

Technical Data Sheet

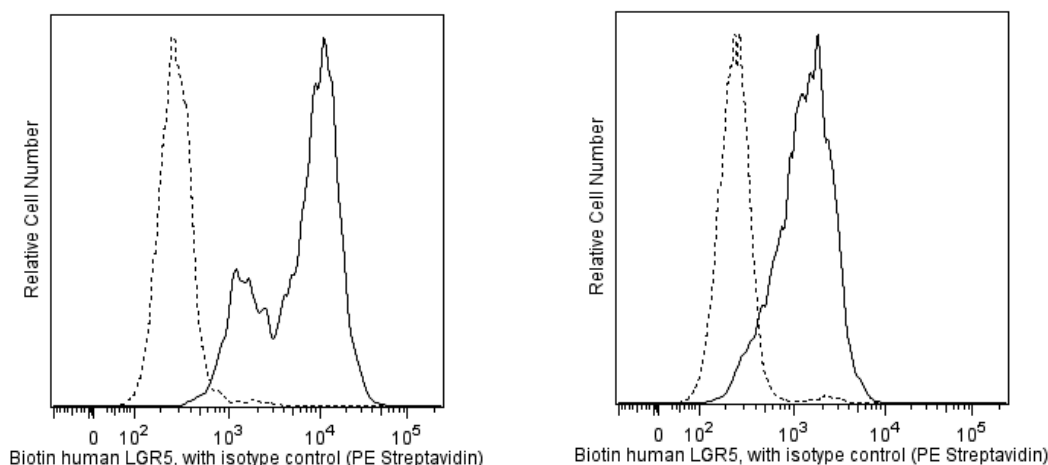
Biotin Rat anti-Human Lgr5 (N-Terminal)**Product Information**

Material Number:	562904
Alternate Name:	GPR49, GPR67, HG38
Size:	50 µg
Concentration:	0.5 mg/ml
Clone:	8F2
Immunogen:	Human LGR5
Isotype:	Rat IgG2b, κ
Reactivity:	QC Testing: Human
Storage Buffer:	Aqueous buffered solution containing protein stabilizer and ≤0.09% sodium azide.

Description

Lgr5 (leucine-rich-repeat-containing G-protein-coupled receptor 5) is a seven transmembrane-domain receptor that is a target gene for Wnt and marks stem cells in the small intestine, colon, stomach, and hair follicle. Lgr5 was initially identified as a potential stem cell marker due to restricted expression of Lgr5 in the intestinal crypt and labeling of rapidly cycling cells of the colon and intestine. Using both lineage tracing and organoid culture experiments, Lgr5 positive cells are capable of generating all types of the small intestine epithelium hence indicating that Lgr5 marks stem cells of the small intestine and colon. R-spondin growth factors, which are secreted agonists of the Wnt pathway, bind Lgr5. The binding of R-spondins to Lgr5 leads to recruitment of the Frizzled/LRP Wnt receptor complex, which binds to Wnt ligands and leads to downstream Wnt signaling. Lgr5 is up-regulated in colon and ovarian cancers and has been implicated in promotion of tumor growth and metastasis.

The 8F2 monoclonal antibody recognizes an epitope in the N-terminal region of Human Lgr5.



Flow cytometric analysis of LGR5 expression on human LGR5-transfected cells. LS 174T colorectal adenocarcinoma cells transfected with human LGR5 (cells from Dr. Hans Clevers, Hubrecht Institute, left panel) and parental LS 174T cells, which express low levels of endogenous LGR5 (ATCC CL-188, right panel) were harvested using Accutase™ Cell Detachment Solution (Cat. No. 561527). The cells were stained with either Biotin Rat IgG2b, κ Isotype Control (Cat. No. 553987; dashed line histogram) or Biotin Rat anti-Human Lgr5 (N-Terminal) (Cat. No. 562904; solid line histogram) at matched concentrations. The cells were then washed and stained with PE Streptavidin (Cat. No. 554061) as the secondary detection reagent. Fluorescence histograms were derived from gated events based on the light-scattering characteristics of viable LS 174T cells. Flow cytometry was performed on a BD FACSCanto™ II.

Preparation and Storage

Store undiluted at 4°C.

The monoclonal antibody was purified from tissue culture supernatant or ascites by affinity chromatography.

The antibody was conjugated with biotin under optimum conditions, and unreacted biotin was removed.

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Application Notes

Application

Flow cytometry	Routinely Tested
Bioimaging	Not Recommended
Immunofluorescence	Not Recommended

Suggested Companion Products

<u>Catalog Number</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>Size</u>	<u>Clone</u>
553987	Biotin Rat IgG2b, κ Isotype Control	0.25 mg	A95-1
554061	PE Streptavidin	0.5 mg	(none)
561527	Accutase™ Cell Detachment Solution	100 mL	(none)
554656	Stain Buffer (FBS)	500 mL	(none)
554657	Stain Buffer (BSA)	500 mL	(none)

Product Notices

1. Since applications vary, each investigator should titrate the reagent to obtain optimal results.
2. An isotype control should be used at the same concentration as the antibody of interest.
3. Caution: Sodium azide yields highly toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in plumbing.
4. For fluorochrome spectra and suitable instrument settings, please refer to our Multicolor Flow Cytometry web page at www.bdbiosciences.com/colors.
5. Accutase is a registered trademark of Innovative Cell Technologies, Inc.
6. Please refer to www.bdbiosciences.com/pharming/protocols for technical protocols.

References

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