Solution Strategy BD Rhapsody[™] System mRNA Whole Transcriptome Analysis (WTA), BD[®] AbSeq, and Sample Tag Library Preparation Protocol

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Regulatory information

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History

Revision	Date	Change made
23-24120(01)	2021-12	Initial release.
23-24120(02)	2022-11	Updated for BD Rhapsody™ Enhanced Cell Capture Beads version 2.0.
		In the Appendix, added BD® Flex SMK sequences on page 43.

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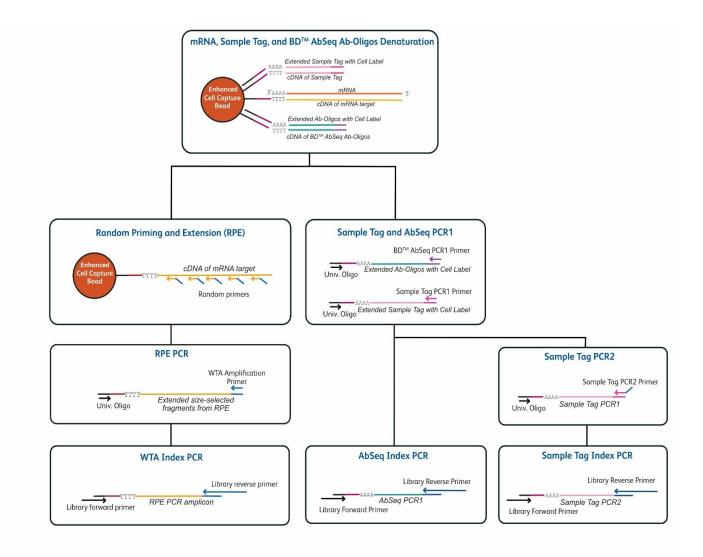
Introduction

This protocol provides instructions on creating single-cell whole transcriptome mRNA, AbSeq, and Sample Tag libraries after cell capture on the BD Rhapsody[™] Single-Cell Analysis system or the BD Rhapsody[™] Express Single-Cell Analysis system for sequencing on Illumina[®] sequencers. For complete instrument procedures and safety information, see the BD Rhapsody[™] Single-Cell Analysis System Instrument User Guide or the BD Rhapsody[™] Express Single-Cell Analysis System Instrument User Guide.

The cDNA of mRNA and AbSeq targets is first encoded on BD Rhapsody[™] Enhanced Cell Capture Beads, as described in the instrument user guides. At the same time, the barcode information from BD Rhapsody[™] Enhanced Cell Capture Beads is also added to AbOligos during reverse transcription, which enables amplification of the AbOligos and Sample Tags in solution. To generate the AbSeq and Sample Tag sequencing libraries, the extended AbOligos and Sample Tags are first denatured from the BD Rhapsody[™] Enhanced Cell Capture Beads, which are later amplified separately through a series of PCR steps. Meanwhile, the whole transcriptome amplification library is generated directly from the BD Rhapsody[™] Enhanced Cell Capture Beads using a random priming approach, followed by an index PCR step. The whole transcriptome mRNA, BD[®] AbSeq, and Sample Tag libraries can be combined together for sequencing on various Illumina sequencers.

This protocol is intended to provide a method to screen RNA expression of single cells using a 3' whole transcriptome analysis (WTA) approach through the BD Rhapsody[™] WTA Amplification Kit for samples that have been labeled using BD[®] AbSeq AbOligo reagents, as well as Sample Tags from the BD[®] Single Cell Multiplexing Kit. The data set generated from this protocol can be used to generate a custom panel for subsequent 3' targeted mRNA sequencing. Specifically, the protocol outlines how to generate whole transcriptome libraries for BD Rhapsody[™] Enhanced Cell Capture Beads inputs between 1,000 to 20,000 resting PBMCs per sample for library generation. For BD Rhapsody[™] Enhanced Cell Capture Beads inputs between 1,000 to <5,000 cells per sample, there are additional sections in the protocol, Purifying RPE product on page 13 and Purifying WTA index PCR product (dual-sided cleanup) on page 28. For cell types other than resting PBMCs, protocol optimization might be required by the user.

Workflow



Required and recommended materials

Required reagents

Material	Supplier	Catalog no.		
BD Rhapsody™ WTA Amplification Kit	BD Biosciences	633801		
Agencourt [®] AMPure [®] XP magnetic beads	Beckman Coulter	A63880		
100% ethyl alcohol	Major supplier	-		
Nuclease-free water	Major supplier	-		
Refer to the Technical Bulletin Ordering Additional Indexes for the BD Rhapsody™ Library				

Reagent Kits to order additional indexing primers for high throughput library preparation workflows.

Recommended consumables

Material	Supplier	Catalog no.			
Pipettes (P10, P20, P200, P1000)	Major supplier	-			
Low-retention, filtered pipette tips	Major supplier	_			
0.2-mL PCR 8-strip tubes	Major supplier	_			
Axygen™ 96-Well PCR Microplates ^a	Corning	PCR96HSC			
Or,					
MicroAmp Optical 96-Well Reaction Plate ^a	Thermo Fisher Scientific	N8010560			
MicroAmp Clear Adhesive Film ^a	Thermo Fisher Scientific	4306311			
15-mL conical tube	Major supplier	_			
DNA LoBind [®] tubes, 1.5-mL	Eppendorf	0030108051			
DNA LoBind [®] tubes, 5.0-mL	Eppendorf	0030108310			
Qubit™ Assay Tubes	Thermo Fisher Scientific	Q32856			
Qubit™ dsDNA HS Assαy Kit	Thermo Fisher Scientific	Q32851			
Agilent High Sensitivity DNA Kit	Agilent	5067-4626			
Or,					
Agilent High Sensitivity D1000 ScreenTape	Agilent	5067-5584			
Agilent High Sensitivity D1000 Reagents	Agilent	5067-5585			
Or,					
Agilent High Sensitivity D5000 ScreenTape	Agilent	5067-5592			
Agilent High Sensitivity D5000 Reagents	Agilent	5067-5593			
a. Recommended for processing high throughput library preparation workflows.					

Equipment

Material	Supplier	Catalog no.
Microcentrifuge for 1.5–2.0-mL tubes	Major supplier	-
Microcentrifuge for 0.2-mL tubes	Major supplier	-
Vortexer	Major supplier	-
Digital timer	Major supplier	-
Eppendorf ThermoMixer® C	Eppendorf	5382000023
6-tube magnetic separation rack for 1.5-mL tubes	New England Biolabs	S1506S
Or,		
12-Tube Magnetic Separation Rack ^a	New England Biolabs	S1509S
Or,		
Invitrogen™ DynaMag™-2 Magnet ^a	Thermo Fisher Scientific	12321D
Low-profile magnetic separation stand for 0.2 mL, 8-strip tubes	V&P Scientific, Inc.	VP772F4-1
Magnetic Stand-96 ^b	Thermo Fisher Scientific	AM10027
Qubit™ 3.0 Fluorometer	Thermo Fisher Scientific	Q33216
Agilent [®] 2100 Bioanalyzer	Agilent Technologies	G2940CAG
Or,		
Agilent [®] 4200 TapeStation System	Agilent Technologies	G2991AA
a. Recommended for processing greater than 6 samples. b. Recommended for processing high throughput library prep	paration workflows.	

Before you begin

- Obtain Exonuclease I-treated and inactivated BD Rhapsody™ Enhanced Cell Capture Beads.
- Thaw reagents in the BD Rhapsody[™] WTA Amplification Kit at room temperature (15–25 °C), then immediately place on ice.

Best practices

- Use low-retention filtered pipette tips.
- When working with BD Rhapsody[™] Enhanced Cell Capture Beads, use low-retention filtered tips and LoBind[®] tubes. Never vortex the beads. Pipet-mix only.
- Bring AMPure XP magnetic beads to room temperature before use.
- Remove supernatants without disturbing AMPure XP magnetic beads.

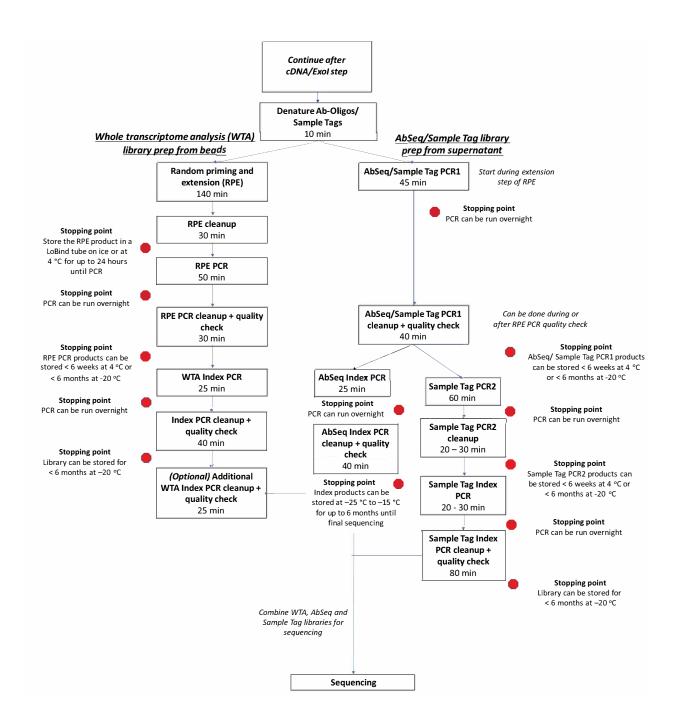
Additional documentation

- BD Rhapsody™ Single-Cell Analysis System Instrument User Guide
- BD Rhapsody™ Express Single-Cell Analysis System Instrument User Guide
- BD[®] Single-Cell Multiomics Bioinformatics Handbook

Safety information

For safety information, see the BD Rhapsody[™] Single-Cell Analysis Instrument User Guide or the BD Rhapsody[™] Express Single-Cell Analysis System Instrument User Guide.

Time considerations



Procedure

Perform the experiment on the BD Rhapsody[™] Single-Cell Analysis system following either the BD Rhapsody[™] Single-Cell Analysis System Instrument User Guide or the BD Rhapsody[™] Express Single-Cell Analysis System Instrument User Guide for cell capture, reverse transcription, and Exonuclease treatment.

