPure[®] beads.
- 4. Pipet-mix 10 times and incubate at room temperature for 5 minutes.
- 5. Place the tube on the strip tube magnet for 3 minutes. Discard the supernatant.
- 6. Keeping the tube on the magnet, gently add 200 μL of fresh 80% ethyl alcohol into the tube and incubate for 30 seconds. Discard the supernatant.
- 7. Repeat step 6 once for a total of two washes.
- 8. Keeping the tube on the magnet, use a small-volume pipette to remove and discard any residual supernatant from the tube.
- 9. Air-dry the beads at room temperature for 1 minute.
- 10. Remove tubes from the magnet and add 50 μ L of Elution Buffer.
- 11. Incubate at room temperature for 2 minutes and briefly centrifuge.
- 12. Place the tube on the magnet until the solution is clear, usually ≤30 seconds.
- 13. Pipet the entire eluate (~50 μ L) into a new 1.5-mL LoBind[®] tube separately (purified TCR and BCR RPE products).

2.7 TCR/BCR index PCR

This section describes how to generate TCR/BCR libraries compatible with the Illumina sequencing platform, by adding full-length Illumina sequencing adapters and indices through PCR.

1. In the pre-amplification workspace, pipet reagents into a new 1.5-mL LoBind[®] tube on ice.

Сар	Component	For 1 library (µL)	For 1 library with 20% overage (µL)	For 4 libraries with 20% overage (µL)	For 8 libraries with 20% overage (µL)
Ο	PCR MasterMix	25.0	30.0	120.0	240.0
	Library Forward Primer ^a	2.0	2.4	9.6	19.2
	Library Reverse Primer ^a	2.0	2.4	-	-
	Total	29.0	34.8	129.6	259.2

TCR/BCR Index PCR Mix

a. For more than one library, use different Library Reverse Primers for each TCR or BCR library. If needed, use the BD Rhapsody™ Dual Index Kit to process additional samples.

- 2. Gently vortex mix, briefly centrifuge, and place back on ice.
- 3. Bring the TCR/BCR Index PCR Mix to post-amplification workspace.

- 4. In new 0.2 mL PCR tubes, pipet 21 μ L of TCR/BCR RPE purified products into 29 μ L of TCR/BCR Index PCR Mix.
- 5. Gently vortex, and briefly centrifuge.
- 6. Run the following PCR program on the thermal cycler.

Index PCR conditions for TCR/BCR

Step	Cycles	Temperature	Time
Hot start	1	95 °C	3 min
Denaturation	10	95 °C	30 seconds
Annealing		60 °C	30 seconds
Extension		72 °C	30 seconds
Final extension	1	72 °C	1 min
Hold	1	4 °C	∞

STOPPING POINT: The PCR can run overnight.

2.8 TCR/BCR index PCR cleanup and quality check

This section describes how to perform a single-sided AMPure[®] cleanup to remove primer dimers from the TCR/BCR index PCR products. The final product is purified double-stranded DNA with full-length Illumina adapter sequences.

Note: Perform Index PCR purification in the post-amplification workspace.

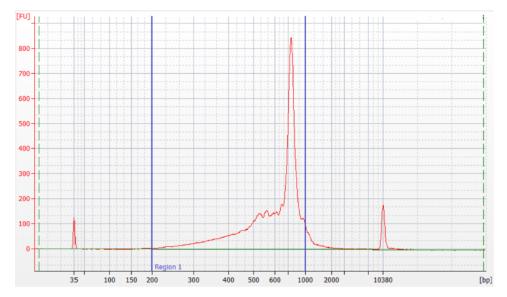
1. In a new 5.0-mL LoBind[®] tube, prepare 5 mL fresh 80% (v/v) ethyl alcohol by combining 4 mL absolute ethyl alcohol, molecular biology grade, with 1 mL of nuclease-free water. Vortex the tube for 10 seconds to mix.

Note: Make fresh 80% ethyl alcohol, and use it within 24 hours. The 80% ethyl alcohol volume should be adjusted depending on the number of libraries.

- 2. Bring AMPure[®] XP beads to room temperature and vortex at high speed for 1 minute until the beads are fully resuspended.
- 3. Briefly centrifuge all the index PCR products.
- 4. Transfer 40 μ L of the TCR and/or BCR index PCR products to a new strip tube or tubes.
- 5. Pipet 26 μ L of AMPure[®] beads.
- 6. Pipet-mix 10 times and incubate at room temperature for 5 minutes.
- 7. Place the tube on the strip tube magnet for 3 minutes. Discard the supernatant.
- 8. Keeping the tube on the magnet, gently add 200 μ L of fresh 80% ethyl alcohol into the tube and incubate for 30 seconds. Discard the supernatant.
- 9. Repeat step 7 for a total of two washes.

- 10. Keeping the tube on the magnet, use a small-volume pipette to remove and discard the residual supernatant from the tube.
- 11. Air-dry the beads at room temperature for 3 minutes.
- 12. Remove the tube from the magnet and resuspend the bead pellet in 50 μL of Elution Buffer. Pipet-mix until the beads are fully resuspended.
- 13. Incubate at room temperature for 2 minutes, and briefly centrifuge.
- 14. Place the tube on the magnet until the solution is clear, usually ~30 seconds.
- 15. Pipet the entire eluate (~50 μ L) into a new 1.5-mL LoBind[®] tube (final sequencing libraries).
- 16. Perform quality control before freezing samples.
 - a. Estimate the concentration by quantifying 2 μL of the final sequencing library with a Qubit[™] Fluorometer using the Qubit[™] dsDNA HS Kit to obtain an approximate concentration of PCR products to dilute for quantification on an Agilent 2100 Bioanalyzer. Follow the manufacturer's instructions. The expected concentration of the libraries is >1.5 ng/μL.
 - b. Measure the average fragment size of the TCR/BCR library within the size range of 200–1,000 bp by using the Agilent Bioanalyzer with the High Sensitivity Kit for 50–7,000 bp, 5–1,000 pg/µL. Follow the manufacturer's instructions.

