BD Transduction Laboratories™

Technical Data Sheet

Purified Mouse Anti-MAP2B

Product Information

Material Number: 610460

Size: 50 µg

Concentration: 250 µg/ml

Clone: 18/MAP2B

Immunogen: Human MAP2B aa. 19-219

Isotype: Mouse IgG1

Reactivity: QC Testing: Rat

Tested in Development: Mouse, Human

Target MW: 280 kDa

Storage Buffer: Aqueous buffered solution containing BSA, glycerol, and ≤0.09% sodium azide.

Description

Microtubule-associated proteins (MAPs) play a crucial role in the development and structure of nerve cells. These proteins are important for the assembly and stability of microtubules during neurite outgrowth and for the morphology of neuronal processes, such as dendrites, MAP2, specifically localized in dendrites, has four known isoforms produced by alternative splicing of the transcript. These isoforms, MAPs A, B, C, and D, are expressed at various stages of neuronal development. MAP2B is a 280-kDa protein expressed throughout brain development. It is composed of several highly conserved domains that are flanked by domains with extensive sequence divergence. An N-terminal conserved domain overlaps with a binding domain for the regulatory subunit of the cAMP-dependent kinase II, while a C-terminal conserved domain overlaps with a microtubule-binding domain. Secondary structure prediction suggests that the portion of MAP2B extending from the microtubule surface is composed of a number of alpha-helices separated by small turns which may account for the extended, yet flexible, structure of MAP2B.

Preparation and Storage

The monoclonal antibody was purified from tissue culture supernatant or ascites by affinity chromatography. Store undiluted at -20°C.
Application Notes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Application</th>
<th>Tested During Development</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Western blot</td>
<td>Routinely Tested</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Immunofluorescence</td>
<td>Tested During Development</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Immunohistochemistry</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Immunoprecipitation</td>
<td>Not Recommended</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Recommended Assay Procedure:

**Methanol Procedure for a 96 well plate:**

Remove media from wells. Add 100 µl/well fresh 3.7% Formaldehyde in PBS. Incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature (RT). Flick out and add 100 µl/well 90% methanol. Incubate for 5 minutes at RT. Flick out and wash twice with PBS. Flick out PBS and add 100 µl/well blocking buffer (3% FBS in PBS). Incubate for 30 minutes at RT. Flick out and add diluted antibody (diluted in blocking buffer). Incubate for 1 hour at RT. Wash three times with PBS. Flick out PBS and add second step reagent. Incubate for 1 hour at RT. Wash three times with PBS. Image sample.

**Triton-X 100 Procedure for a 96 well plate:**

Remove media from wells. Add 100 µl/well fresh 3.7% Formaldehyde in PBS. Incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature (RT). Flick out and add 100 µl/well 0.1% Triton-X 100. Incubate for 5 minutes at RT. Flick out and wash twice with PBS. Flick out PBS and add 100 µl/well blocking buffer (3% FBS in PBS). Incubate for 30 minutes at RT. Flick out and add diluted antibody (diluted in blocking buffer). Incubate for 1 hour at RT. Flick out and wash three times with PBS. Flick out and add second step reagent. Incubate for 1 hour at RT. Flick out and wash three times with PBS. Image sample.

Product Notices

1. Since applications vary, each investigator should titrate the reagent to obtain optimal results.
2. Please refer to wwwbdbiosciencescom/pharmengprotocols for technical protocols.
3. Caution: Sodium azide yields highly toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in plumbing.
4. Source of all serum proteins is from USDA inspected abattoirs located in the United States.

References