This protocol is intended for the whole transcriptome amplification library generation of cell inputs between 1,000 to 20,000 single cells, specifically resting PBMCs. There are additional sections within the protocol for cell inputs between 1,000 to 5,000 single cells. For this cell input range, follow the additional steps outlined in both Purifying RPE product on page 13 and Purifying WTA index PCR product (dual-sided cleanup) on page 28.

Please ensure that the intended total cell load is between 1,000 to 20,000 single cells for this protocol. Cell load below or above this recommendation might not be suitable for the current protocol configuration. Then proceed as described in the following procedure.

Performing random priming and extension (RPE) on BD Rhapsody™ Enhanced Cell Capture Beads with cDNA

This section describes how to generate random priming products. First, AbOligos with cell-barcoded and UMI information from BD Rhapsody[™] Enhanced Cell Capture Beads are denatured off of the beads and saved for AbSeq and Sample Tag amplification. Then, random primers are hybridized to the cDNA on the BD Rhapsody[™] Enhanced Cell Capture Beads, followed by extension with an enzyme. This random primers hybridization and extension is repeated for a second time to increase assay sensitivity.

Note: Perform this procedure in the pre-amplification workspace.

- 1 Set a heat block to 95 °C, one thermomixer to 37 °C, and one thermomixer to 25 °C.
- 2 In a new 1.5-mL LoBind[®] tube, pipet the following reagents.

Kit component	For 1 library (µL)	For 1 library with 20% overage (µL)	For 4 libraries with 20% overage (µL)	For 8 libraries with 20% overage (µL)
WTA Extension Buffer	20	24	96	192
WTA Extension Primers	20	24	96	192
Nuclease-free water	134	160.8	643.2	1,286.4
Total	174	208.8	835.2	1,670.4

Random primer mix

3 Pipet-mix the Random Primer Mix and keep at room temperature.

4 Choose between using the entire sample or a sub-sample of the Exonuclease I-treated BD Rhapsody™ Enhanced Cell Capture Beads. If using the entire sample of beads, skip to **step 6**. If using a sub-sample, proceed to **step 5**.

5 (Optional) Sub-sample the Exonuclease I-treated BD Rhapsody™ Enhanced Cell Capture Beads:

- **a** Based on the expected number of viable cells captured on the beads in the final bead resuspension volume, determine the volume of beads to sub-sample for sequencing.
- **b** Completely resuspend the beads by pipet-mixing, then pipet the calculated volume of the bead suspension into a new 1.5-mL LoBind[®] tube. If needed, bring the total volume up to 200 μL with Bead Resuspension Buffer.

Note: The remaining beads can be stored in Bead Resuspension Buffer at 4 °C for up to 3 months.

- 6 Resuspend the Exonuclease I-treated BD Rhapsody™ Enhanced Cell Capture Beads with a pipette.
- 7 Place the tube of Exonuclease I-treated beads in Bead Resuspension buffer on the 1.5-mL magnet for <2 minutes. Remove and discard the supernatant.
- **8** Remove the tube from the magnet and resuspend the beads in 75 μL of Elution Buffer. Pipet-mix 10 times to resuspend the beads.
- **9** Place the tube with beads in a 95 °C heat block for 5 minutes (no shaking). If processing more than one library, it is recommended to perform the AbSeq + Sample Tag denaturation **steps 9-12** one library at a time.
- **10** Label a new 1.5-mL tube as *AbSeq/Sample Tag products*.
- 11 Briefly centrifuge the tube, then place the tube on 1.5-mL magnet for <2 minutes. Immediately remove the supernatant and transfer to the AbSeq/Sample Tag products tube. To minimize AbSeq and Sample Tag contamination in the WTA library, ensure that all liquid is removed from the tube. Keep the supernatant tube at 4 °C for up to 24 hours until ready to proceed to Performing BD® AbSeq and Sample Tag PCR1 on page 18.</p>
- 12 Remove the tube with the BD Rhapsody[™] Enhanced Cell Capture Beads from the magnet, and use a lowretention tip to pipet 200 µL of Elution Buffer into the tube. Pipet-mix 10 times to resuspend the beads.
- **13** Briefly centrifuge the tube, then place the tube on a 1.5-mL magnet for 2 minutes. Remove and dispose of the supernatant.
- 14 Remove the tube with the BD Rhapsody[™] Enhanced Cell Capture Beads from the magnet, and use a low-retention tip to pipet 87 µL of Random Primer Mix into the tube. Pipet-mix 10 times to resuspend beads. Save the remaining volume of Random Primer Mix for a second RPE. Keep Random Primer Mix at room temperature.
- **15** Incubate the tube in the following order:
 - a 95 °C in a heat block (no shaking) for 5 minutes.
 - **b** Thermomixer at 1,200 rpm and at 37 °C for 5 minutes.
 - c Thermomixer at 1,200 rpm and at 25 °C for 5 minutes.
- 16 Briefly centrifuge the tube and keep it at room temperature.
- 17 In a new 1.5-mL LoBind[®] tube, pipet the following reagents.

Kit component	For 1 library (µL)	For 1 library with 20% overage (µL)	For 4 libraries with 20% overage (µL)	For 8 libraries with 20% overage (µL)
10 mM dNTP	8	9.6	38.4	76.8
Bead RT/PCR Enhancer	12	14.4	57.6	115.2
WTA Extension Enzyme	6	7.2	28.8	57.6
Total	26	31.2	124.8	249.6

Primer extension enzyme mix

18 Pipet-mix the Extension Enzyme Mix.

- 19 Pipet 13 μL of the Extension Enzyme Mix into the sample tube containing the beads (for a total volume of 100 μL) and keep at room temperature until ready. Save the remaining volume of Primer Extension Enzyme Mix for a second RPE. Keep Primer Extension Enzyme Mix on ice.
- 20 Program the thermomixer.
 - a 1,200 rpm and at 25 °C for 10 minutes
 - **b** 1,200 rpm and at 37 °C for 15 minutes

- c 1,200 rpm and at 45 °C for 10 minutes
- d 1,200 rpm and at 55 °C for 10 minutes

IMPORTANT Confirm "Time Mode" is set to "Time Control" before the program begins.

21 Place the tube from step 19 in the thermomixer. Remove the tube after the program is finished.

Note: While the thermomixer program is running, begin AbSeq and Sample Tag PCR1. See Performing BD® AbSeq and Sample Tag PCR1 on page 18.

- 22 Place the tube in a 1.5-mL tube magnet and remove and discard the supernatant.
- 23 Remove the tube from the magnet and resuspend the beads in 205 μ L of Elution Buffer using a P200 pipette.
- 24 To denature the random priming products off the beads, pipet to resuspend the beads. Then:
 - a Incubate the sample at 95 °C in a heat block for 5 minutes (no shaking).
 - **b** Place the tube in a thermomixer at any temperature for 10 seconds at 1,200 rpm to resuspend the beads.
- **25** Place the tube in a 1.5-mL tube magnet. Immediately transfer 200 μL of the supernatant containing the Random Primer Extension Product (RPE Product) to a new 1.5-mL LoBind[®] tube.
- 26 Go to step 14 on page 12 and repeat steps 14 to 25 for a second RPE. Store supernatant containing RPE product on ice.
- 27 Pipet 200 μL of cold Bead Resuspension Buffer to the tube with leftover beads. Gently resuspend the beads by pipet-mixing only. Do not vortex. Store the beads at 4 °C in the pre-amplification workspace for up to 3 months.
- 28 Proceed immediately to Purifying RPE product on page 13.

Purifying RPE product

This section describes how to perform a single-sided AMPure cleanup, which removes primer dimers and other small molecular weight by-products. The final product is purified single-stranded DNA. An additional cleanup is recommended for low cell input (<5,000 cells) to ensure maximum removal of the unwanted small molecular weight products before the next PCR.

Note: Perform the purification in the pre-amplification workspace.

1 In a new 15-mL conical tube, prepare 10 mL of fresh 80% (v/v) ethyl alcohol by pipeting 8.0 mL of absolute ethyl alcohol to 2.0 mL of nuclease-free water (from major supplier). Vortex the tube for 10 seconds.

Note: Make fresh 80% ethyl alcohol and use within 24 hours. The 80% ethyl alcohol volume should be adjusted depending on the number of libraries.

- **2** Bring Agencourt AMPure XP magnetic beads to room temperature. Vortex the AMPure XP magnetic beads at high speed for 1 minute until the beads are fully resuspended.
- 3 Pipet 720 μ L of AMPure XP magnetic beads into the tube containing the 400 μ L of RPE product supernatant. Pipet-mix at least 10 times, then briefly centrifuge. If RPE sample volume is <400 μ L, bring volume to 400 μ L with elution buffer.
- 4 Incubate the suspension at room temperature for 10 minutes.
- 5 Place the suspension on the 1.5-mL tube magnet for 5 minutes. Remove and discard the supernatant.
- 6 Keeping the tube on the magnet, gently add 1 mL of fresh 80% ethyl alcohol into the tube.
- 7 Incubate the sample on the magnet for 30 seconds. Remove and discard the supernatant.
- 8 Repeat the 80% ethyl alcohol wash for a total of two washes.

- **9** Keeping the tube on the magnet, use a P20 pipette to remove and discard any residual supernatant from the tube.
- 10 For best results, briefly centrifuge the AMPure beads while still wet and place the tube back on the magnet. Remove and discard any excess ethanol that may collect at the bottom. Air dry the beads at room temperature until no longer glossy (~15-20 minutes).
- **11** Remove the tube from the magnet and resuspend the bead pellet in 40 µL of Elution Buffer. Pipet-mix the suspension at least 10 times until the beads are fully suspended.
- **12** Incubate the sample at room temperature for 2 minutes. Briefly centrifuge the tube to collect the contents at the bottom.
- 13 Place the tube on the magnet until the solution is clear, usually ~30 seconds.
- 14 Pipet the eluate (~40 μ L) to a new PCR tube. This is the purified RPE product.

Note: For samples with low cell input, for example, starting with fewer than 5,000 PBMCs, proceed to **step 15** for an additional round of AMPure XP magnetic purification.

Additional RPE purification steps for cell input <5,000 PBMC cells

15 To the tube from **step 14**, bring the purified RPE product volume up to 100 μL with nuclease-free water and transfer to a 1.5-mL LoBind[®] tube.