Figure 1 Sample Bioanalyzer High Sensitivity DNA trace - TCR index PCR product



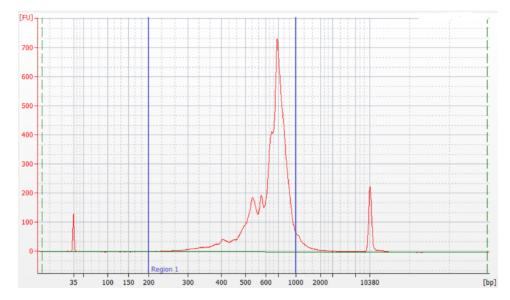


Figure 2 Sample Bioanalyzer High Sensitivity DNA trace - BCR index PCR product

 \triangle STOPPING POINT: Store at -25 °C to -15 °C for up to 6 months until sequencing.

3. BD® AbSeq library amplification

3.1 BD[®] AbSeq PCR1

This section describes how to amplify BD[®] AbSeq products through PCR.

1. In the pre-amplification workspace, pipet the following reagents into a new 1.5-mL LoBind[®] tube on ice.

Cαp	Component	For 1 library (µL)	For 1 library with 20% overage (µL)	For 4 libraries with 20% overage (µL)	For 8 libraries with 20% overage (µL)
Ο	PCR MasterMix	100.0	120.0	480.0	960.0
Ο	Universal Oligo	10.0	12.0	48.0	96.0
	BD [®] AbSeq Primer	10.0	12.0	48.0	96.0
Ο	Nuclease-free water	13.0	15.6	62.4	124.8
	Total	133.0	159.6	638.4	1276.8

BD[®] AbSeq PCR1 Mix

- 2. Gently vortex mix, briefly centrifuge, and place back on ice.
- In a new 1.5-mL tube, pipet 133 μL of the BD[®] AbSeq PCR1 Mix. Add 67 μL of the BD[®] AbSeq product from step 5 in 1.2 Denaturation and self-hybridization. Pipet-mix 10 times to create the BD[®] AbSeq PCR1 Reaction Mix. Do not vortex.

- 4. Pipet 50 μL BD[®] AbSeq PCR1 Reaction Mix into each of four 0.2-mL PCR tubes. Transfer any residual mix to one of the tubes.
- 5. Bring the BD[®] AbSeq PCR1 Reaction Mix to the post-amplification workspace.
- 6. Run the following PCR program on the thermal cycler.

PCR1 conditions for BD[®] AbSeq panel

Step	Cycles	Temperature	Time
Hot start	1	95 °C	3 min
Denaturation	10-11 ^a	95 °C	30 seconds
Annealing		60 °C	30 seconds
Extension		72 °C	1 min
Final extension	1	72 °C	5 min
Hold	1	4 °C	×

a. Recommended PCR cycles might need to be optimized for different cell types and cell number.

Recommended number of PCR cycles

Number of cells in PCR1	Recommended PCR cycles
7,500–10,000	11
20,000	10

STOPPING POINT: The PCR can run overnight.

- 7. After PCR, briefly centrifuge the tubes.
- 8. Pipet-mix and combine the four reactions into a new 1.5-mL LoBind[®] tube, labeled AbSeq PCR1. Keep the tube on ice.

3.2 BD[®] AbSeq PCR1 cleanup

This section describes how to perform a single-sided AMPure[®] cleanup to remove primer dimers from the BD[®] AbSeq PCR1 products. The final product is purified double-stranded DNA.

Note: Perform the purification in the post-amplification workspace.

1. In a new 5.0-mL LoBind[®] tube, prepare 5 mL of fresh 80% (v/v) ethyl alcohol by combining 4 mL absolute ethyl alcohol, molecular biology grade, with 1 mL nuclease-free water. Vortex the tube for 10 seconds to mix.

Note: Make fresh 80% ethyl alcohol and use it within 24 hours. The 80% ethyl alcohol volume should be adjusted depending on the number of libraries.

2. Bring the AMPure[®] XP magnetic beads to room temperature. Vortex on high speed for 1 minute until the beads are fully resuspended.

- 3. To 200 μL of BD[®] AbSeq PCR1 products, pipet 280 μL AMPure[®] beads (from step 8 in 3.1 BD® AbSeq PCR1).
- 4. Pipet-mix 10 times. Incubate at room temperature for 5 minutes.
- 5. Place the 1.5-mL LoBind[®] tube on the magnet for 5 minutes. Discard the supernatant.
- 6. Keeping the tube on the magnet, gently add 500 μ L of fresh 80% ethyl alcohol into the tube and incubate for 30 seconds. Discard the supernatant.
- 7. Repeat step 6 once for a total of two washes.
- 8. Keeping the tube on the magnet, use a small-volume pipette to remove and discard any residual supernatant from the tube.
- 9. Air-dry the beads at room temperature for 5 minutes.
- 10. Remove the tube from the magnet and resuspend the bead pellet in 50 μL of Elution Buffer. Vigorously pipet-mix until the beads are uniformly dispersed. Small clumps do not affect performance.
- 11. Incubate at room temperature for 2 minutes and briefly centrifuge.
- 12. Place the tube on the magnet until the solution is clear, usually ~30 seconds.
- 13. Pipet the eluate (~50 μL) into a new 1.5-mL LoBind[®] tube (purified BD[®] AbSeq PCR1 products).

STOPPING POINT: Store at 2–8 °C before proceeding within 24 hours or at –25 °C to –15 °C for up to 6 months.

3.3 BD[®] AbSeq PCR1 quality check

- 1. Measure the yield of the largest peak of the BD[®] AbSeq PCR1 product (~150 bp) by using the Agilent 2100 Bioanalyzer with the High Sensitivity Kit assay. Follow the manufacturer's instructions.
- 2. Based on the yield of the largest peak, dilute an aliquot of BD[®] AbSeq PCR1 product to 0.1–1.1 ng/µL with nuclease-free water before index PCR of BD[®] AbSeq PCR1 products. See 3.4 BD® AbSeq index PCR.

