PE-CF594 Mouse Anti-Human CD77

Product Information

Material Number: 563631
Alternate Name: BLA; Gb3; Pk blood group antigen; CTH
Size: 100 tests
Vol. per Test: 5 µl
Clone: 5B5
Immunogen: Initially Adherent Human Peripheral Blood Cells
Isotype: Mouse (BALB/c) IgM, κ
Reactivity: QC Testing: Human
Workshop: VI CD77.5
Storage Buffer: Aqueous buffered solution containing BSA, protein stabilizer, and ≤0.09% sodium azide.

Description

The 5B5 monoclonal antibody specifically binds to human CD77, a small neutral glycosphingolipid also referred to as globotriaosylceramide (Gb3), Burkitt’s lymphoma associated antigen (BLA), ceramide trihexoside (CTH), and Pk blood group antigen. CD77 is expressed on a subset of germinal center B-lymphocytes including centroblasts that are found with greater frequency in tonsil and mucosal lymphoid tissues and less frequently in peripheral blood, bone marrow and spleen. It has been described as a receptor for Shiga Toxin, produced by Shigella dysenteriae, and Verotoxin 1 (VT1), produced by some strains of E. coli. CD19 has been reported as a ligand for CD77. This interaction may function in adhesion and signal transduction at a specific stage of B cell differentiation. Studies have shown that cross-linking CD77 induces apoptosis in some B cell lines.

This antibody is conjugated to BD Horizon™ PE-CF594, which has been developed exclusively by BD Biosciences as a better alternative to PE-Texas Red®. PE-CF594 excites and emits at similar wavelengths to PE-Texas Red® yet exhibits improved brightness and spectral characteristics. Due to PE having maximal absorption peaks at 496 nm and 564 nm, PE-CF594 can be excited by the blue (488-nm), green (532-nm) and yellow-green (561-nm) lasers and can be detected with the same filter set as PE-Texas Red® (eg 610/20-nm filter).

Fluorescent histograms were obtained from gated events with the forward and side light-scatter characteristics of viable cells. Flow cytometric analysis was performed using a BD™ LSR II Flow Cytometer System.

Preparation and Storage

Store undiluted at 4°C and protected from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze.

The monoclonal antibody was purified from tissue culture supernatant or ascites by affinity chromatography.

The antibody was conjugated with BD Horizon™ PE-CF594 under optimum conditions, and unconjugated antibody and free PE-CF594 were removed.

Application Notes

Application

Flow cytometry Routinely Tested

BD Biosciences

For country contact information, visit bdbiosciences.com/contact

Conditions: The information disclosed herein is not to be construed as a recommendation to use the above product in violation of any patents. BD Biosciences will not be held responsible for patent infringement or other violations that may occur with the use of our products. Purchase does not include or convey any right to resell or transfer this product either as a stand-alone product or as a component of another product. Any use of this product other than the permitted use without the express written authorization of Becton, Dickinson and Company is strictly prohibited.

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. Not for resale.

Unless otherwise noted, BD, BD Logo and all other trademarks are property of Becton, Dickinson and Company. © 2011 BD
Suggested Companion Products

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Catalog Number</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Clone</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>554656</td>
<td>Stain Buffer (FBS)</td>
<td>500 ml</td>
<td>(none)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>562567</td>
<td>PE-CF594 Mouse IgM, κ Isotype Control</td>
<td>0.1 mg</td>
<td>G155-228</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Product Notices

1. This reagent has been pre-diluted for use at the recommended Volume per Test. We typically use $1 \times 10^6$ cells in a 100-µl experimental sample (a test).
2. Source of all serum proteins is from USDA inspected abattoirs located in the United States.
3. An isotype control should be used at the same concentration as the antibody of interest.
5. Please observe the following precautions: Absorption of visible light can significantly alter the energy transfer occurring in any tandem fluorochrome conjugate; therefore, we recommend that special precautions be taken (such as wrapping vials, tubes, or racks in aluminum foil) to prevent exposure of conjugated reagents, including cells stained with those reagents, to room illumination.
6. Caution: Sodium azide yields highly toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in plumbing.
7. For fluorochrome spectra and suitable instrument settings, please refer to our Multicolor Flow Cytometry web page at www.bdbiosciences.com/colors.
8. Texas Red is a registered trademark of Molecular Probes, Inc., Eugene, OR.
9. CF™ is a trademark of Biotium, Inc.
10. When excited by the yellow-green (561-nm) laser, the fluorescence may be brighter than when excited by the blue (488-nm) laser.
11. This product is provided under an Agreement between BIOTIUM and BD Biosciences. The manufacture, use, sale, offer for sale, or import of this product is subject to one or more patents or pending applications owned or licensed by Biotium, Inc. This product, and only in the amount purchased by buyer, may be used solely for buyer’s own internal research, in a manner consistent with the accompanying product literature. No other right to use, sell or otherwise transfer (a) this product, or (b) its components is hereby granted expressly, by implication or by estoppel. This product is for research use only. Diagnostic uses require a separate license from Biotium, Inc. For information on purchasing a license to this product including for purposes other than research, contact Biotium, Inc., 3159 Corporate Place, Hayward, CA 94545, Tel: (510) 265-1027. Fax: (510) 265-1352. Email: btinfo@biotium.com.
12. Because of the broad absorption spectrum of the tandem fluorochrome, extra care must be taken when using multi-laser cytometers, which may directly excite both PE and CF™594.

References