IMPORTANT It is critical for the final volume to be exactly 100 μ L to achieve the appropriate size selection of the purified RPE product.

- **16** Pipet-mix 10 times, then briefly centrifuge.
- 17 Pipet 180 μ L of AMPure XP magnetic beads into the tube containing 100 μ L of eluted RPE product from the first round of purification.
- **18** Pipet-mix 10 times, then briefly centrifuge.
- 19 Repeat step 4 through step 14 once more, resulting in a total of two rounds of purification.
- 20 Elute into a new PCR tube (~40 μ L).

STOPPING POINT: Store the RPE product in a LoBind[®] tube on ice or at 4 °C for up to 24 hours until PCR.

Performing RPE PCR

This section describes how to generate more RPE product through PCR amplification, so that there are multiple copies of each random-primed molecule.

1 In the pre-amplification workspace, in a new 1.5-mL LoBind[®] tube, pipet the following components.

RPE PCR mix

Kit component	For 1 library (µL)	For 1 library with 20% overage (µL)	For 4 libraries with 20% overage (µL)	For 8 libraries with 20% overage (µL)
PCR MasterMix	60	72	288	576
Universal Oligo	10	12	48	96
WTA Amplification Primer	10	12	48	96
Total	80	96	384	768

2 Add 80 μ L of the RPE PCR mix to the tube with the 40 μ L of purified RPE product. Pipet-mix 10 times.

3 Split the RPE PCR reaction mix into two PCR tubes with 60 μ L of reaction mix per tube.

4 Bring the reaction to the post-amplification workspace and run the following PCR program.

Step	Cycles	Temperature	Time
Hot start	1	95 ℃	3 min
Denaturation	Refer to the	95 °C	30 s
Annealing	following table, Recommended	60 °C	1 min
Extension	number of PCR cycles. ^a	72 °C	1 min
Final extension	1	72 °C	2 min
Hold	1	4 °C	ø

PCR program

Recommended number of PCR cycles

Number of cells in RPE PCR	Recommended PCR cycles for resting PBMCs
1,000–9,999	13
10,000	12
20,000	11

STOPPING POINT: The PCR can run overnight.

5 When the RPE PCR reaction is complete, briefly centrifuge to collect the contents at the bottom of the tubes.

Purifying RPE PCR amplification product (single-sided cleanup)

This section describes how to perform a single-sided AMPure cleanup to remove unwanted small molecular weight products from the RPE products. The final product is purified double-stranded DNA (~200–2,000 bp).

Note: The cleanup for WTA with AbSeq and Sample Tag is different from the cleanup for WTA performed alone, in order to minimize the AbSeq and Sample Tag signal carried over into the WTA product. If performing WTA alone, follow the cleanup outlined in *BD Rhapsody™ System mRNA Whole Transcriptome Analysis (WTA) Library Preparation Protocol.*

Note: Perform the purification in the post-amplification workspace.

- 1 Combine the two 60- μ L RPE PCR reactions into a new 1.5-mL tube.
- 2 Briefly centrifuge the tube with the RPE PCR product.

IMPORTANT It is critical for the final volume to be exactly 120 μ L to achieve the appropriate size selection of the purified RPE PCR product. If the volume is <120 μ L, bring the volume to 120 μ L with Elution Buffer.

- **3** Bring AMPure XP magnetic beads to room temperature. Vortex the AMPure XP magnetic beads at high speed for 1 minute until the beads are fully resuspended.
- **4** Pipet 96 μL of AMPure XP magnetic beads into the tube containing 120 μL of RPE PCR product. Pipet-mix at least 10 times, then briefly centrifuge the samples. Use care to avoid getting AMPure on the lid of the tube, as residual AMPure and PCR mix buffer can negatively impact downstream results.
- **5** Incubate the suspension at room temperature for 5 minutes.

- 6 Place the suspension on the tube magnet for 3 minutes. Discard the supernatant.
- 7 Keeping the tube on the magnet, gently pipet 500 μ L of fresh 80% ethyl alcohol to the tube.
- 8 Incubate the samples for 30 seconds on the magnet. Remove and discard the supernatant.
- 9 Repeat the 80% ethyl alcohol wash for a total of two washes.
- **10** Keeping the tubes on the magnet, use a small-volume pipette to remove and discard any residual supernatant from the tube.
- 11 Air-dry the beads at room temperature for 5 minutes or until the beads no longer look glossy.
- **12** Remove the tube from the magnet and pipet 40 μL of Elution Buffer into the tube. Pipet-mix the suspension at least 10 times until beads are fully suspended.
- **13** Incubate the samples at room temperature for 2 minutes. Briefly centrifuge the tubes to collect the contents at the bottom.
- 14 Place the tubes on the magnet until the solution is clear, usually ~30 seconds.
- **15** Pipet the eluate (~40 μ L) into a new 1.5-mL LoBind[®] tube. The RPE PCR product is ready for WTA index PCR.

STOPPING POINT: The RPE PCR libraries can be stored at -20 °C for up to 6 months or 4 °C for up to 6 weeks.

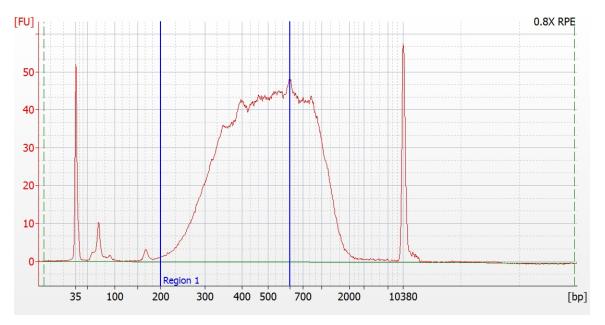
- **16** Quantify and perform quality control of the RPE PCR products with a Qubit Fluorometer using the Qubit dsDNA HS Assay and either of the following systems:
 - Agilent 2100 Bioanalyzer using the Agilent High Sensitivity DNA Kit
 - Agilent 4200 TapeStation system using the Agilent High Sensitivity D1000 or D5000 ScreenTape assay
 - a The expected concentration from the Qubit Fluorometer is ~0.5 to 10 ng/ μ L.
 - **b** The Bioanalyzer or TapeStation trace should show a broad peak from ~200 to 2,000 bp. Use the concentration from 200 to 600 bp to calculate how much template to add into Index PCR. Refer to the blue-boxed regions in the sample trace images in **Figure 1**.

The Bioanalyzer or TapeStation are used to calculate molarity for the WTA library because of the distribution in fragment sizes for this library type.

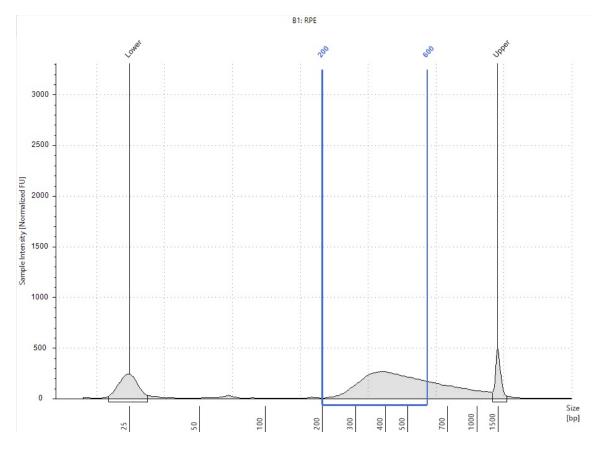
Note: Although there are products <200 bp (AbSeq contamination product) and >600 bp, these products should be removed in the double-sided cleanup after the index PCR.

Figure 1 RPE PCR product traces

A. Sample Bioanalyzer high-sensitivity DNA trace



B. Sample TapeStation high-sensitivity D5000 trace



Performing BD[®] AbSeq and Sample Tag PCR1

This section describes how to amplify BD[®] AbSeq and Sample Tag products through PCR.

Kit component	For 1 library (µL)	For 1 library with 20% overage (µL)	For 4 libraries with 20% overage (µL)	For 8 libraries with 20% overage (µL)
PCR MasterMix	100	120	480	960
Universal Oligo	10	12	48	96
Sample Tag PCR1 Primer	1	1.2	4.8	9.6
BD [®] AbSeq Primer	10	12	48	96
Nuclease-free water	12	14.4	57.6	115.2
Total	133	159.6	638.4	1,276.8

1 In the pre-amplification workspace, pipet reagents into a new 1.5-mL LoBind $^{\textcircled{B}}$ tube on ice.

2 Gently vortex mix, briefly centrifuge, and place back on ice.

- 3 In a new 1.5-mL tube, pipet 133 µL of the AbSeq/Sample Tag PCR1 reaction mix. Add 67 µL of the BD[®] AbSeq or Sample Tag product from **step 11** in Performing random priming and extension (RPE) on BD Rhapsody[™] Enhanced Cell Capture Beads with cDNA on page 11. Pipet-mix 10 times. Do not vortex.
- **4** Pipet 50 μL AbSeq/Sample Tag reaction mix into each of four 0.2-mL PCR tubes. Transfer any residual mix to one of the tubes.
- **5** Bring the reaction mix to the post-amplification workspace.
- 6 Program the thermal cycler. Do not use fast cycling mode.

Thermal cycler program

Step	Cycles	Temperature	Time
Hot start	1	95 °C	3 min
Denaturation		95 °C	30 s
Annealing	10-14ª	60 °C	30 s
Extension		72 °C	1 min
Final extension	1	72 °C	5 min
Hold	1	4 °C	8
a. Suggested PCR cycles might nee	d to be optimized for differ	ent cell types and cell number.	

Number of cells in PCR1	Recommended PCR cycles for resting PBMCs
1,000	14
2,500	13
5,000	12
10,000	11
20,000	10

Recommended number of PCR cycles

STOPPING POINT: The PCR can run overnight.

- 7 After PCR has started, proceed to **step 21** on page 13 of Performing random priming and extension (RPE) on BD Rhapsody[™] Enhanced Cell Capture Beads with cDNA on page 11.
- 8 After PCR, briefly centrifuge the tubes.
- **9** Pipet-mix and combine the four reactions into a new 1.5-mL LoBind[®] tube labeled *AbSeq/Sample Tag PCR1*. Keep the tube on ice and proceed to Purifying AbSeq/Sample Tag PCR1 products in the following section.