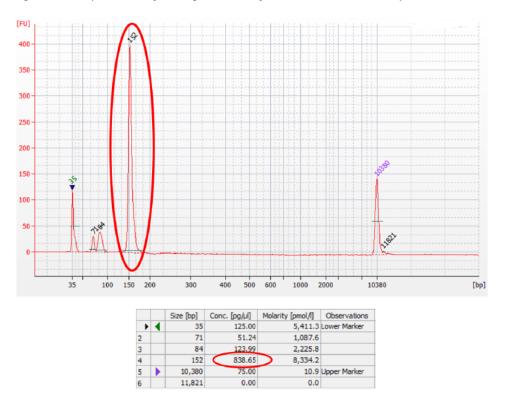


Figure 3 Sample Bioanalyzer High Sensitivity DNA trace - BD[®] AbSeq PCR1

3.4 BD[®] AbSeq index PCR

This section describes how to generate BD[®] AbSeq libraries compatible with the Illumina sequencing platform, by adding full-length Illumina sequencing adapters and indices through PCR.

1. In the pre-amplification workspace, pipet reagents into a new 1.5-mL LoBind[®] tube on ice.

Сар	Component	For 1 library (µL)	For 1 library with 20% overage (µL)	For 4 libraries with 20% overage (µL)	For 8 libraries with 20% overage (µL)
0	PCR MasterMix	25.0	30.0	120.0	240.0
	Library Forward Primer	2.0	2.4	9.6	19.2
	Library Reverse Primer 1–4 ^a	2.0	2.4	-	_
0	Nuclease-free water	18.0	21.6	86.4	172.8
	Total	47.0	56.4	216.0	432.0

BD[®] AbSeq Index PCR Mix

a. For more than one library, use different Library Reverse Primers for each library.

2. Gently vortex mix, briefly centrifuge, and place back on ice.

- 3. Bring the BD[®] AbSeq Index PCR Mix to post-amplification workspace.
- 4. In a new 0.2 mL PCR tube, pipet 3.0 μL of 0.1–1.1 ng/μL BD[®] AbSeq PCR1 product into 47 μL BD[®] AbSeq Index PCR Mix (from 3.3 BD® AbSeq PCR1 quality check3.3 BD® AbSeq PCR1 quality check3.3 BD® AbSeq PCR1 quality check). See the Concentration Index PCR input for BD[®] AbSeq libraries (ng/μL) in Recommended number of PCR cycles.
- 5. Gently vortex, and briefly centrifuge.
- 6. Run the following PCR program on the thermal cycler.

Index PCR conditions for BD[®] AbSeq

Step	Cycles	Temperature	Time
Hot start	1	95 °C	3 min
Denaturation	Refer to the	95 °C	30 seconds
Annealing	Recommended number of PCR	60 °C	30 seconds
Extension	cycles table	72 °C	30 seconds
Final extension	1	72 °C	1 min
Hold	1	4 °C	×

Recommended number of PCR cycles

Concentration Index PCR input for BD^{\circledast} AbSeq libraries (ng/ μL)	Recommended number of PCR cycles
0.5–1.1	6
0.25–0.5	7
0.1–0.25	8

STOPPING POINT: The PCR can run overnight.

3.5 BD[®] AbSeq index PCR cleanup and quality check

This section describes how to perform a single-sided AMPure[®] cleanup to remove primer dimers from the BD[®] AbSeq Index PCR products. The final product is purified double-stranded DNA with full-length Illumina adapter sequences.

Note: Perform Index PCR purification in the post-amplification workspace.

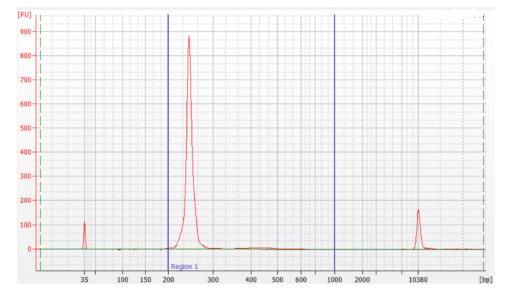
1. In a new 5.0-mL LoBind[®] tube, prepare 5 mL fresh 80% (v/v) ethyl alcohol by combining 4 mL absolute ethyl alcohol, molecular biology grade, with 1 mL of nuclease-free water. Vortex the tube for 10 seconds to mix.

Note: Make fresh 80% ethyl alcohol, and use it within 24 hours. The 80% ethyl alcohol volume should be adjusted depending on the number of libraries.

- 2. Bring AMPure[®] XP beads to room temperature and vortex at high speed for 1 minute until the beads are fully resuspended.
- 3. Briefly centrifuge all the index PCR products.

- 4. To 50.0 μL of the BD[®] AbSeq index PCR product, pipet 40 μL AMPure[®] beαds.
- 5. Pipet-mix 10 times and incubate at room temperature for 5 minutes.
- 6. Place the tube on the strip tube magnet for 3 minutes. Discard the supernatant.
- 7. Keeping the tube on the magnet, gently add 200 μ L of fresh 80% ethyl alcohol into the tube, and incubate for 30 seconds. Discard the supernatant.
- 8. Repeat step 7 for a total of two washes.
- 9. Keeping the tube on the magnet, use a small-volume pipette to remove and discard the residual supernatant from the tube.
- 10. Air-dry the beads at room temperature for 3 minutes.
- 11. Remove the tube from the magnet and resuspend the bead pellet in 50 μL of Elution Buffer. Pipet-mix until the beads are fully resuspended.
- 12. Incubate at room temperature for 2 minutes, and briefly centrifuge.
- 13. Place the tube on the magnet until the solution is clear, usually ~30 seconds.
- 14. Pipet the entire eluate (~50 μ L) into a new 1.5-mL LoBind[®] tube (final sequencing libraries).
- 15. Perform quality control before freezing samples.
 - a. Estimate the concentration by quantifying 2 μL of the final sequencing library with a Qubit[™] Fluorometer using the Qubit[™] dsDNA HS Kit to obtain an approximate concentration of PCR products to dilute for quantification on an Agilent 2100 Bioanalyzer. Follow the manufacturer's instructions. The expected concentration of the libraries is >1.5 ng/μL.
 - b. Measure the average fragment size of the BD[®] AbSeq library within the size range of 200–1,000 bp by using the Agilent Bioanalyzer with the High Sensitivity Kit for 50–7,000 bp, 5–1,000 pg/µL. Follow the manufacturer's instructions.

