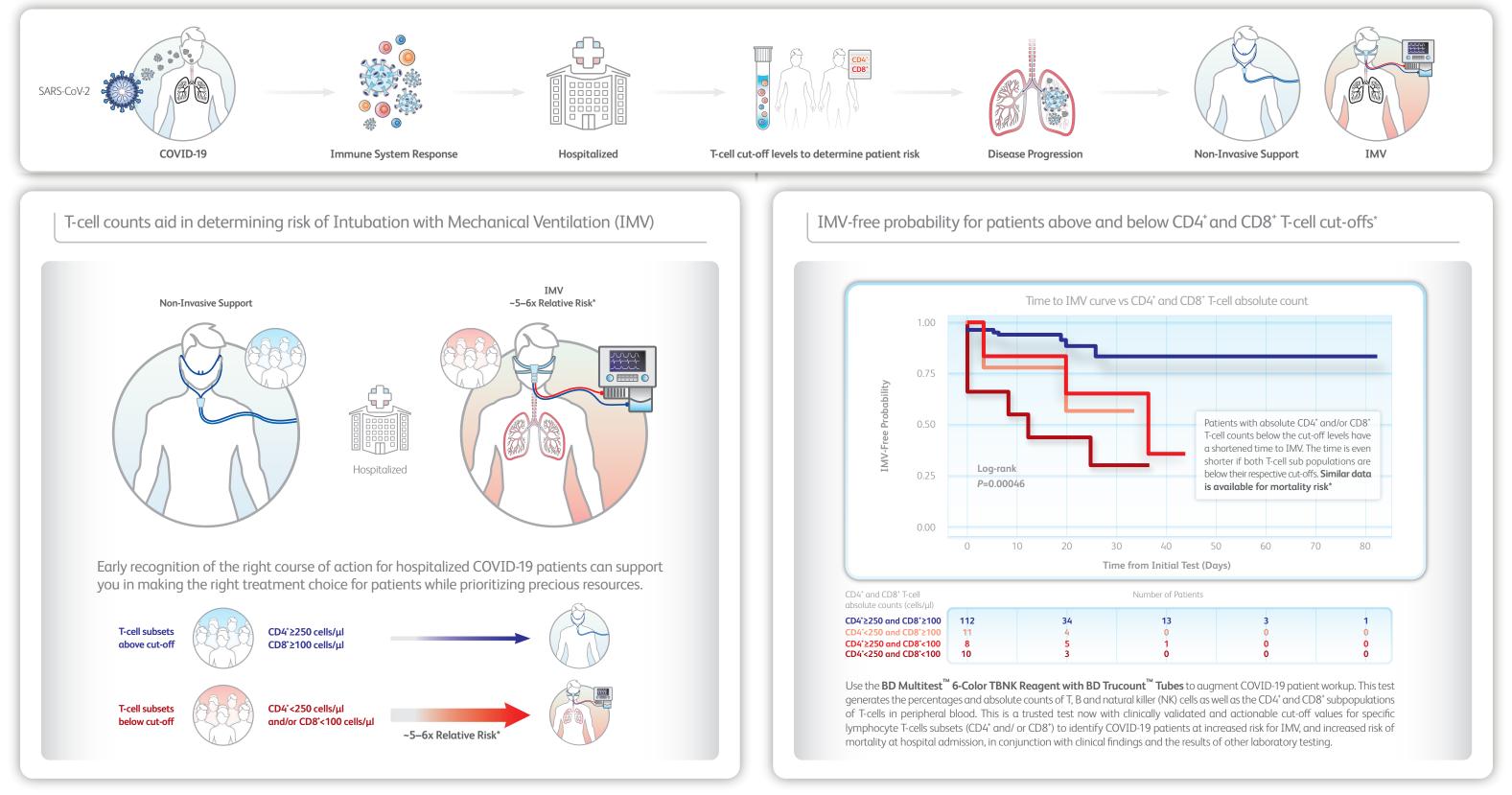
## Feel more secure when managing COVID-19 patient risk

CD4<sup>+</sup> and CD8<sup>+</sup> T-cells are important in viral killing and antibody response and are often decreased in severe COVID-19<sup>+</sup>. T-cell lymphocytes (CD4<sup>+</sup> and/or CD8<sup>+</sup>) counts at hospitalization can aid in determining the relative risks of Intubation with Mechanical Ventilation (IMV) and of mortality, in conjunction with clinical findings and the results of other laboratory procedures. These relative risks are ~5–6x higher for IMV and 4.5x higher for mortality for patients with T-cell subset counts below cut-off levels (CD4<sup>+</sup><250 cells/µl and/or CD8<sup>+</sup><100 cells/µl).\*



1. Huang W, Berube J, McNamara M, et al. Lymphocyte subset counts in COVID-19 patients: A meta-analysis. Cytometry A. 2020;97(8):772-776. doi: 10.1002/cyto.a.24172 \*bdbiosciences.com/Covid-19-TBNK-IFU For additional information: bdbiosciences.com/en-eu/applications/clinical-applications/covid-19-tcell

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