Purifying BD[®] AbSeq and Sample Tag PCR1 products

This section describes how to perform a single-sided AMPure cleanup to remove primer dimers from the BD[®] AbSeq and Sample Tag PCR1 products. The final product is purified double-stranded DNA.

Note: Perform the purification in the post-amplification workspace.

1 In a new 5.0-mL LoBind[®] tube, prepare 5 mL fresh 80% (v/v) ethyl alcohol by combining 4.0 mL absolute ethyl alcohol, molecular biology grade, with 1.0 mL nuclease-free water. Vortex the tube for 10 seconds to mix.

Note: Make fresh 80% ethyl alcohol, and use it within 24 hours. The 80% ethyl alcohol volume should be adjusted depending on the number of libraries.

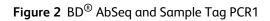
- **2** Bring the AMPure XP magnetic beads to room temperature. Vortex at high speed for 1 minute until the beads are fully resuspended.
- **3** Pipet 280 μL AMPure XP beads into a tube with 200 μL AbSeq PCR1 from Performing BD® AbSeq and Sample Tag PCR1 on page 18. Pipet-mix 10 times.
- 4 Incubate at room temperature for 5 minutes.
- 5 Place the 1.5 mL LoBind[®] tube on the magnet for 5 minutes. Remove and discard the supernatant.
- **6** Keeping the tube on the magnet, gently add 500 μL of fresh 80% ethyl alcohol, and incubate for 30 seconds. Remove and discard the supernatant.
- 7 Repeat step 6 once for a total of two washes.
- **8** Keeping tube on the magnet, use a small-volume pipette to remove and discard the residual supernatant from tube.
- 9 Air-dry the beads at room temperature for 5 minutes.
- **10** Remove the tube from the magnet and resuspend the bead pellet in 30 µL of Elution Buffer. Vigorously pipet-mix until the beads are uniformly dispersed. Small clumps do not affect the performance.
- 11 Incubate at room temperature for 2 minutes, then briefly centrifuge.

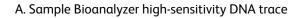
- 12 Place the tube on the magnet until the solution is clear, usually \leq 30 seconds.
- **13** Pipet the eluate (~30 μL) into a new 1.5-mL LoBind[®] tube (purified AbSeq/Sample Tag PCR1 product).

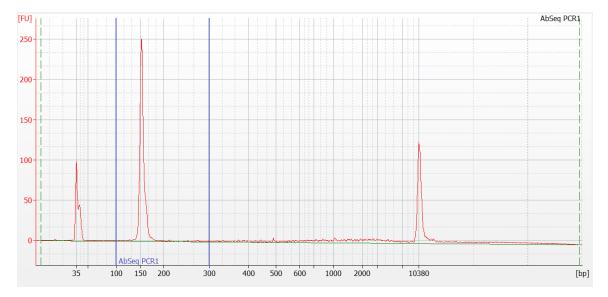
STOPPING POINT: Store at 2–8 °C before proceeding within 24 hours or at –25 °C to –15 °C for up to 6 months.

Quantifying BD[®] AbSeq and Sample Tag PCR1 products

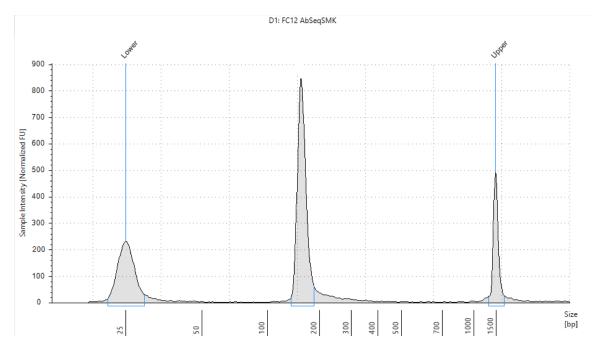
- 1 Measure the yield of the largest peak of the BD[®] AbSeq/Sample Tag PCR1 product (~160 bp) by using either the Agilent 2100 Bioanalyzer with the High Sensitivity Kit or the Agilent 4200 TapeStation system using the Agilient High Sensitivity D1000 or D5000 ScreenTape assay. Follow the manufacturer's instructions. Exact size may vary due to instrument or sample purification efficiency.
- **2** Dilute an aliquot of BD[®] AbSeq or Sample Tag PCR1 product to 0.1–1.1 ng/μL with Elution Buffer before index PCR of BD® AbSeq PCR1 products.
- **3** Use undiluted PCR1 product for Sample Tag PCR2 amplification. Refer to Performing Sample Tag PCR2 on BD® AbSeq and Sample Tag PCR1 products on page 21.







B. Sample TapeStation high-sensitivity D1000 trace



Performing Sample Tag PCR2 on BD[®] AbSeq and Sample Tag PCR1 products

This section describes how to amplify Sample Tag products through PCR. The PCR primers include partial Illumina sequencing adapters that enable the addition of full-length Illumina sequencing indices in the next PCR.

1 In the pre-amplification workspace, pipet reagents into a new 1.5-mL LoBind[®] tube on ice.

Sample Tag PCR2 reaction mix

Component	For 1 library (µL)	For 1 library with 20% overage (µL)	For 4 libraries with 20% overage (µL)	For 8 libraries with 20% overage (µL)
PCR MasterMix	25	30	120	240
Universal Oligo	2	2.4	9.6	19.2
Sample Tag PCR2 Primer	3	3.6	14.4	28.8
Nuclease-free water	15	18	72	144
Total	45	54	216	432

2 Gently vortex mix, briefly centrifuge, and place back on ice.

3 Bring the PCR2 reaction mix to the post-amplification workspace.

- 4 Pipet 5.0 μ L of PCR1 products into 45 μ L of the Sample Tag PCR2 reaction mix.
- 5 Gently vortex and briefly centrifuge.
- 6 Program the thermal cycler. Do not use fast cycling mode.

Thermal cycler program

Step	Cycles	Temperature	Time	
Hot start	1	95 °C	3 min	
Denaturation		95 °C	30 s	
Annealing	10ª	66 °C	30 s	
Extension		72 °C	1 min	
Final extension	1	72 °C	5 min	
Hold	1	4 °C	∞	
a. Suggested PCR cycles might need to be optimized for different cell types and cell number.				

STOPPING POINT: The PCR can run overnight.

Purifying Sample Tag PCR2 products

This section describes how to perform a single-sided AMPure cleanup to remove primer dimers from the Sample Tag PCR2 products. The final product is purified double-stranded DNA.

Note: Perform the purification in the post-amplification workspace.

- **1** Bring AMPure XP beads to room temperature and vortex at high speed for 1 minute until beads are fully resuspended.
- 2 To 50.0 μ L of PCR2 products, pipet 90 μ L of AMPure beads.
- 3 Pipet-mix 10 times and incubate at room temperature for 5 minutes.
- 4 Place the tube on the strip tube magnet for 3 minutes. Remove and discard the supernatant.
- **5** Keeping the tubes on the magnet, gently add 200 μL of fresh 80% ethyl alcohol into each tube and incubate for 30 seconds. Remove and discard the supernatant.
- 6 Repeat step 5 once for a total of two washes.

- 7 Keeping the tube on the magnet, use a small-volume pipette to remove and discard any residual supernatant from the tube.
- 8 Air-dry the beads at room temperature for 3 minutes.
- **9** Remove the tube from the magnet and resuspend each bead pellet in 30 μ L of Elution Buffer. Pipet-mix until the beads are fully resuspended.
- 10 Incubate at room temperature for 2 minutes and briefly centrifuge.
- 11 Place the tube on the magnet until the solution is clear, usually ~30 seconds.
- **12** Pipet the entire eluate (~30 μ L) into a new 1.5-mL LoBind[®] tube (purified Sample Tag PCR2 product).

STOPPING POINT: Store at 2–8 °C before proceeding on the same day, or at –25 °C to –15 °C for up to 6 months.

- **13** Estimate the concentration with a Qubit Fluorometer using the Qubit dsDNA HS Assay Kit. Follow the manufacturer's instructions.
- 14 Dilute an aliquot of the products with Elution Buffer to 0.1-1.1 ng/ μ L.

Performing Sample Tag index PCR

This section describes how to generate Sample Tag libraries compatible with the Illumina sequencing platform, by adding full-length Illumina sequencing adapters and indices through PCR.

Note: For cell capture samples from multiple cartridges, the same reverse primer can be used to label all the library types from one cartridge (for example, WTA, AbSeq, and SMK from cartridge 1 can both be given reverse primer 1, while WTA, AbSeq, and SMK from cartridge 2 can be labeled with reverse primer 2, and so on). The kit provides 4 indexing primers, and can label all sample combinations from up to 4 cartridges for the same sequencing run.

1 In the pre-amplification workspace, pipet reagents into a new 1.5-mL LoBind[®] tube on ice.

Kit component	For 1 library (µL)	For 1 library with 20% overage (µL)	For 4 libraries with 20% overage (µL)	For 8 libraries with 20% overage (µL)	
PCR MasterMix	25	30	120	240	
Library Forward Primer	2	2.4	9.6	19.2	
Library Reverse Primer 1-4 ^a	2	2.4	-	-	
Nuclease-free water	18	21.6	86.4	172.8	
Total	47	56.4	216	432	
a. For more than one library, use different Library Reverse Primers for each Sample Tag library.					

Sample Tag index PCR mix

2 Gently vortex mix, briefly centrifuge, and place back on ice.

- 3 Bring the Sample Tag index PCR mix to the post-amplification workspace.
- **4** In new 0.2 mL PCR tube, combine Sample Tag index PCR mix with diluted Sample Tag PCR products as follows:
 - **a** For 1 sample, add 47 μ L of Sample Tag index PCR mix to the PCR tube in which 3 μ L of diluted Sample Tag PCR 2 products will be added.

- **b** If working with multiple samples, combine 45 µL of Sample Tag index PCR mix with 2 µLof corresponding Library Reverse Primer to the PCR tube in which 3 µL of diluted Sample Tag PCR 2 products will be added.
- 5 Pipet 3.0 μ L of 0.1–1.1 ng/ μ L Sample Tag PCR2 product into 47.0 μ L Sample Tag index PCR mix.
- 6 Gently vortex, and briefly centrifuge.
- 7 Program the thermal cycler. Do not use fast cycling mode.