Figure 4 Sample Bioanalyzer High Sensitivity DNA trace - BD® AbSeq index PCR product



A STOPPING POINT: Store at –25 °C to –15 °C for up to 6 months until sequencing.

4. Targeted mRNA library amplification

Before you begin

- Obtain Exonuclease I-treated BD Rhapsody™ Enhanced Cell Capture Beads.
- Thaw the reagents in the BD Rhapsody[™] Targeted mRNA and AbSeq Amplification Kit at room temperature, and then place on ice.

4.1 Targeted mRNA PCR1

PCR1 reactions for the TCR/BCR panel and Targeted mRNA panel are performed separately on the bead. TCR/BCR panel amplification is performed first, followed by Targeted mRNA panel amplification. There is a required 95 °C bead wash step after PCR1 of TCR/BCR and before PCR1 of Targeted mRNA panel.

M Important: You must start Targeted PCR1 the same day you perform TCR/BCR PCR1.

Note: Use the entire sample of beads. Sub-sampling beads is not recommended for TCR/BCR FL +Targeted mRNA + $BD^{(B)}$ AbSeq combination assays.

Important: The next steps describe a 95 °C bead wash that is critical for removing unwanted products from beads before adding Targeted mRNA panel PCR1 reaction mixture.

1. In the pre-amplification workspace, pipet the following reagents into a new 1.5-mL LoBind[®] tube.

Сар	Component	For 1 library (µL)	For 1 library with 20% overage (µL)	For 4 libraries with 20% overage (µL)	For 8 libraries with 20% overage (µL)
Ο	PCR MasterMix	100.00	120.00	480.00	960.00
0	Universal Oligo	10.00	12.00	48.00	96.00
	Bead RT/PCR Enhancer	12.00	14.40	57.6	115.20
	Mouse PCR1 Targeted mRNA Primer panel	40.00	48.00	192.00	384.00
0	Nuclease-free water	38.00	45.60	182.40	364.68
	Total	200.00	240.00	960.00	1920.00

Targeted mRNA PCR1 Mix

Note: Store on ice or at 4 °C while waiting for TCR/BCR PCR1 panel amplification to be completed.

2. Obtain the beads suspended in Elution Buffer from step 12 in 2.1 TCR/BCR PCR1. Pipet-mix. Immediately incubate on the thermocycler at 95 °C for 1 minute.

Important: Do not incubate for more than 1 minute.

- 3. Spin the tubes briefly, if necessary. Immediately put the tubes on a strip tube magnet and discard supernatant.
- 4. Add 50 μ L of the Targeted mRNA PCR1 Reaction Mix to each tube.
- 5. Run the following PCR program on the thermal cycler.

PCR1 conditions for Targeted mRNA panel

Step	Cycles	Temperature	Time
Hot start	1	95 °Cα	3 min
Denaturation	10-11 ^b	95 °C	30 seconds
Annealing		60 °C	3 min
Extension		72 °C	1 min
Final extension	1	72 °C	5 min
Hold	1	4 °C	∞

a. To avoid beads settling due to prolonged incubation time on the thermal cycler before the denaturation step, it is critical to pause the instrument at 95 °C before loading the samples. Different thermal cyclers might have different pause time settings. In certain brands of thermal cyclers, however, we have observed a step-skipping error with the pause/unpause functions. To ensure that the full 3-minute denaturation is not skipped, verify that the pause/unpause functions are working correctly on your thermal cycler. To avoid the step-skipping problem, a 1-minute 95 °C pause step can be added immediately before the 3-minute 95 °C denaturation step.

b. Recommended PCR cycles might need to be optimized for different cell types and cell number.

Recommended number of PCR cycles

Number of cells in PCR1	Recommended PCR cycles
7,500–10,000	11
20,000	10

6. Ramp the heated lid and heat block of the post-amplification thermal cycler to ≥95 °C by starting the thermal cycler program and then pausing it.

Important: Do not proceed to thermal cycling until each tube is gently mixed by pipette to ensure uniform bead suspension.

7. For each 0.2-mL PCR tube, gently pipet-mix, immediately place the tube in thermal cycler, and unpause the thermal cycler program.

STOPPING POINT: The PCR can run overnight, but proceed with purification within 24 hours after PCR.

- 8. Place the 0.2-mL PCR tubes on a magnet for ≤ 1 minute. Retain the supernatant.
- 9. For each sample, collect and combine the supernatant from the four 0.2-mL PCR tubes into one new 1.5-mL LoBind[®] tube.
- 10. For each sample, add 50 μL of cold Bead Resuspension Buffer to each 0.2-mL PCR tube, and then combine the beads into a new 1.5-mL LoBind[®] tube.
- 11. Store the beads at 2–8 °C in the post-amplification workspace.

4.2 Targeted mRNA PCR1 cleanup

Note: Perform the purification in the post-amplification workspace.

1. In a new 5.0-mL LoBind[®] tube, prepare 5 mL of fresh 80% (v/v) ethyl alcohol by combining 4 mL absolute ethyl alcohol, molecular biology grade, with 1 mL nuclease-free water. Vortex the tube for 10 seconds to mix.

Note: Make fresh 80% ethyl alcohol and use it within 24 hours. The 80% ethyl alcohol volume should be adjusted depending on the number of libraries.

- 2. Bring the AMPure[®] XP magnetic beads to room temperature. Vortex on high speed for 1 minute until the beads are fully resuspended.
- 3. Briefly centrifuge PCR1 products.
- 4. Pipet 140 μL of AMPure[®] beads into Targeted mRNA PCR1 products.
- 5. Pipet-mix 10 times. Incubate at room temperature for 5 minutes.
- 6. Place the 1.5-mL LoBind $^{\textcircled{R}}$ tube on the magnet for 5 minutes. Discard the supernatant.
- 7. Keeping the tube on the magnet, gently add 500 μ L of fresh 80% ethyl alcohol into the tube and incubate for 30 seconds. Discard the supernatant.
- 8. Repeat step 7 once for a total of two washes.
- 9. Keeping the tube on the magnet, use a small-volume pipette to remove and discard any residual supernatant from the tube.
- 10. Air-dry the beads at room temperature for 5 minutes.
- 11. Remove the tube from the magnet and resuspend the bead pellet in 50 μL of Elution Buffer. Vigorously pipet-mix until the beads are uniformly dispersed. Small clumps do not affect performance.
- 12. Incubate at room temperature for 2 minutes and briefly centrifuge.
- 13. Place the tube on the magnet until the solution is clear, usually ~30 seconds.
- 14. Pipet the eluate (~50 μ L) into a new 1.5-mL LoBind[®] tube (purified Targeted mRNA PCR1 products).

STOPPING POINT: Store at 2–8 °C before proceeding within 24 hours or at –25 °C to –15 °C for up to 6 months.

4.3 Targeted mRNA PCR2

1. In the pre-amplification workspace, pipet reagents into a new 1.5-mL LoBind[®] tube on ice.

Targeted mRNA Mix

Сар	Component	For 1 library (µL)	For 1 library with 20% overage (µL)	For 4 libraries with 20% overage (µL)	For 8 libraries with 20% overage (µL)
0	PCR MasterMix	25.0	30.0	120.0	240.0
0	Universal Oligo	2.0	2.4	9.6	19.2
	Mouse PCR2 Targeted mRNA Primer panel	10.0	12.0	48.0	96.0
0	Nuclease-free water	8.0	9.6	38.4	76.8
	Total	45.0	54.0	216.0	432.0

- 2. Gently vortex mix, briefly centrifuge, and place back on ice. Pipet 45 μL of Targeted mRNA PCR2 Mix into one 0.2-mL PCR tube for each library.
- 3. Bring the Targeted mRNA PCR2 Mix to the post-amplification workspace.
- 4. Pipet 5.0 μL of purified Targeted mRNA PCR1 products into 45 μL of Targeted mRNA PCR2 Mix to create the Targeted mRNA PCR2 Reaction Mix.
- 5. Gently vortex and briefly centrifuge.
- 6. Run the following PCR program on the thermal cycler.

PCR2 conditions for Targeted mRNA

Step	Cycles	Temperature	Time
Hot start	1	95 °C	3 min
Denaturation	10	95 °C	30 seconds
Annealing		60 °C	3 min
Extension		72 °C	1 min
Final extension	1	72 °C	5 min
Hold	1	4 °C	œ

STOPPING POINT: The PCR can run overnight.

4.4 Targeted mRNA PCR2 cleanup

Note: Perform PCR2 purification in the post-amplification workspace.

1. In a new 5.0-mL LoBind[®] tube, prepare 5 mL fresh 80% (v/v) ethyl alcohol by combining 4 mL absolute ethyl alcohol, molecular biology grade, with 1 mL of nuclease-free water. Vortex the tube for 10 seconds to mix.

Note: Make fresh 80% ethyl alcohol and use it within 24 hours. The 80% ethyl alcohol volume should be adjusted depending on the number of libraries.

- 2. Bring AMPure[®] XP beads to room temperature and vortex at high speed for 1 minute until beads are fully resuspended.
- 3. Briefly centrifuge the PCR2 products.
- 4. Pipet 40 μ L of AMPure[®] beads into the Targeted mRNA PCR2 products.
- 5. Pipet-mix 10 times and incubate at room temperature for 5 minutes.
- 6. Place the tube on the strip tube magnet for 3 minutes. Discard the supernatant.
- 7. Keeping the tube on the magnet, gently add 200 μ L of fresh 80% ethyl alcohol into the tube and incubate for 30 seconds. Discard the supernatant.
- 8. Repeat step 6 once for a total of two washes.
- 9. Keeping the tube on the magnet, use a small-volume pipette to remove and discard any residual supernatant from the tube.
- 10. Air-dry the beads at room temperature for 3 minutes.
- 11. Remove the tube from the magnet and resuspend the bead pellet in 50 μL of Elution Buffer. Pipet-mix until the beads are fully resuspended.
- 12. Incubate at room temperature for 2 minutes and briefly centrifuge.
- 13. Place the tube on the magnet until the solution is clear, usually ~30 seconds.
- 14. Pipet the eluate (~50 μ L) into a new 1.5-mL LoBind[®] tube (purified Targeted mRNA PCR2 products).

STOPPING POINT: Store at 2–8 °C before proceeding on the same day, or at –25 °C to –15 °C for up to 6 months.

15. Estimate the concentration by quantifying 2 μL of the final sequencing library with a Qubit[™] Fluorometer using the Qubit[™] dsDNA HS Assay Kit. Follow the manufacturer's instructions.

4.5 Targeted mRNA index PCR

This section describes how to generate Targeted mRNA libraries compatible with the Illumina sequencing platform, by adding full-length Illumina sequencing adapters and indices through PCR.

1. In the pre-amplification workspace, pipet reagents into a new 1.5-mL LoBind[®] tube on ice.

Сар	Component	For 1 library (µL)	For 1 library with 20% overage (µL)	For 4 libraries with 20% overage (µL)	For 8 libraries with 20% overage (µL)
0	PCR MasterMix	25.0	30.0	120.0	240.0
	Library Forward Primer	2.0	2.4	9.6	19.2
	Library Reverse Primer 1–4 ^a	2.0	2.4	-	-
0	Nuclease-free water	18.0	21.6	86.4	172.8
	Total	47.0	56.4	216.0	432.0

Targeted mRNA Index PCR Mix

a. For more than one library, use different Library Reverse Primers for each library.

- 2. Gently vortex mix, briefly centrifuge, and place back on ice.
- 3. Bring the Targeted mRNA Index PCR Mix to post-amplification workspace.
- 4. In new 0.2 mL PCR tubes, dilute PCR2 products to 0.5ng/μL and pipet 3.0 μL into 47.0 μL of Targeted mRNA index PCR mix.
- 5. Gently vortex, and briefly centrifuge.
- 6. Run the following PCR program on the thermal cycler.