Thermal cycler program

Step	Cycles	Temperature	Time	
Hot start	1	95 °C	3 min	
Denaturation	Refer to the	95 °C	30 s	
Annealing	following table Recommended	60 °C	30 s	
Extension	number of PCR cycles ^a	72 °C	30 s	
Final extension	1	72 °C	1 min	
Hold	1	4 °C	∞	
a. Cycle number varies based on the concentration of the Sample Tag PCR2 product.				

Recommended number of PCR cycles

Conc. index PCR input for Sample Tag libraries (ng/µL)	Recommended number of PCR cycles
0.5–1.1	6
0.25–0.5	7
0.1–0.25	8

STOPPING POINT: The PCR can run overnight.

Purifying Sample Tag index PCR products

This section describes how to perform a single-sided AMPure cleanup to remove primer dimers from the Sample Tag index PCR products. The final product is purified double-stranded DNA with full-length Illumina adapter sequences.

Note: Perform the purification in the post-amplification workspace.

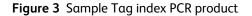
- 1 Bring AMPure XP beads to room temperature and vortex at high speed for 1 minute until the beads are fully resuspended.
- 2 Briefly centrifuge the Sample Tag index PCR product.
- 3 To 50.0 μL of the Sample Tag index PCR product, add 50 μL AMPure beads.
- 4 Pipet-mix 10 times and incubate at room temperature for 5 minutes.
- 5 Place the tube on the strip tube magnet for 3 minutes. Remove and discard the supernatant.
- **6** Keeping the tube on the magnet, gently add 200 μL of fresh 80% ethyl alcohol into the tube and incubate for 30 seconds. Remove and discard the supernatant.
- 7 Repeat step 6 for a total of two washes.
- 8 Keeping the tube on the magnet, use a small-volume pipette to remove and discard the residual supernatant from the tube.

- **9** Air-dry the beads at room temperature for 3 minutes.
- **10** Remove the tube from the magnet and resuspend the bead pellet in 30 μL of Elution Buffer. Pipet-mix until the beads are fully resuspended.
- 11 Incubate at room temperature for 2 minutes, and briefly centrifuge.
- **12** Place the tube on the magnet until the solution is clear, usually ~30 seconds.
- **13** Pipet the entire eluate (~30 μ L) into a new 1.5-mL LoBind[®] tube (final Sample Tag sequencing library).

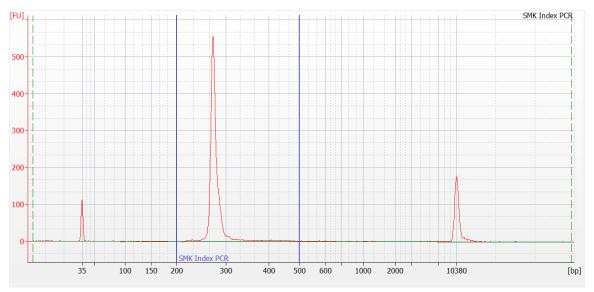
STOPPING POINT: Store at -25 °C to -15 °C for up to 6 months until sequencing.

14 Estimate the concentration by quantifying 2 μL of the final sequencing library with a Qubit Fluorometer using the Qubit dsDNA HS Kit to obtain an approximate concentration of PCR products to dilute for quantification on an Agilent 2100 Bioanalyzer or an Agilent 4200 TapeStation system using the Agilent High Sensitivity D1000 or D5000 ScreenTape Assay. Follow the manufacturer's instructions. The expected concentration of the libraries is >1.5 ng/μL.

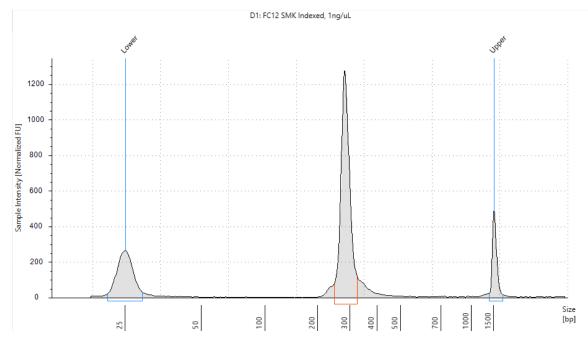
The Sample Tag library should show a peak of ~276 bp. Exact size may vary due to instrument or sample purification efficiency.







B. Sample TapeStation high-sensitivity D1000 trace



Performing WTA index PCR

This section describes how to generate mRNA libraries compatible with the Illumina sequencing platform, by adding full-length Illumina sequencing adapters and indices through PCR. For cell capture samples from multiple cartridges, the same reverse primer can be used to label all the library types from one cartridge (for example, WTA, AbSeq, and SMK from cartridge 1 can both be given reverse primer 1, while WTA, AbSeq, and

SMK from cartridge 2 can be labeled with reverse primer 2, and so on). The kit provides 4 indexing primers, and can label all sample combinations from up to 4 cartridges for the same sequencing run.

Note: Perform this procedure in the post-amplification workspace.

1 Dilute the RPE PCR products from Purifying RPE PCR amplification product (single-sided cleanup) on page 15 with Elution Buffer such that the concentration of the 200–600 bp peak is 2 nM. If the product concentration is <2 nM, do not dilute and continue.

For example, if the Bioanalyzer measurement of the 200–600 bp peak is 6 nM, then dilute the sample threefold with Elution Buffer to 2 nM.

2 In a new 1.5-mL tube, pipet the following components.

WTA	index	PCR	mix

Kit component	For 1 library (µL)	For 1 library with 20% overage (µL)	For 4 libraries with 20% overage (µL)	For 8 libraries with 20% overage (µL)	
PCR MasterMix	25	30	120	240	
Library Forward Primer	5	6	24	48	
Library Reverse Primer (1-4) ^a	5	6	-	-	
Nuclease-free water	5	6	24	48	
Total	40	48	168	336	
a. For more than one WTA library, use different Library Reverse Primers for each library.					

3 Gently vortex mix, briefly centrifuge, and place back on ice.

4 In a new 0.2-mL PCR tube, combine WTA index PCR mix with diluted RPE PCR products as follows:

- **a** For 1 sample, combine 40 μ L of WTA index PCR mix with 10 μ L of 2 nM of RPE PCR product.
- **b** If working with multiple libraries, in separate tubes for each sample, combine 35 μ L of WTA index PCR mix with 5 μ L of the corresponding Library Reverse Primer and 10 μ L of 2 nM RPE PCR products.
- 5 Pipet-mix 10 times.

6 Run the following PCR program.

PCR program

Step	Cycles	Temperature	Time
Hot start	1	95 °C	3 min
Denaturation	Refer to the	95 °C	30 s
Annealing	following table, "Recommended	60 °C	30 s
Extension	number of PCR cycles"	72 °C	30 s
Final extension	1	72 °C	1 min
Hold	1	4 °C	œ

Recommended number of PCR cycles

Concentration of diluted RPE PCR products	Recommended number of PCR cycles
1 to <2 nM	9
2 nM	8

If the concentrations of diluted RPE PCR products are <1 nM, additional PCR cycles might be needed.

STOPPING POINT: The PCR can run overnight.

7 When the WTA index PCR is complete, briefly centrifuge to collect the contents at the bottom of the tubes.

Purifying WTA index PCR product (dual-sided cleanup)

This section describes how to perform a double-sided AMPure cleanup to ensure that the library is at a proper size (~250–1,000 bp) for Illumina sequencing. The final product is purified double-stranded DNA with full-length Illumina adapter sequences.

Note: Perform the purification in the post-amplification workspace.

- 1 Add 60 μ L of nuclease-free water to the WTA Index PCR product for a final volume of 110 μ L.
- 2 Transfer 100 µL of WTA index PCR product into a new 0.2-mL PCR tube.
- **3** Bring AMPure XP magnetic beads to room temperature. Vortex the AMPure XP magnetic beads at high speed for 1 minute. The beads should appear homogeneous and uniform in color.
- 4 Add 60 μL of AMPure XP magnetic beads to the 0.2-mL PCR tube from step 2.
- 5 Pipet-mix at least 10 times, then briefly centrifuge.
- **6** Incubate the suspensions at room temperature for 5 minutes, then place on the 0.2-mL strip tube magnet for 2 minutes.
- 7 Pipet 15 µL of AMPure XP magnetic beads into a different strip tube.
- 8 While the strip tube in **step 6** is still on the magnet, carefully, without disturbing the beads, remove and transfer the 160 μL of supernatant into the 0.2-mL strip tube with AMPure XP magnetic beads (from **step 7**) and pipet-mix 10 times.
- **9** Incubate the suspension at room temperature for 5 minutes, then place the new tube on a 0.2-mL tube magnet for 1 minute.
- **10** While on the magnet, carefully remove and appropriately discard only the supernatant without disturbing the AMPure XP magnetic beads.
- 11 Keeping the tubes on the magnet, gently pipet 200 µL of fresh 80% ethyl alcohol into the tubes.
- 12 Incubate the samples for 30 seconds on the magnet.
- **13** While on the magnet, carefully remove and appropriately discard only the supernatant without disturbing the AMPure XP magnetic beads.
- 14 Repeat the 200 μ L of fresh 80% ethyl alcohol wash for a total of two washes.
- **15** Keeping the tubes on the magnet, use a small-volume pipette to remove and discard any residual supernatant from the tube.
- **16** Leave the tubes open on the magnet to dry the AMPure XP magnetic beads at room temperature for ~1 minute. Do not over-dry the AMPure XP magnetic beads.

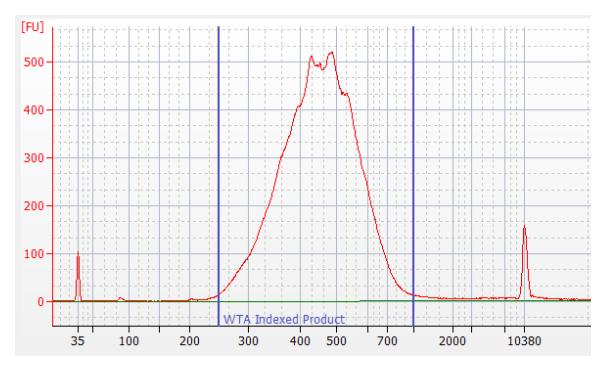
- **17** Remove tube from magnet and pipet 30 μL of Elution Buffer into the tube and pipet-mix to completely resuspend the AMPure XP magnetic beads.
- **18** Incubate the sample at room temperature for 2 minutes.
- **19** Briefly centrifuge the tube to collect the contents at the bottom.
- **20** Place the tube on the magnet until the solution is clear, usually ~30 seconds.
- 21 Pipet the eluate (~30 μL) into a new 1.5-mL LoBind[®] tube. The WTA index PCR eluate is the final sequencing libraries.