Index PCR conditions for Targeted mRNA

Step	Cycles	Temperature	Time
Hot start	1	95 °C	3 min
Denaturation	10	95 °C	30 seconds
Annealing		60 °C	30 seconds
Extension		72 °C	30 seconds
Final extension	1	72 °C	1 min
Hold	1	4 °C	∞

STOPPING POINT: The PCR can run overnight.

4.6 Targeted mRNA index PCR cleanup and quality check

Note: Perform PCR purification in the post-amplification workspace.

1. In a new 5.0-mL LoBind[®] tube, prepare 5 mL fresh 80% (v/v) ethyl alcohol by combining 4 mL absolute ethyl alcohol, molecular biology grade, with 1 mL of nuclease-free water. Vortex the tube for 10 seconds to mix.

Note: Make fresh 80% ethyl alcohol, and use it within 24 hours. The 80% ethyl alcohol volume should be adjusted depending on the number of libraries.

- 2. Bring AMPure[®] XP beads to room temperature and vortex at high speed for 1 minute until the beads are fully resuspended.
- 3. Briefly centrifuge all the index PCR products.
- 4. To 50.0 μ L of the Targeted mRNA index PCR products, pipet 35 μ L of AMPure[®] beads.
- 5. Pipet-mix 10 times and incubate at room temperature for 5 minutes.
- 6. Place the tube on the strip tube magnet for 3 minutes. Discard the supernatant.
- 7. Keeping the tube on the magnet, gently add 200 μ L of fresh 80% ethyl alcohol into the tube and incubate for 30 seconds. Discard the supernatant.
- 8. Repeat step 7 for a total of two washes.
- 9. Keeping the tube on the magnet, use a small-volume pipette to remove and discard the residual supernatant from the tube.
- 10. Air-dry the beads at room temperature for 3 minutes.
- 11. Remove the tube from the magnet and resuspend the bead pellet in 50 μL of Elution Buffer. Pipet-mix until the beads are fully resuspended.
- 12. Incubate at room temperature for 2 minutes, and briefly centrifuge.
- 13. Place the tube on the magnet until the solution is clear, usually ~30 seconds.
- 14. Pipet the entire eluate (~50 μ L) into a new 1.5-mL LoBind[®] tube (final sequencing libraries).
- 15. Perform quality control before freezing samples.
 - a. Estimate the concentration by quantifying 2 µL of the final sequencing library with a Qubit[™] Fluorometer using the Qubit[™] dsDNA HS Kit to obtain an approximate concentration of PCR products to dilute for quantification on an Agilent 2100 Bioanalyzer. Follow the manufacturer's instructions. The expected concentration of the libraries is >1.5 ng/µL.
 - b. Measure the average fragment size of the Targeted mRNA library within the size range of 200–1,000 bp by using the Agilent Bioanalyzer with the High Sensitivity Kit for 50–7,000 bp, 5–1,000 pg/µL. Follow the manufacturer's instructions.

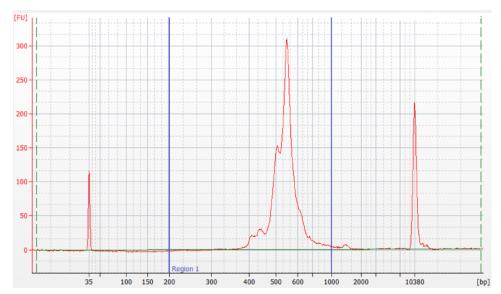


Figure 5 Sample Bioanalyzer High Sensitivity DNA trace - mRNA Targeted index PCR product

STOPPING POINT: Store $\alpha t - 25$ °C to -15 °C for up to 6 months until sequencing.

Sequencing

The sequencing depth for each library is dependent on application. For cell-type clustering, shallow sequencing is sufficient. However, for in-depth analysis, such as comparison across multiple samples, deep sequencing is advised. We recommend meeting the requirement for recursive substitution error correction (RSEC) sequencing depth of \geq 6 to reach the threshold of sequencing saturation where most molecules of the library have been recovered, approximately 80%. The RSEC sequencing depth and sequencing saturation are both reported by the analysis pipeline. The actual sequencing reads/cell required to achieve this depth can vary as it is dependent on the gene expression levels, number of cells, and sequencing run quality. The following reads/cell are recommended for Targeted mRNA, BD[®] AbSeq, TCR, and BCR libraries.

Read requirements for libraries

Library	Read requirement for data analysis
Targeted mRNA	~2,000-20,000 reads/cell ^a
BD [®] AbSeq	1,000 reads/cell/AbSeq ^b
TCR	~5,000 reads/T cell
BCR	~5,000 reads/B cell

a. 2,000 reads/cell can be sufficient for cell-type clustering and classification. For deeply saturated sequencing (RSEC depth >6), use 20,000 reads/cell.

b. The amount of sequencing needed for BD[®] AbSeq libraries will vary depending on application, BD[®] AbSeq panel plexy, and cell type.

Pooling libraries for sequencing

The efficiency of sequencing on Illumina instruments is influenced by many conditions, library size being one of them. The TCR and BCR libraries are ~200–300 bp larger than the Targeted mRNA library and ~600 bp larger than the BD[®] AbSeq library which will cause them to produce less sequencing data if pooled in a 1:1 ratio with the other libraries. To overcome the difference in sequencing efficiency, more DNA of the TCR and BCR libraries needs to be included in the pool than would be expected when calculating ratios based on read depth. The following tables show examples of different pooling strategies and the expected sequencing outcome, with and without correction for the size of the TCR and BCR libraries. Validation data indicates a 3X volume correction factor is needed for sequencing TCR and BCR libraries with Targeted mRNA and BD[®] AbSeq libraries.

Important: BD[®] AbSeq libraries can be sequenced together or separately from Targeted mRNA and TCR/BCR libraries. For optimal clustering of TCR/BCR libraries on Illumina platforms, however, we recommend sequencing BD[®] AbSeq libraries separately.

Example of pooling with no correction

In this example, a total of 5,000 enriched T cells were processed with a 10-plex BD[®] AbSeq panel. These calculations assume the TCR library, and BCR library if included, sequences at 1/3 the efficiency of the Targeted mRNA and BD[®] AbSeq libraries, supported by internal testing.

Α	В	с	D	E	F	G
Library type	Number of cells	Expected reads/cell	Reads needed	Pooling ratio	Sequencing results	Sequencing results (reads/cell)
Targeted mRNA	5,000	2,000	10,000,000	12%	12,816,901	2,563
TCR	5,000	5,000	25,000,000	29%	8,333,333	1,667
BD [®] AbSeq	5,000	10,000	50,000,000	59%	63,849,765	12,770
Total			85,000,000	100%	85,000,000	-

Pooling for Targeted mRNA, TCR, and BD[®] AbSeq libraries

After sequencing, the reads/cell for the TCR library (Column G) does not match with and are much lower than the expectation (Column C), because it does not sequence as efficiently as the Targeted mRNA library. The remaining reads are allotted to the Targeted mRNA library resulting in almost three times more reads than required. To obtain the desired number of reads/cell for each library, a correction factor is required for pooling calculations.

Example of pooling with correction

In this example, the same sample as in the previous one was pooled using a correction factor of 3 for the TCR library to overcome the differences in sequencing efficiency. The amount of data needing to be generated (Column D) is based on the cell number (Column B) and expected number of reads per cell (Column C). Based on this example, 85 million reads are needed to achieve the appropriate read depths. Changing the pooling ratios by correcting for the lower TCR sequencing efficiency will help ensure the correct amount of data is generated for each library. This modified pooling scheme, however, does not change the total amount of data needing to be generated, which is 85 million reads.

Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	I	J
Library type	Number of cells	Expected reads/cell	Reads needed	Pooling ratio before correction	Correction	Reads needed for pooling	Pooling ratio with correction	Sequencing results	Sequencing results (reads/cell)
Targeted mRNA	5,000	2,000	10,000,000	12%	N/A	10,000,000	7%	10,000,000	2,000
TCR	5,000	5,000	25,000,000	29%	3 ^a	75,000,000	56%	25,000,000	5,000
BD [®] AbSeq	5,000	10,000	50,000,000	59%	N/A	50,000,000	37%	50,000,000	10,000
Total			85,000,000 ^b	100%	-	135,000,000 ^c	100%	85,000,000	-

Pooling for Targeted mRNA, TCR, and BD[®] AbSeq libraries

a. The 3X correction factor is a recommended starting point and some fine tuning may be required to achieve the optimal library balance.

b. Total amount of data to be requested from the sequencing facility plus 3% PhiX.

c. Read total only for pooling purposes.

After sequencing, the total amount of data generated (Column I) as well as the reads/cell for each library (Column J) are as expected (Column D and C, respectively). The correction for library pooling did not change the amount of data generated (85 million reads), but helped ensure the data was spread out appropriately to each library.

Example of pooling with a mixed population

The following table shows the pooling logic for a mixed population of cells such as PBMCs stained with a 10-plex BD[®] AbSeq panel, assuming 40% T cells and 30% B cells.

Pooling for Targeted mRNA, TCR, BCR, and BD[®] AbSeq libraries

Α	В	с	D	E	F	G	н	I	J
Library type	Number of cells	Expected reads/cell	Reads needed	Pooling ratio before correction	Correction	Reads needed for pooling	Pooling ratio with correction	Sequencing results	Sequencing results (reads/cell)
Targeted mRNA	10,000	5,000	50,000,000	27%	N/A	50,000,000	20%	50,000,000	5,000
TCR	4,000	5,000	20,000,000	11%	3 ^a	60,000,000	24%	20,000,000	5,000
BCR	3,000	5,000	15,000,000	8%	3 ^a	45,000,000	17%	15,000,000	5,000
BD [®] AbSeq	10,000	10,000	100,000,000	54%	N/A	100,000,000	39%	100,000,000	10,000
Total			185,000,000 ^b	100%	-	255,000,000 ^c	100%	185,000,000	-

a. The 3X correction factor is a recommended starting point and some fine tuning may be required to achieve the optimal library balance.

b. Total amount of data to be requested from the sequencing facility plus 3% PhiX.

c. Read total only for pooling purposes.

Example of pooling with correction while sequencing the BD[®] AbSeq library separately

The following table shows the pooling logic for the previous example of a mixed population where the BD[®] AbSeq library is sequenced alone and the Targeted mRNA, TCR, and BCR libraries are sequenced together.

Pooling for BD[®] AbSeq library

A	В	С	D	E	F	G
Library type	Number of cells	Expected reads/cell	Reads needed	Pooling ratio	Sequencing results	Sequencing results (reads/cell)
BD [®] AbSeq	10,000	10,000	100,000,000	100%	100,000,000	10,000
Total			100,000,000 ^a	100%	100,000,000	-

a. Total amount of data to be requested from the sequencing facility plus AbSeq PhiX.

Pooling for Targeted mRNA, TCR, and BCR libraries

Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	н	I	J
Library type	Number of cells	Expected reads/cell	Reads needed	Pooling ratio before correction	Correction	Reads needed for pooling	Pooling ratio with correction	Sequencing results	Sequencing results (reads/cell)
Targeted mRNA	10,000	5,000	50,000,000	59%	N/A	50,000,000	32%	50,000,000	5,000
TCR	4,000	5,000	20,000,000	23%	3 ^a	60,000,000	39%	20,000,000	5,000
BCR	3,000	5,000	15,000,000	18%	3 ^a	45,000,000	29%	15,000,000	5,000
Total			85,000,000b	100%	_	155,000,000 c	100%	100,000,000	-

a. The 3X correction factor is a recommended starting point and some fine tuning may be required to achieve the optimal library balance.

b. Total amount of data to be requested from the sequencing facility plus 3% PhiX.

c. Read total only for pooling purposes.