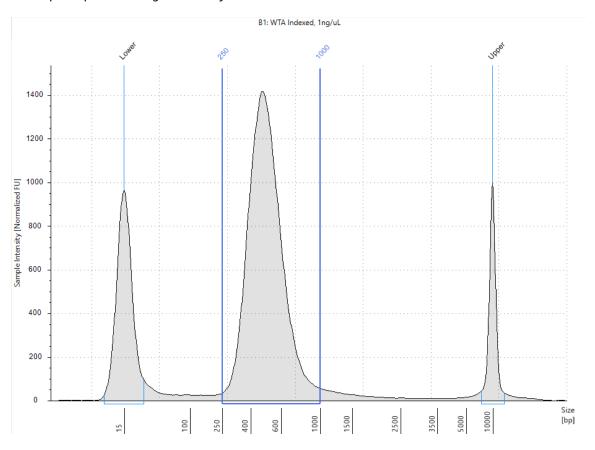
STOPPING POINT: The Index PCR libraries can be stored at -20 °C for up to 6 months until sequencing.

- **22** Quantify and perform quality control of the Index PCR libraries with a Qubit Fluorometer using the Qubit dsDNA HS Assay and either of the following systems:
 - Agilent 2100 Bioanalyzer using the Agilent High Sensitivity DNA Kit
 - Agilent 4200 TapeStation system using the Agilent High Sensitivity D100 or D5000 ScreenTape Assay
 - a The expected concentration from the Qubit Fluorometer is >1 ng/ μ L.
 - **b** The Bioanalyzer and TapeStation traces should show a peak from ~250 to 1,000 bp. Refer to the sample trace images in **Figure 4**.

Figure 4 WTA index PCR product

A. Sample Bioanalyzer high-sensitivity DNA trace

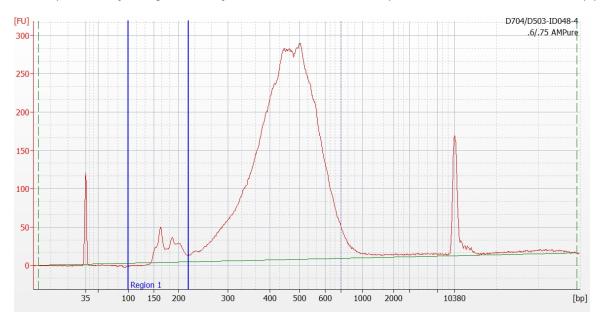




B. Sample TapeStation high-sensitivity D5000 trace

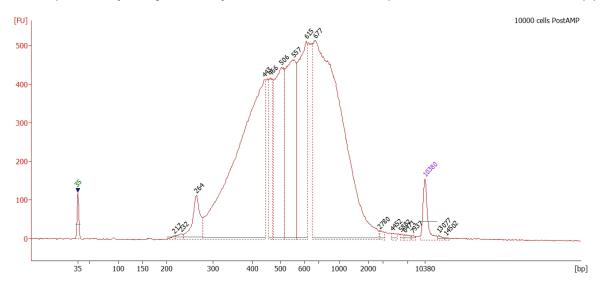
Note: If smaller products (~165 bp or ~270 bp) are observed in **Figure 4**, such as the peak shown in **Figure 5**, a second round of AMPure XP magnetic purification is recommended. See Additional WTA index PCR purification steps on page 31.

Figure 5 Sample traces of noise peaks in WTA index PCR product



A. Sample Bioanalyzer high-sensitivity DNA trace for an index PCR product with an observable <270 bp peak

B. Sample Bioanalyzer high-sensitivity DNA trace for an index PCR product with an observable <270 bp peak



Additional WTA index PCR purification steps

If peaks <270 bp are observed from **Figure 4**, Bioanalyzer and TapeStation traces, we recommend a second round of AMPure XP magnetic purification.

1 To the tube from step 21, bring the total purified WTA index PCR elute volume up to $100 \,\mu$ L with nuclease-free water.

Note: It is critical for the final volume to be exactly 100 μ L to achieve the desired size selection of the purified WTA Index PCR library.

- 2 Pipet-mix 10 times, then briefly centrifuge.
- 3 Pipet 75 μ L of AMPure XP magnetic beads into the tube containing 100 μ L of eluted WTA index product from the first round of purification.
- 4 Pipet-mix 10 times, then briefly centrifuge.
- 5 Repeat step 9 through step 20 on page 28 once more, resulting in a total of two rounds of purification.
- **6** Collect the elute (~30 μ L) to a new PCR tube.
- 7 Repeat the quality control step (step 22 on page 29).

STOPPING POINT: The Index PCR libraries can be stored at -20 °C for up to 6 months until sequencing.

Performing AbSeq index PCR

This section describes how to generate AbSeq libraries compatible with the Illumina sequencing platform, by adding full-length Illumina sequencing adapters and indices through PCR. For cell capture samples from multiple cartridges, the same reverse primer can be used to label all the library types from one cartridge (for example, WTA, AbSeq, and SMK from cartridge 1 can both be given reverse primer 1, while WTA, AbSeq, and SMK from cartridge 2 can be labeled with reverse primer 2, and so on). The kit provides 4 indexing primers, and can label all sample combinations from up to 4 cartridges for the same sequencing run.

1 In pre-amplification workspace, pipet the following reagents into a new 1.5-mL LoBind[®] tube on ice.

Kit component	For 1 library (µL)	For 1 library with 20% overage (µL)	For 4 libraries with 20% overage (µL)	For 8 libraries with 20% overage (µL)	
PCR MasterMix	25	30	120	240	
Library Forward Primer	2	2.4	9.6	19.2	
Library Reverse Primer (1-4) ^a	2	2.4	-	-	
Nuclease-free water	18	21.6	86.4	172.8	
Total	47	56.4	216	432	
a For more than one BD® AbSea library use different Library Reverse Primers for each AbSea library					

AbSeq index PCR mix

a. For more than one BD® AbSeq library, use different Library Reverse Primers for each AbSeq library.

2 Gently vortex mix, briefly centrifuge, and place back on ice.

- 3 In a new 0.2-mL PCR tube, combine AbSeq index PCR mix with diluted AbSeq PCR products as follows:
 - **α** For 1 sample, add 47 μL of AbSeq index PCR mix to the PCR tube in which 3 μL of AbSeq/Sample Tag PCR1 AbSeq/Sample Tag PCR1 products will be added.
 - **b** If working with multiple samples, combine 45 μL of AbSeq index PCR mix with 2 μL of corresponding Library Reverse Primer to the tube in which 3 μL of diluted AbSeq/Sample Tag PCR1 products will be added.
- **4** Bring the AbSeq index PCR mix to the post-amplification workspace.
- 5 Pipet 3.0 μ L of 0.1–1.1 ng/ μ L AbSeq PCR1 products into 47 μ L AbSeq index PCR mix.
- 6 Gently vortex and briefly centrifuge.
- 7 Program the thermal cycler. Do not use fast cycling mode.

Step	Cycles	Temperature	Time
Hot start	1	95 °C	3 min
Denaturation	Refer to the	95 °C	30 s
Annealing	following table, Suggested number	60 °C	30 s
Extension	of PCR cycles. ^a	72 °C	30 s
Final extension	1	72 °C	1 min
Hold	1	4 °C	∞
a. Cycle number varies based on the concentration of the AbSeq PCR1 products.			

PCR program

Recommended number of PCR cycles

Conc. index PCR input for AbSeq libraries (ng/µL)	Recommended number of PCR cycles
0.5–1.1	6
0.25–0.5	7
0.1–0.25	8

STOPPING POINT: The PCR can run overnight.

Purifying AbSeq index PCR products

This section describes how to perform a single-sided AMPure cleanup to remove primer dimers from the AbSeq index PCR products. The final product is purified double-stranded DNA with full-length Illumina sequences.

Note: Perform the purification in the post-amplification workspace.

- 1 Bring AMPure XP beads to room temperature and vortex at high speed for 1 minute until the beads are fully resuspended.
- 2 Briefly centrifuge the AbSeq index PCR products.
- 3 To 50.0 μ L of the AbSeq index PCR products, pipet 40 μ L AMPure beads.
- 4 Pipet-mix 10 times and incubate at room temperature for 5 minutes.
- 5 Place each tube on the strip tube magnet for 3 minutes. Remove and discard the supernatant.
- **6** Keeping the tube on the magnet, gently add 200 μL of fresh 80% ethyl alcohol into each tube and incubate for 30 seconds. Remove and discard the supernatant.
- 7 Repeat step 6 for a total of two washes.
- 8 Keeping the tube on the magnet, use a small-volume pipette to remove and discard the residual ethyl alcohol supernatant from the tube.
- 9 Air-dry the beads at room temperature for 3 minutes.
- **10** Remove the tube from the magnet and resuspend each bead pellet in 30 μ L of Elution Buffer. Pipet-mix until the beads are fully resuspended.
- 11 Incubate at room temperature for 2 minutes, and briefly centrifuge.

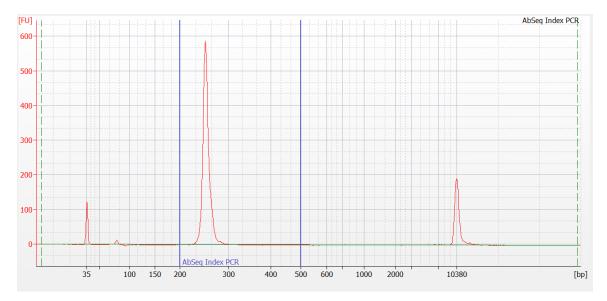
- 12 Place the tube on the magnet until the solution is clear, usually ~30 seconds.
- **13** Pipet the entire eluate (~30 μ L) to new 1.5-mL LoBind[®] tubes. These are the final AbSeq sequencing libraries.