Additional considerations

- The 3X volume correction factor is a recommended starting place for pooling these libraries. This may need to be adjusted to accommodate different types of flow cells (for example, patterned vs non-patterned).
- It can be easier to achieve the desired sequencing depth when sequencing multiple TCR or BCR libraries alone since all the libraries are the same size. Pooling will not require a correction and will only be dependent on the number of cells and the reads/cell. This scheme, however, would require 10–15% PhiX, rather than the 3% PhiX when sequencing with the Targeted mRNA library.
- Sequencing BD[®] AbSeq libraries separately can help ensure each library receives enough data during sequencing due to size discrepancies. However, these libraries can be successfully sequenced in combination with Targeted mRNA, TCR, and BCR libraries.
- All libraries derived from the same cartridge can be indexed with the same Illumina indices or reverse index primer from the BD Rhapsody[™] reagents. The primary analysis pipeline can differentiate the library types (for example, Targeted mRNA vs TCR) based on their structure and sequences. Demultiplexing statistics are reported from the pipeline, but should these statistics be desired prior to running the pipeline, then unique indices will be required for each library.

For additional support with pooling and sequencing, reach out to your local Field Application Specialist (FAS) or scomix@bdscomix.bd.com.

Sequencing flow cell loading and PhiX concentrations

Quantifying libraries

Calculate the molar concentration of Targeted mRNA, BD[®] AbSeq, and TCR/BCR libraries using Qubit^M quantitation concentration (ng/µL) and average Bioanalyzer size (200–1000 bp). For TCR/BCR libraries, the expected Qubit^M concentration should be >1.5 ng/µL. Use the calculated molar concentrations to pool libraries.

BD[®] AbSeq libraries

For a NextSeq High or Mid Output and MiniSeq High or Mid Output runs, load the flow cell at a concentration between 1.8–2.2 pm with 1% PhiX for a sequencing run.

Required parameters

Parameter	Requirement
Platform	Illumina: 150 cycle kit
Paired-end reads	Minimum of 51 × 71 paired read length
PhiX	Required (1%)
Analysis	See the BD [®] Single-Cell Multiomics Bioinformatics Handbook

Targeted mRNA and TCR/BCR libraries (with or without BD[®] AbSeq/Sample Tag)

For a NextSeq High or Mid Output and MiniSeq High or Mid Output runs, load the flow cell at a concentration between 1.4–1.8 pm with 3% PhiX. For other sequencers follow Illumina recommendations for loading concentration and use 3% PhiX.

Set up sequencing run on Illumina[®] BaseSpace. Enter the pooled libraries as one sample if libraries were made with the same Library Forward primer but with different i7 indices.

Parameter	Requirement
Platform	Illumina: 300 cycle kit
Paired-end reads	Minimum: 65 × 150 ^a paired read length Recommended: 150 × 150 ^a paired read length
PhiX	Required (3%)
Analysis	See the BD [®] Single-Cell Multiomics Bioinformatics Handbook

Required parameters

a. For optimal assembly, use the sequencing configuration 85 × 215 paired read length.

Sequencing analysis pipeline

Contact customer support at scomix.bd.com for access to the latest whole transcriptome sequencing analysis pipeline.

Appendix

Illumina Index 1 (i7) sequences

Library Reverse Primer	Sequence
1	GCTACGCT
2	CGAGGCTG
3	AAGAGGCA
4	GTAGAGGA

Illumina Index 2 (i5) sequence

Primer	Sequence
Library Forward Primer	TATAGCCT

Mouse T cell PCR1 primers

Primer name	Primer sequence (5'-3')		
Ms_TRAC_N1	TTTTCGGCACATTGATTTGGGAG		
Ms_TRBC_N1	CTCAGGCAGTAGCTATAATTGCT		
Ms_TRDC_N1	CAATCTTCTTGGATGATCTGAGACT		
Ms_TRGC1- TRGC2_N1	GGAAAGAACTTTTCAAGGAGACAAAGG		

Mouse T cell PCR2 primers

Primer name	Primer sequence (5'-3')		
Ms_TRAC_N2	AGGTTCTGGGTTCTGGATGT		
Ms_TRBC_N2	CAATCTCTGCTTTTGATGGCTC		
Ms_TRDC_N2	GTAGAAATCTTTCACCAGACAAGC		
Ms_TRGC1- TRGC2_N2	TTGGGGGAAATGTCTGCA		
Ms_TRGC4_N2	ATAGTAGGCTTGGGAGAAAAGTCTGA		

Mouse B cell PCR1 primers

Primer name	Primer sequence (5'–3')		
Ms_IGHA_N1	AACTGGCTGCTCATGGTGTA		
Ms_IGHD_N1	AAGTGTGGTTGAGGTTCAGTTCTG		
Ms_IGHE_N1	GAAGTTCACAGTGCTCATGTTC		
Ms_IGHG1_N1	CAGAGTGTAGAGGTCAGACT		
Ms_IGHG2A- IGHG2C_N1	TCGAGGTTACAGTCACTGAG		
Ms_IGHG2B_N1	GATCCAGAGTTCCAAGTCACAG		
Ms_IGHG3_N1	TACGTTGCAGATGACAGTCT		
Ms_IGHM_N1	TGGATGACTTCAGTGTTGTTCTG		
Ms_IGKC_N1	TGTAGGTGCTGTCTTTGCTG		
Ms_IGLC1_N1	CTGTAACTGCTATGCCTTTCCC		
Ms_IGLC2-IGLC3_ N1	TTGGTGGGATTTGAAGTGTCC		

Mouse B cell PCR2 primers

Primer name	Primer sequence (5'–3')		
Ms_IGHA_N2	TGTCAGTGGGTAGATGGTGG		
Ms_IGHD_N2	CTGACTTCCAATTACTAAACAGCC		
Ms_IGHE_N2	TAGAGCTGAGGGTTCCTGATAG		
Ms_IGHG1_N2	CAGTGGATAGACAGATGGGGGT		
Ms_IGHG2A- IGHG2C_N2	ATGGGGCTGTTGTTTTGG		
Ms_IGHG2B_N2	GTGGATAGACTGATGGGGGGTGTT		
Ms_IGHG3_N2	AGGGAAGTAGCCTTTGACAAG		
Ms_IGHM_N2	GACATTTGGGAAGGACTGACTC		
Ms_IGKC_N2	AGATGTTAACTGCTCACTGGATG		
Ms_IGLC1_N2	GTTAGTCTCGAGCTCTTCAGA		
Ms_IGLC2-IGLC3_N2	CAGTGTGGCTTTGTTTTCCT		

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