STOPPING POINT: Store at -25 °C to -15 °C for up to 6 months until final sequencing.

14 Estimate the library concentration by quantifying 2 μL of the final sequencing library with a Qubit Fluorometer using the Qubit dsDNA HS Kit to obtain an approximate concentration of PCR products to dilute for quantification on an Agilent 2100 Bioanalyzer or an Agilent 4200 TapeStation system using the Agilent High Sensitivity D1000 or D5000 ScreenTape assay. Follow the manufacturer's instructions. The expected concentration of the libraries is >1.5 ng/μL.

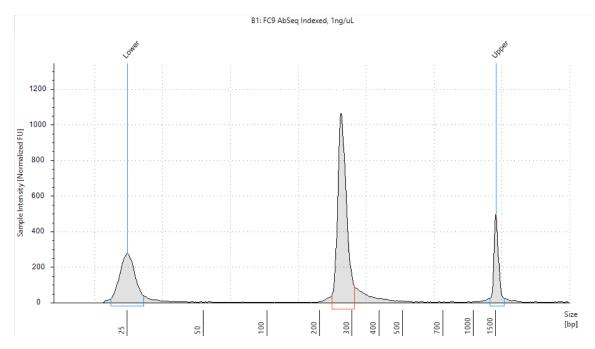
The AbSeq library should show a peak of ~264 bp. Exact size may vary due to instrument or sample purification efficiency.

Figure 6 AbSeq index PCR product



A. Sample Bioanalyzer high-sensitivity DNA trace





Sequencing

Requirements

Run setup for Illumina[®] BaseSpace and sample sheet sequencing. Enter the pooled libraries as one sample if both libraries were made with the same Library Reverse primer or if both libraries share the same i7 index.

Required parameters

Parameter	Requirement	
Platform	Illumina ^a	
Paired-end reads	Recommend Read 1: 51 cycles; Read 2: 71 cycles	
PhiX	1% recommended	
Analysis	See the $BD^{@}$ Single-Cell Multiomics Bioinformatics Handbook	
a. To review Illumina Index 1 (i7) sequences, see Appendix on page 41.		

Sequencing recommendations

- For a NextSeq High or Mid Output run and MiniSeq High or Mid Output run, load the flow cell at a concentration between 1.5-1.8 pM with 1% PhiX for a sequencing run.
- Sequencing depth of the WTA mRNA libraries can vary depending on whether the sample contains high- or low-content RNA cells. For resting PBMCs, we recommend:
 - 10,000 reads per cell for shallow sequencing. Genes per cell and UMI per cell detected is generally lower but can be useful for cell type identification.
 - 50,000 reads per cell for moderate sequencing.
 - 100,000 reads per cell for deep sequencing to harvest the majority of UMIs in the library.
- Sequencing amount for AbSeq libraries:
 - The amount of sequencing needed for BD[®] AbSeq libraries will vary depending on application, BD[®] AbSeq panel plexy, and cell type. We have observed that using 40,000 sequencing reads per cell for 40-plex BD[®] AbSeq libraries prepared from resting PBMCs achieves an RSEC sequencing depth of ~2.
- Sequencing amount for Sample Tag libraries:
 - Pooling samples of the same type: 120 reads/cell. For example, combining different donor PBMCs.
 - Pooling different sample types: 600 reads/cell. For example, combining Jurkat cells with PBMCs.

Note: To determine the ratio of BD Rhapsody[™] WTA mRNA library to AbSeq library to Sample Tag library to pool for sequencing, use the sequencing calculator available by contacting your local Field Application Specialist (FAS) or scomix@bdscomix.bd.com.

Sequencing analysis pipeline

Contact your local Field Application Specialist (FAS) or scomix@bdscomix.bd.com for access to the latest whole transcriptome sequencing analysis pipeline.

Troubleshooting

Library preparation

Observation	Possible causes	Recommended solutions
PCR2 product yield too low.	PCR1 and PCR2 primers might have been swapped by mistake.	• Ensure the correct primers are used for each step.
	cDNA synthesis might have failed due to incomplete washing of Lysis Buffer.	 Avoid leaving behind Lysis Buffer or bubbles after removing Lysis Buffer from the tube during bead wash after retrieval from the cartridge. Use new tubes for each wash step, as described in the protocol.
	cDNA synthesis might have failed due to thermomixer not shaking during reverse transcription.	 Samples need to be on the thermomixer in shake mode. Where applicable, ensure that a SmartBlock™ Thermoblock is installed on the thermomixer for 1.5-mL tubes so that the reaction can
		 proceed at the designated temperature. Ensure that the correct thermal
	Thermal cycler mis-programming.	 Ensure that the correct thermal cycling program is used.
	Too few PCR1 cycles.	 Optimize the number of PCR cycles for the specific sample type.
	Incorrect volume of Agencourt AMPure XP magnetic beads used during PCR2 cleanup.	 Use the specified volume of AMPure XP beads.
	Incorrect solution or incorrect concentration of 80% ethyl alcohol used for washing Agencourt AMPure XP magnetic beads, resulting in premature elution of PCR products from beads.	 Use 80% ethyl alcohol for washing AMPure XP beads.
No RPE-PCR product.	RPE step failed due to lack of addition of all required components.	Repeat RPE from beads again.
Low yield of RPE-PCR.	Cell number lower than expected.	 Repeat RPE from beads again and increase PCR cycle number. Alternatively, repeat PCR using the RPE PCR product, for additional cycles. Alternatively, increase index PCR cycles.

Observation	Possible causes	Recommended solutions
Index PCR BioAnalyzer trace of WTA library has 264 bp peak.	AbSeq library contamination in mRNA library.	• If peak takes up high percentage of sequencing reads (manifests as lower reads/cell than expected for WTA library, alongside higher reads/cell than expected for AbSeq) perform a second round of AMPure purification according to Additional WTA index PCR purification steps on page 31.
Low yield of indexing PCR.	Input DNA not high enough or cycle number too low.	 Repeat indexing PCR with higher cycle number. Alternatively, if RPE-PCR product was diluted before adding to indexing PCR, repeat indexing PCR with less or no dilution.
Index PCR Bioanalyzer trace of WTA library shows large amount of product larger than 600 bp.	Over-amplification during indexing PCR.	 Repeat indexing PCR with lower cycle number. Alternatively, repeat indexing with diluted RPE-PCR product.
Final sequencing product size too large.	Over-amplification during index PCR or input amount of PCR2 products too high.	 Repeat the index PCR with a lower input of PCR2 products.
	Upper and lower markers on the Agilent Bioanalyzer or TapeStation are incorrectly called.	• Ensure that markers are correct. Follow manufacturer's instructions.
	Incorrect volume of Agencourt AMPure XP magnetic beads used.	Use volume specified in protocol.
BD [®] AbSeq PCR1 product size too low.	BD [®] AbSeq Primer not added to PCR1 or too few PCR1 cycles. Incorrect volumes of AMPure XP beads used during double-sided selection.	 Contact your local Field Application Specialist (FAS) or scomix@bdscomix.bd.com.
Yield of Sample Tag library too low after index PCR (<1 ng/µL).	Sample Tag labeling incubation time too short.	• Ensure that the cells were labeled with Sample Tags correctly and that the correct incubation time was used.
	PCR1 and PCR2 primers swapped.	 Ensure that correct primer is used for each step.
	Only one primer (Library Forward or Library Reverse primer) added to index PCR mix.	• Ensure that both the Library Forward Primer and Library Reverse Primer are added to the index PCR mix, and repeat index PCR.
	Too few index PCR cycles.	 Increase the number of index PCR cycles.

Observation	Possible causes	Recommended solutions
Yield of BD [®] AbSeq library too low after index PCR, but yield of BD [®]	Too few index PCR cycles.	Increase the number of cycles for index PCR.
AbSeq/Sample Tag PCR1 products is sufficient.	Only one primer (Library Forward or Library Reverse primer) added to index PCR mix.	• Ensure that both the Library Forward Primer and Library Reverse Primer are added to the index PCR mix, and repeat index PCR.
Lower number of reads/cell than expected from mRNA.	264 bp or ~160 bp products taking reads from mRNA library.	 If noise peak is seen in the 264 bp or ~160 bp range, perform a second round of AMPure purification according to Additional WTA index PCR purification steps on page 31.
Expected size of Sample Tag products is too short (<276 bp).	Upper and lower markers on the Agilent Bioanalyzer or Agilent TapeStation are incorrectly called.	• Ensure that the markers are correct. Follow the manufacturer's instructions.
	Inefficient Sample Tag labeling.	• Ensure that the cells were labeled with Sample Tags correctly and that the correct incubation time was used.
	Sample Tags were not amplified in PCR steps due to incorrect primers used.	• Perform PCR2 again. See Performing Sample Tag PCR2 on BD® AbSeq and Sample Tag PCR1 products on page 21.
		 Analyze products using the Agilent Bioanalyzer or the Agilent TapeStation and look for a ~182bp peak that corresponds to Sample Tag PCR2 products.
		 Note that a ~160 bp peak might be present that corresponds to BD[®] AbSeq products. If the ~182 bp peak is observed, proceed to index PCR. If the ~182 bp peak is not observed, contact your local Field Application Specialist (FAS) or scomix@bdscomix.bd.com.

Sequencing

Observation	Possible causes	Recommended solutions
Over-clustering on the Illumina flow cell due to under-estimation of the library.	Inaccurate measurement of the library concentration.	Quantitate library according to instructions in protocol.

Observation	Possible causes	Recommended solutions
Low sequencing quality.	Insufficient PhiX.	• Use the recommended concentration of PhiX with the library to be sequenced.
	Suboptimal cluster density, or library denaturation, or both.	• See troubleshooting in Illumina documentation.
High proportion of undetermined Sample Tag calls in sequencing results.	Insufficient sequencing of the Sample Tag Library.	 Set: Pooled samples of the same cell type: 120 reads/cell. Pooled samples of different cell types: 600 reads/cell. Repeat sequencing of Sample Tag library. If issue persists, contact your local Field Application Specialist (FAS) or scomix@bdscomix.bd.com.
	Insufficient washes after labeling cells with Sample Tags.	• Follow the washing steps in this protocol.
	BD Rhapsody™ Cartridge overloaded with cells.	 Follow the cell loading steps in the BD Rhapsody[™] Single-Cell Analysis System Instrument User Guide.

Appendix

Sample Tag sequences

Human Sample Tag

Each Human Sample Tag is a human universal antibody conjugated with a unique oligonucleotide sequence to allow for sample identification. Each Sample Tag has common 5' and 3' ends and the Sample Tag sequence:

Sample tag	Sample tag sequence
Sample Tag 1 — Human	ATTCAAGGGCAGCCGCGTCACGATTGGATACGACTGTTGGACCGG
Sample Tag 2 — Human	TGGATGGGATAAGTGCGTGATGGACCGAAGGGACCTCGTGGCCGG
Sample Tag 3 — Human	CGGCTCGTGCTGCGTCGTCTCAAGTCCAGAAACTCCGTGTATCCT
Sample Tag 4 — Human	ATTGGGAGGCTTTCGTACCGCTGCCGCCACCAGGTGATACCCGCT
Sample Tag 5 — Human	CTCCCTGGTGTTCAATACCCGATGTGGTGGGCAGAATGTGGCTGG
Sample Tag 6 — Human	TTACCCGCAGGAAGACGTATACCCCTCGTGCCAGGCGACCAATGC
Sample Tag 7 — Human	TGTCTACGTCGGACCGCAAGAAGTGAGTCAGAGGCTGCACGCTGT
Sample Tag 8 — Human	CCCCACCAGGTTGCTTTGTCGGACGAGCCCGCACAGCGCTAGGAT
Sample Tag 9 — Human	GTGATCCGCGCAGGCACACATACCGACTCAGATGGGTTGTCCAGG
Sample Tag 10 — Human	GCAGCCGGCGTCGTACGAGGCACAGCGGAGACTAGATGAGGCCCC
Sample Tag 11 — Human	CGCGTCCAATTTCCGAAGCCCCGCCCTAGGAGTTCCCCTGCGTGC
Sample Tag 12 — Human	GCCCATTCATTGCACCCGCCAGTGATCGACCCTAGTGGAGCTAAG

Mouse Immune Sample Tag

Each Mouse Immune Sample Tag is an Anti-Mouse CD45, Clone 30-F11 antibody conjugated with a unique oligonucleotide sequence to allow for sample identification. Each Sample Tag has common 5' and 3' ends and the Sample Tag sequence:

Sample tag	Sample tag sequence
Sample Tag 1 — Mouse Immune	AAGAGTCGACTGCCATGTCCCCTCCGCGGGTCCGTGCCCCCAAG
Sample Tag 2 — Mouse Immune	ACCGATTAGGTGCGAGGCGCTATAGTCGTACGTCGTTGCCGTGCC
Sample Tag 3 — Mouse Immune	AGGAGGCCCCGCGTGAGAGTGATCAATCCAGGATACATTCCCGTC
Sample Tag 4 — Mouse Immune	TTAACCGAGGCGTGAGTTTGGAGCGTACCGGCTTTGCGCAGGGCT
Sample Tag 5 — Mouse Immune	GGCAAGGTGTCACATTGGGCTACCGCGGGAGGTCGACCAGATCCT
Sample Tag 6 — Mouse Immune	GCGGGCACAGCGGCTAGGGTGTTCCGGGTGGACCATGGTTCAGGC
Sample Tag 7 — Mouse Immune	ACCGGAGGCGTGTGTACGTGCGTTTCGAATTCCTGTAAGCCCACC
Sample Tag 8 — Mouse Immune	TCGCTGCCGTGCTTCATTGTCGCCGTTCTAACCTCCGATGTCTCG
Sample Tag 9 — Mouse Immune	GCCTACCCGCTATGCTCGTCGGCTGGTTAGAGTTTACTGCACGCC
Sample Tag 10 — Mouse Immune	TCCCATTCGAATCACGAGGCCGGGTGCGTTCTCCTATGCAATCCC
Sample Tag 11 — Mouse Immune	GGTTGGCTCAGAGGCCCCAGGCTGCGGACGTCGTCGGACTCGCGT
Sample Tag 12 — Mouse Immune	CTGGGTGCCTGGTCGGGTTACGTCGGCCCTCGGGTCGCGAAGGTC

Illumina index 1 (i7) sequences

Library reverse primer	Sequence
1	GCTACGCT
2	CGAGGCTG
3	AAGAGGCA
4	GTAGAGGA

BD[®] Flex SMK sequences

Each Flex Sample Tag is an anti-PE antibody conjugated with a unique oligonucleotide sequence to allow for sample identification. Each Sample Tag has common 5' and 3' ends and the Sample Tag sequence:

BD[®] Flex Single-Cell Multiplexing Kit A (Cat. No. 633849)

Note: Not Compatible with Hu SMK Tags 1-6 (Cat. No. 633781)

Sample Tag	Sample Tag Sequence	Notes
Sample Tag 1 – Flex	ATTCAAGGGCAGCCGCGTCACGATTGGATACGACTGTTGGACCGG	Barcode sequence is the same as human SMK Sample Tag 1
Sample Tag 2 – Flex	TGGATGGGATAAGTGCGTGATGGACCGAAGGGACCTCGTGGCCGG	Barcode sequence is the same as human SMK Sample Tag 2
Sample Tag 3 – Flex	CGGCTCGTGCTGCGTCGTCTCAAGTCCAGAAACTCCGTGTATCCT	Barcode sequence is the same as human SMK Sample Tag 3
Sample Tag 4 – Flex	ATTGGGAGGCTTTCGTACCGCTGCCGCCACCAGGTGATACCCGCT	Barcode sequence is the same as human SMK Sample Tag 4
Sample Tag 5 – Flex	CTCCCTGGTGTTCAATACCCGATGTGGTGGGCAGAATGTGGCTGG	Barcode sequence is the same as human SMK Sample Tag 5
Sample Tag 6 – Flex	TTACCCGCAGGAAGACGTATACCCCTCGTGCCAGGCGACCAATGC	Barcode sequence is the same as human SMK Sample Tag 6

BD[®] Flex Single-Cell Multiplexing Kit B (Cat. No. 633850)

Note: Not Compatible with Hu SMK Tags 7-12 (Cat. No. 633781)

Sample Tag	Sample Tag Sequence	Notes
Sample Tag 7 – Flex	TGTCTACGTCGGACCGCAAGAAGTGAGTCAGAGGCTGCACGCTGT	Barcode sequence is the same as human SMK Sample Tag 7
Sample Tag 8 – Flex	CCCCACCAGGTTGCTTTGTCGGACGAGCCCGCACAGCGCTAGGAT	Barcode sequence is the same as human SMK Sample Tag 8
Sample Tag 9 – Flex	GTGATCCGCGCAGGCACACATACCGACTCAGATGGGTTGTCCAGG	Barcode sequence is the same as human SMK Sample Tag 9
Sample Tag 10 – Flex	GCAGCCGGCGTCGTACGAGGCACAGCGGAGACTAGATGAGGCCCC	Barcode sequence is the same as human SMK Sample Tag 10
Sample Tag 11 – Flex	CGCGTCCAATTTCCGAAGCCCCGCCCTAGGAGTTCCCCTGCGTGC	Barcode sequence is the same as human SMK Sample Tag 11
Sample Tag 12 – Flex	GCCCATTCATTGCACCCGCCAGTGATCGACCCTAGTGGAGCTAAG	Barcode sequence is the same as human SMK Sample Tag 12

BD[®] Flex Single-Cell Multiplexing Kit C (Cat. No. 633851)

Note: Not Compatible with Ms SMK Tags 1-6 (Cat. No. 633793)

Sample Tag	Sample Tag Sequence	Notes
Sample Tag 13 – Flex	AAGAGTCGACTGCCATGTCCCCTCCGCGGGTCCGTGCCCCCAAG	Barcode sequence is the same as mouse SMK Sample Tag 1
Sample Tag 14 – Flex	ACCGATTAGGTGCGAGGCGCTATAGTCGTACGTCGTTGCCGTGCC	Barcode sequence is the same as mouse SMK Sample Tag 2
Sample Tag 15 – Flex	AGGAGGCCCCGCGTGAGAGTGATCAATCCAGGATACATTCCCGTC	Barcode sequence is the same as mouse SMK Sample Tag 3
Sample Tag 16 – Flex	TTAACCGAGGCGTGAGTTTGGAGCGTACCGGCTTTGCGCAGGGCT	Barcode sequence is the same as mouse SMK Sample Tag 4
Sample Tag 17 – Flex	GGCAAGGTGTCACATTGGGCTACCGCGGGAGGTCGACCAGATCCT	Barcode sequence is the same as mouse SMK Sample Tag 5
Sample Tag 18 – Flex	GCGGGCACAGCGGCTAGGGTGTTCCGGGTGGACCATGGTTCAGGC	Barcode sequence is the same as mouse SMK Sample Tag 6

BD[®] Flex Single-Cell Multiplexing Kit D (Cat. No. 633852)

Sample Tag	Sample Tag Sequence	Notes
Sample Tag 19 – Flex	ACCGGAGGCGTGTGTACGTGCGTTTCGAATTCCTGTAAGCCCACC	Barcode sequence is the same as mouse SMK Sample Tag 7
Sample Tag 20 – Flex	TCGCTGCCGTGCTTCATTGTCGCCGTTCTAACCTCCGATGTCTCG	Barcode sequence is the same as mouse SMK Sample Tag 8
Sample Tag 21 – Flex	GCCTACCCGCTATGCTCGTCGGCTGGTTAGAGTTTACTGCACGCC	Barcode sequence is the same as mouse SMK Sample Tag 9
Sample Tag 22 – Flex	TCCCATTCGAATCACGAGGCCGGGTGCGTTCTCCTATGCAATCCC	Barcode sequence is the same as mouse SMK Sample Tag 10
Sample Tag 23 – Flex	GGTTGGCTCAGAGGCCCCAGGCTGCGGACGTCGTCGGACTCGCGT	Barcode sequence is the same as mouse SMK Sample Tag 11
Sample Tag 24 – Flex	CTGGGTGCCTGGTCGGGTTACGTCGGCCCTCGGGTCGCGAAGGTC	Barcode sequence is the same as mouse SMK Sample Tag 12

Note: Not Compatible with Ms SMK Tags 7-12 (Cat. No. 633793)

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